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Post-War Program

FIELD ARTILLERY

WITH the end of World War II, the Field Artillery School at Ft. Sill, Okla., entered an interim period during which the acceleration or wartime training has been eased off gradually to prepare for the establishment of a normal peacetime program this fall.

"The mission of the Field Artillery School remains unchanged," says Maj. Gen. Louis E. Hibbs, commandant of the school. "With the experience of two world conflicts behind us, we are prepared to continue to maintain the superiority of the United States Army's artillery over that of all nations. Our methods and tools of warfare have changed and will continue to change, conforming to and taking advantage of the technical and scientific progress of the times."

"Regardless of eventualities, the Field Artillery School will continue to teach the American soldier the most accurate, the fastest and the best way of placing the projectile on the target, plus the application of this skill to the ultimate of team success in combat."

The Field Artillery School today is the laboratory where many highly technical aspects of modern warfare are developed, tested and proved. And here the men to operate the complicated machines of today's integrated military organization are receiving a training even more thorough than their predecessors during the war years.

To facilitate the training of these specialists, the Field Artillery School has been organized in a manner similar in many ways to a large university. Instead of colleges of engineering, medicine, fine arts and so forth, the Field Artillery School has been divided into the Departments of Combined Arms, Gunnery, Materiel, Motors, Observation and Communication and the Army Ground Forces Air Training School.

In the Department of Combined Arms, which is under the direction of Col. Robert F. Hallock, students learn the myriad phases of military tactics, starting with small units and advancing to the employment of large, integrated organizations.

The Department of Gunnery, the director of which is Col. Lewis E. Griffing, offers a variety of classes in the principles of fire direction, ranging from employment of a single pack howitzer to the massing of several battalions of assorted artillery.

Men who are especially adept at mechanics can turn their attention to either the Department of Materiel, under Col. Norman E. Poinier, or the Department of Motors, under Col. Maurice K. Kurtz. In the Department of Materiel the student learns the construction, repair and maintenance of all types of armament, beginning with the famous .30-caliber carbine and including 240mm howitzers. If the student attends any of the many courses offered in motors, he can learn about both tracked and wheeled vehicles, how they operate and the requirements of

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Hearings on Single and Three Depts. to be Held

Representative Manasco, chairman of the House Committee on Expenditures in Executive Departments, will not bring bills for a separate Department of Air Forces before his committee, but he will go ahead with plans for hearings on the President's plan for a merger of the War and Navy Departments.

The chairman told the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL this week, that suggestions for the creation of a separate Air Department are contrary to the principle of unification of National Defense and will not be brought before his committee.

On the other hand, Representative May, chairman of the House Military Affairs Committee, who with Representative Vinson, chairman of the House Naval Affairs Committee, sponsored bills to create a new Air Department, told the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL that he will bring the separate air department idea before his own committee. "It is a good thing to have competition," Mr. May said, "and for that reason I think the Air Forces should have a separate department."

Representative Vinson reiterated his belief that the Army Air Forces should have a separate Department. He said, however, that he thought the Navy should retain its own naval air force as part of the Naval Service and not be incorporated in his suggested Air Department.

Standing firmly for the creation of a single department of defense, the War Department has informed Congress that it opposes the creation of a separate department of the air which it says would be "in conflict with the program of the President."

This attitude bears out the Department's statement to the House Military Affairs Committee, as reported in last week's ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL, in which it said that its post-war plans call for the retention of the "three major forces, namely, the Army Air Forces, Army Ground Forces, and Army Service Forces."

The Committee on Expenditures in Executive Departments did not ask the Navy Department's views on a separate Air Department because it "knew what the answer would be," attaches stated.

Meanwhile, the sub-committee of the Senate Military Affairs Committee is holding frequent meetings to whip into shape the new consolidation bill intended to carry out the President's recommendations. Progress is being made, Senator Thomas told the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL this week, and the introduction of the new bill may be expected shortly.

The War Department's letter on the proposed Department of the Air Forces, signed by Under Secretary Royall, stated as follows:

"In determining how we shall give air power a co-equal status with land and sea forces, two courses are open. One is the method provided in the proposed legislation,

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NAVY-MARINE RETIREMENTS

Full text of new personnel act for Navy, Marine Corps, and Coast Guard is published on Page 787 of this issue of the Army and Navy Journal.

Service Pay Report by 28 Feb.

Congress this week set 28 Feb. as the deadline for the submission of the War and Navy Departments' restudy of the pay situation in the Armed Forces.

The original Appropriation Rescission Bill set 3 Jan. for the pay recommendations, but when the President vetoed that bill (on grounds not connected with pay) the Departments decided to give more time to the study instead of rushing to meet the old deadline. However, this week, when the House and Senate re-enacted the rescission bill, it set 28 Feb. as the absolute deadline for the report.

The Interdepartmental Pay Board, of which Lt. Gen. Wade H. Haislip, USA, is chairman, submitted its report to Secretaries Patterson and Forrestal last week. The report is now back in the Board's hands for finishing touches to incorporate suggestions made by the Secretaries. It definitely will be in completed shape for presentation to Congress by the deadline.

Senator Overton of Louisiana, one of those who led the movement to require the departments to make the study, told the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL this week that he will urge that the Senate Ap-

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Post-war Army

Complete restudy of the post-war setup of the Army by the House Committee on Military Affairs awaits only the settlement of the future of selective service and the peacetime draft. Representative May, chairman of the committee, told the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL this week.

Mr. May said that he hopes that by the time the present draft law expires, 15 May, that the rate of volunteers for the Army will be such that reenactment of the law will be unnecessary. However, Secretary Patterson made it clear this week that the Army most likely will recommend continuation of the draft.

Once that subject is out of the way, Mr. May said, the committee will begin to devote considerable time to revision of the National Defense Act. Already the committee has asked the Department for a report on its plans for post-war Reserve Corps to supplement the report it already has on the National Guard.

While some members of the committee favor a regular Army of upwards of 1,000,000 men, the Chairman, it is understood, believes that 300,000 regulars will be ample to meet our post-war needs.

Meanwhile, the Secretary and Chief of Staff have before them the report of the Patch-Simpson board recommending changes in the Army and Ground Forces.

Over in the Bureau of the Budget, the Director is studying recommendations submitted by Secretaries Patterson and Forrestal, together with those of other department heads, as to internal reorganizations which may be effected within each department under the authority of the Reorganization Act passed by Congress at the close of the last session. President Truman asked Mr. Smith to secure these recommendations from Department heads and to formulate a program of recommendations for him. It is understood that some of the Simpson Board recommendations are embodied in those before Mr. Smith.

Post-war Fleet Must Be Strong, Says Nimitz

High ranking Navy Chiefs told Congress this week that in many respects the functions of the fleet in an atomic age will become more important than ever before.

Appearing before the Senate Naval Committee on legislation to establish America's post-war naval strength, Fleet Admiral Chester W. Nimitz, Chief of Naval Operations, said that while ships are vulnerable to attack with atomic explosives, they are difficult and unprofitable targets for atomic bombing because of the degree to which they are dispersed in naval tactical dispositions, and the degree to which they are mobile in both the strategic and tactical sense.

The Committee was told that although the authorization being asked for covered a total of 40,000 line officers, the Navy Department does not intend to exceed 28,000 regular line officers for the time being and definitely not during the fiscal year of 1947. It was stated that instead, the plan is to employ 12,000 reserve officers on a short-term basis, and that plans for officers of the staff corps were similar.

Briefly, Navy Chiefs told the Committee that:

1. New carriers are already contemplated to meet the requirements of new and very large planes being developed.

2. The submarine promises to become the nation's principal offensive vehicle, carrying atomic bombs or aerial robots to launching positions close to enemy targets.

3. The carriers may make enemy bombing attacks extremely difficult, by interception at sea.

4. The post-war fleet, even as large as contemplated, does not exist solely to oppose those enemy fleets, but, rather to block overwater attacks by enemy nations whose strength is in their armies and their air forces.

5. Any attack by atomic bomb or long-range aerial robots, attains only an initial victory. It must be followed immediately by invasion forces, and our war-making organization must be prepared for that stage as well as for the first stage of war.

6. The Navy's air arm, which participated so largely in recent victories, is headed for still larger participation.

In reviewing developments which led to the final request for the proposed post-war naval establishment, Admiral Nimitz said that the Navy plan was completed approximately in its present form as far back as May, 1945, and was submitted to the President and the Congress in June.

Under date of 23 Nov. 1942, he said, the Joint Chiefs of Staff approved and transmitted to the President as an interim personnel recommendation, a memorandum estimating the personnel required in the Army and Navy for the period 31 Dec. 1945 to the end of the fiscal year 1947.

On 15 Dec. 1945, the Post-War Plan of (Please turn to Back Page)

NATIONAL GUARD
Turn to Page 787 for new Troop Basis Plan.

The Yamashita Decision

Washington Post—"The disquieting thing about the decision is that it gives the military carte blanche to go ahead with proceedings of the kind that brought Yamashita's conviction with no guarantee that justice is being done."

Baltimore Sun—"The Supreme Court decision denying a writ of habeas corpus to General Tomoyuki Yamashita, who had been sentenced to hang for atrocities by a military tribunal in Manila, will be debated by lawyers for years. What is more important in this unique trial, however, is that an enemy general charged with the most heinous of crimes was permitted to appeal his case to the highest court in the United States."

Duluth News-Tribune—"Yamashita's impending fate and his failure to impress the highest court can offer only a desperate outlook for the other criminals on trial."

New York World-Telegram—"Of great importance in clarification of the issue and as a precedent was the decision holding commanders responsible for vigilance to prevent such atrocities."

Washington Star—"The dissenting opinions of Justices Murphy and Rutledge appear to be persuasive as regards questions of broad principle and other points critical of the Manila trial, but these, as the majority ruling convincingly demonstrated, are outside the province of the Supreme Court."

Dayton Herald—"If military commanders are to be held personally responsible for the conduct of their armies, the commanders may be more alert to keep that conduct within bounds. The weakness in the proposition lies in the fact that only the victors can set the standards."

New York Herald Tribune—"There were many who fretted and scoffed when a request for Supreme Court intervention was permitted in the Yamashita case.

... The delay was justified on the ground that democratic principle guarantees the full process of justice even to our enemies."

Cleveland Plain Dealer—"The United States leaned over backward to give the Japanese general a fair trial."

New York News—"To establish this precedent may help to prevent future wars, though that seems doubtful."

Philadelphia Bulletin—"Power of military commissions to try offenders against the laws of war, fully upheld by the Supreme Court in the case of General Yamashita, stems from the right which the Constitution gives Congress to 'define and punish offenses against the law of nations.'"

Kansas City Star—"The refusal of the Supreme Court to interfere with the execution of General Yamashita under sentence of a military commission is scarcely surprising."

Commands Medical Center

Brig. Gen. George C. Beach, Jr., has been named to succeed Maj. Gen. Shelley U. Marietta as commanding general of Walter Reed General Hospital and the Army Medical Center, Washington, D. C.



Gen. Beach

Medical Corps, in 1917.

General Beach has demonstrated his exceptional medical and administrative ability in many assignments in the United States and the Philippine Islands. In 1928, after graduation from the Mayo Foundation, Rochester, Minn., he began a tour of duty at the General Dispensary, Washington, D. C., serving as Chief of the Medical Service at the Dispensary in 1929 and 1930. He was named commanding officer of the Station Hospital, Fort Sam Houston, Tex., in 1941, and assumed command of Brooks General Hospital at that post in 1942.

General Marietta, who is soon to retire, was born at Palmyra, Iowa, in 1881. In 1900 he received the degree of Doctor of Medicine from the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Illinois. He served on active duty as first lieutenant of the Medical Reserve Corps from March, 1910, to March, 1911, and again from August, 1911, to June, 1912. He was appointed a first lieutenant in the Medical Corps, Regular Army, 1 May, 1912.

General Marietta has also served with distinction at many posts in the United States and the Philippines. He sailed for France in June, 1918, and served as commanding officer of Base Hospital No. 3 at Blois. Following various medical duties in France and Belgium he returned to the United States in July, 1919. He first served at Walter Reed General Hospital in 1919 and 1920, afterward serving in Hawaii and at Fort Sam Houston, Tex. In 1930 he was again stationed at Walter Reed, this time as chief of the Medical Service. He was appointed Assistant Surgeon General in December, 1939, remaining on duty at Walter Reed as commanding general of the hospital and of the Army Medical Center.

Pacific Subs to U. S.

All Navy submarine units which were in the Pacific on V-J Day will have returned to the United States by the latter part of March. A post-war nucleus force is being maintained at Pearl Harbor, Guam and Subic Bay, Philippine Islands.

There were 13 of the small S-type and 169 of the newer and heavier fleet-type submarines in the Pacific at the end of the war.

Pearl Harbor Inquiry

By MARK S. WATSON

Congress's extension of its Pearl Harbor committee's life to Feb. 15 proved to be insufficient by far. Starting the hearings earlier in the day, running them later in the day, and sitting on holidays alike failed to provide enough hours for all the questioning and re-questioning desired by committee members, and another continuance of the committee's life is required.

There is an impression that not a great deal of time is yet to be given to further oral testimony, although committee members have indicated their desire to re-examine early witnesses on points uncovered later in the investigation. The larger need of time is for the evaluation of the evidence on hand and thereafter the framing of the committee report, or rather reports, to the Congress.

The testimony itself will cover a great many thousand pages. There is no telling how long will be the findings, or how numerous, for it is obvious that the conclusions which will be reached by certain members of the committee will never be signed by certain others. This applies not only to decisions on disputed accounts of the pre-Pearl Harbor behavior of army and navy personnel, both in Hawaii and in Washington, and on justification of that behavior, but to judgments on decisions taken by civilians of the government, in the highest executive and diplomatic posts alike. "You'll never know the reports of Senator — and Representative — are on the same hearing," predicts one of the weary committee men.

It can hardly be said that the testimony of the past week has dispelled any of the larger mysteries about responsibility for the disaster, or removed the impression that surprise was common on 7 Dec. 1941. How much reason there was for surprise on the part of intelligence personnel in Washington is suggested by the declaration of one of Thursday's witnesses that both Army and Navy intelligence officers of his acquaintance had assumed (in view of the war warnings of a few days earlier) that the major units of the fleet had left Pearl Harbor and put to sea. He also suggested two more reasons for delay of the famous and much-delayed message which General Marshall sent out on the forenoon of 7 Dec.—it was given priority to the Philippines rather than to Hawaii, he asserted, and he added that the signal operator was unable to read the script, which had to be recited orally to him! The weakness of our communications system of that period, and also that of the mechanism for distribution of intelligence once it was obtained, has been painfully apparent ever since the testimony began. One of the closing witnesses indicated that the army's chief intelligence officer in Hawaii had no genuine contact with Navy, and seemingly no awareness that his own subordinate did have that contact.

The much-disussed "winds message," by which Tokyo was expected to indicate in code when diplomatic relations were being broken off, (and the sending or non-sending of which has been in violent dispute for two weeks) was discussed only

briefly by Admiral Royal Ingersoll. He remarked that he could not believe it mattered anyway, in view of the fact that the Navy had already signaled that Japanese codes were being destroyed, which was a much more significant piece of information, meaning not merely that diplomacy was stalled but that actual war was imminent.

How much time will actually be required for preparation of the joint committee's several reports is a matter of guesswork. Several weeks would be needed, anyway. And as this is election year, estimates would best be not in weeks but in months.



Chief Gunner's Mate James E. Sieg, demonstrates the new automatic rifle which he designed and developed under the direction of the Coast Guard's Research and Development division.

Coast Guard Develops New Guns

A new type shoulder weapon, known as the Sieg Automatic Rifle, the recoil of which is negligible, has been invented by a Chief Gunner's Mate of the U. S. Coast Guard, Headquarters announced this week.

Developed and designed by Chief Gunner's Mate James E. Sieg, the new rifle, according to the Coast Guard, has been tested by the Army Ground Forces, Fort Benning, Ga., and is said to have produced excellent results. The latest model is being turned over to the U. S. Army for further test and study and evaluation.

The new weapon is of 30.06 calibre, weighing 10-1/2 lbs., and is 36 inches in length. Its magazine holds 20 rounds. Full or semi-automatic, it has a rate of fire of 650 to 700 rounds per minute. It is composed of 103 parts. Folding sights permit the use of a "Bull Pup" stock. The double trigger is pivoted for semi and full automatic fire. A combination safety and magazine release is located on the right side. The breech mechanism is entirely sealed to prevent dirt from entering working parts.

The gun features an unique compensation which directly balances the shock of recoil enabling the rifle to be fired from positions formerly impossible.

At the same time Coast Guard headquarters announced the development of a second gun also developed by Sieg and which is known as the Sieg Line-throwing Gun. This gun was developed primarily for use by the U. S. Merchant Marine, and according to the announcement, promises to surpass all previous models in range and accuracy.

Through an agreement with the USSR, three U. S. Search and Graves Registration Teams are now operating in the Soviet Zone of Germany.

AAF to Discharge Half Million

In the next four and one half months Army Air Forces will order the discharge of about 500,000 officers and enlisted men and women of whom 185,000 were in the United States on 1 Feb. and the remainder overseas or en route home.

This will leave approximately 400,000 in the AAF as of 1 July compared with 900,000 on 1 January and 2,225,000 on V-J Day. A large portion of the 400,000 will be newly recruited personnel and re-enlistments.

Rate of return from overseas will depend on the operational requirements of each theater. However, these maximum schedules will apply to personnel overseas: All male officers (except Medical Corps) with point scores of 67 or 45 months service, all WAC officers with 36 months service, all enlisted men with 30 months service, as of 30 April, will be discharged from the AAF or en route to the United States not later than 30 April.

Similarly, all male officers with the exception of those in the Medical Corps with 65 points or 42 months service and all enlisted men with 40 points or 24 months service as of 30 June will be discharged or en route to the States not later than 30 June.

College Work for AGF Officers

An educational program for commissioned Army Ground Force officers is being planned to start this summer in 13 leading universities. Automotive engineering, optics and light, acoustics, meteorology, and other such subjects will be offered in this two year course.

Enrollment is limited to officers who have one year of commissioned service, Bachelor of Science degree, efficiency rating of excellent, are Category I volunteers, not past 28th birthday and indicate their willingness to continue on active duty for at least four years subsequent to completion of the course. The course will be started by a refresher training period.

Applications will be submitted not later than 15 March 1946 to headquarters, AGF. Those who apply who are not U. S. Military Academy graduates must send a transcript of their academic record. Letters from former professors are also desirable.

Enlisted Men's Terminal Leave

The House Committee on Military Affairs will take up for consideration next Monday, 18 Feb., a bill drafted by a subcommittee headed by Representative Sikes under which enlisted men of the Armed Forces would be entitled to pay for terminal leave on a basis similar to that now given to commissioned personnel.

Under the bill enlisted men would be credited with leave or furlough at the rate of 2½ days per month of active wartime service, such leave not used accumulating to a maximum of 120 days. Upon discharge a man would be paid for his accumulated leave or furlough at the rate of base and longevity pay he was receiving at time of discharge plus a monetary allowance of 70 cents per day.

National Guard Program

Tentative State allotments for the postwar National Guard have been forwarded to the Governors of the States and insular possessions by Maj. Gen. Butler B. Miltonberger, Chief of the National Guard Bureau. The total strength of the postwar National Guard as contemplated by the War Department this week approximates 622,500 officers and enlisted men.

The planned strength calls for about 571,000 officers and men in the Ground Forces and 47,600 in the Air Forces. In the postwar Ground Forces the principal units will be about 22 infantry divisions, two armored divisions, and some 18 regimental combat teams. The postwar Air Forces will include about 12 wings, 27 groups, and 84 squadrons, as well as 12 control and warning groups.

In letters authorizing the allotments, General Miltonberger requested the Governors to undertake an immediate survey of their capabilities for recruiting and maintaining their respective allotments. In the event that changes are necessary, the National Guard Bureau indicated that the allotments may be altered.

Under War Department policy, it is normally the responsibility of the States to provide and maintain armories and storage facilities adequate for the housing of personnel and the storage of equipment. Such adequacy will be determined by Federal inspection and approval. The recruiting of personnel is also the responsibility of the States.

TENTATIVE STATE ALLOTMENTS

	State	Ground	Air	Total
North East Area				
Connecticut	10,609	789	11,398	
Delaware	2,382	312	3,694	
Maine	6,454	384	6,838	
Massachusetts	21,056	1,505	22,561	
New Hampshire	5,728	312	6,038	
New Jersey	19,978	698	20,674	
New York	44,112	3,665	47,777	
Rhode Island	4,243	703	4,946	
Vermont	3,563	312	3,875	
East Central Area				
District of Columbia	2,000	789	3,389	
Kentucky	7,595	384	7,970	
Maryland	8,994	312	9,306	
Ohio	19,982	2,551	22,533	
Pennsylvania	36,632	2,948	39,580	
Virginia	12,570	312	12,882	
West Virginia	5,426	312	5,738	
South East Area				
Alabama	10,128	1,104	11,232	
Florida	7,220	312	7,532	
Georgia	10,880	1,505	12,385	
Mississippi	6,084	312	6,996	
North Carolina	10,970	717	11,687	
South Carolina	7,396	312	7,708	
Tennessee	10,622	698	11,318	
North Central Area				
Colorado	5,174	1,980	7,103	
Illinois	30,735	2,173	32,908	
Indiana	16,237	1,087	17,324	
Iowa	10,989	1,101	12,000	
Kansas	7,377	312	7,689	
Michigan	22,599	1,416	23,015	
Minnesota	12,403	1,087	13,490	
Missouri	11,576	1,522	13,098	
Nebraska	5,376	312	5,688	
North Dakota	3,694	312	4,006	
South Dakota	4,173	312	4,485	
Wisconsin	15,089	1,101	16,190	
Wyoming	1,097	312	1,400	
South Central Area				
Arkansas	7,025	312	7,337	
Louisiana	10,403	703	11,106	
New Mexico	3,762	312	4,074	
Oklahoma	13,226	698	13,922	
Texas	27,082	2,230	29,321	
Western Area				
Arizona	3,788	312	4,100	
California	34,949	4,616	39,568	
Idaho	5,304	312	5,616	
Montana	3,788	312	4,100	
Nevada	794	312	1,106	
Oregon	9,000	775	9,784	
Utah	4,393	312	4,705	
Washington	10,712	1,526	12,238	
Insular				
Hawaii	8,595	312	8,907	
Puerto Rico	9,693	312	10,005	

The postwar National Guard contemplates the continuation of many of the units closely identified with the military history of their States of origin. Of necessity, the expansion of the National Guard Air Forces calls mainly for the activation of new units but all former National Guard air units will be reactivated.

The principal ground and air components as proposed to the Governors of the various States are as follows:

Connecticut—two regiments of 43rd Div., one aircraft control and warning sqn., one fighter sqn.

Delaware—one fighter sqn., coast and aa. artillery units.

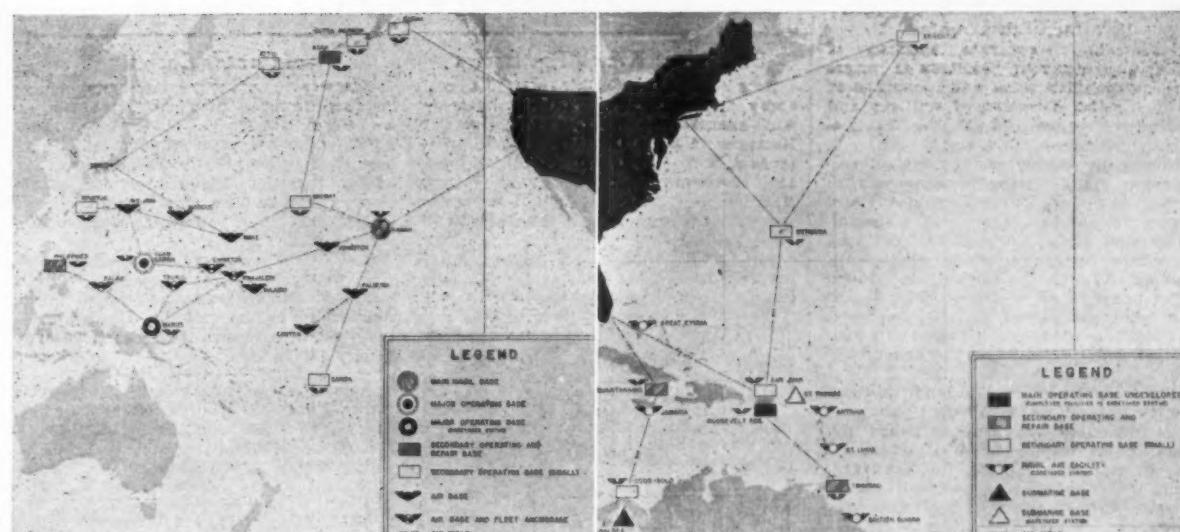
Maine—one regl. combat team, one fighter sqn.

Massachusetts—the 26th Div., 51st Hq and

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PACIFIC
The Navy's plan for establishment of strategic bases for the operation of the post-war Fleet and Naval Air Force as presented to the Senate Naval Affairs Committee this week.

Hq Sqn., one control and warning gp, hq, two fighter sqns.

New Hampshire—one fighter sqn., one regl. combat team.

New Jersey—4th Div., two fighter sqns.

New York—27th Div., one regl. combat team, 52nd Wing Hq and Hq. Sqn., three control sqns., one light bomb. gp. hqs., four fighter sqns.

Rhode Island—elements of 43rd Div., one control sqn., one fighter sqn.

Vermont—one reg. of 43rd Div., one fighter sqn.

District of Columbia—one control and warning sqn., one fighter sqn., misc. aa. units.

Kentucky—one fighter sqn., one regl. combat team.

Maryland—two regiments of 29th Div., one fighter sqn.

Ohio—37th Div., 55th Wing Hq. and Hqs. Sqn., two control sqns., one light bomb. sqn., three fighter sqns.

Pennsylvania—28th Div., one regl. combat team, 53rd Wing Hq. and Hqs. Sqn., two control sqns., two light bomb. sqns., three fighter sqns.

Virginia—one reg. 29th Div., one regl. combat team, one fighter sqn.

West Virginia—one fighter sqn., one regl. combat team.

Alabama—two regiments 31st Div., one control and warning sqn., one light bomb. sqn., one fighter sqn.

Florida—one regl. combat team, one fighter sqn.

Georgia—two regiments 48th Div., 54th Wing Hq. and Hqs. Sqn., one control sqn., two fighter sqns.

Mississippi—one reg. 31st Div., one fighter sqn.

North Carolina—one reg. 30th Div., one control sqn., one fighter sqn.

South Carolina—one reg. 48th Div., one fighter sqn.

Tennessee—two reg. 30th Div., two fighter sqns.

Colorado—59th Wing Hq. and Hqs. Sqn., three control sqns., one fighter sqn., one regl. combat team.

Illinois—33rd Div., one regl. combat team, 56th Wing Hq. and Hqs. Sqn., one control sqn., two light bomb. sqns., two fighter sqns.

Michigan—46th Div., one light bomb. sqn., one control sqn., two fighter sqns.

Minnesota—two reg. 47th Div., one control sqn., two fighter sqns.

North Dakota—one reg. 47th Div., one fighter sqn.

South Dakota—one reg. 34th Div., one control sqn., two fighter sqns.

Wisconsin—37th Div., one control sqn., two fighter sqns.

Missouri—57th Wing Hq. and Hqs. Sqn., one control sqn., one light bomb. sqn., one fighter sqn., two reg. 35th Div.

Kansas—one reg. 35th Div., one fighter sqn.

Michigan—48th Div., one light bomb. sqn., one control sqn., two fighter sqns.

Minnesota—two reg. 47th Div., one control sqn., two fighter sqns.

North Dakota—one reg. 47th Div., one fighter sqn.

South Dakota—one regl. combat team, one fighter sqn.

Wisconsin—32nd Div., one control sqn., two fighter sqns.

Wyoming—one mech. cav. rec. sqn., one fighter sqn.

Arkansas—one reg. 39th Div., one fighter sqn.

Louisiana—two reg. 39th Div., one control and warning sqn., one fighter sqn.

New Mexico—elements of the 49th Armored Div., one fighter sqn.

Oklahoma—45th Div., two fighter sqns.

Texas—36th Div., elements of the 49th Armored Div., 58th Wing Hq. and Hqs. Sqn., two control sqns., one light bomb. sqn., two fighter sqns.

Arizona—one regl. combat team, one fighter sqn.

California—40th Div., elements of 50th Armored Div., 61st and 62nd Wing Hq. and Hqs. Sqns., six control sqns., one light bomb. sqn., three fighter sqns.

Idaho—one reg. 41st Div., one fighter sqn.

Montana—one regl. combat team, one fighter sqn.

Nevada—one cav. rec. sqn. of 50th Armored Div., one fighter sqn.

Oregon—one reg. 41st Div., elements of 50th Armored Div., one control sqn., one fighter sqn.

Utah—one regl. combat team, one fighter sqn.

Washington—one reg. 41st Div., 60th Wing Hq. and Hqs. Sqn., two control sqns., one fighter sqn.

Hawaii—two regl. combat teams, one fighter sqn.

Puerto Rico—two regl. combat teams, one fighter sqn.

Staff, outlined in the proposed legislation, if intended to be the substitute for the unity at the top provided by a single department falls short of its mark. To all intents and purposes it is what we have had during this war but lacking the pressure for action which war imposed upon it. The Joint Chiefs of Staff now is and would be under the proposed legislation, simply a committee with only a very general directive as to its field of interest. It would still have to arrive at decisions by unanimous agreement, a procedure which proved unsatisfactory and slow, even during the war. Even if and when decisions were reached, their implementation would rest wholly upon the voluntary cooperation of three separate departments.

"No provision whatever is made for overall budgetary consideration of the armed forces by this body, yet during the years of peace that is one of the most important fields in which we should have unity of direction and management. During the years of peace an organization such as that provided in the proposed legislation would be of little assistance to either the President or the Congress in arriving at conclusions relative to the overall needs of our national security. A single department for all three coordinate arms of our armed forces is the logical, workable answer."

"The question, therefore, is whether the most effective use of all our military arms can be obtained in three separate independent departments or in one under unified direction. The War Department is convinced that the answer to this question is a single department.

"With respect to the matter of economy we must not ignore the lessons of the war in that regard. We must eliminate parallel lines of supply, communications and direction insofar as possible and work for unity of direction and teamwork in this field. The War Department is firmly convinced that maximum economy can only be realized through the unity of a single department.

"The inescapable conclusion from all our experience is that separation at the top necessarily fosters separation all along the line, while unity at the top through the establishment of a single department for our armed forces will permit us to capitalize fully upon what we have learned."

"The organization of the Joint Chiefs of

Did You Read

the following important service stories last week:

Battleships and cruisers in Pacific grouped under single command?

War Department withdraws organization board report requested by Navy?

Marine Corps to activate two forms of Reserve?

War Department presents Congress with plan for force of 4,500,000?

Bill introduced providing for promotion of Navy, Marine Corps, and Coast Guard personnel who have been prisoners of war?

If not, you did not read the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL. You cannot obtain this data from any other source.

To Head Air Institute

Capt. S. Paul Johnston, USNR, has been named Director of the Institute of Aerodynamics, New York City. He will assume the post in April.

Captain Johnston is Deputy Director, Alcra Division, United States Strategic Bombing Survey. He is now in Washington where a report of the survey is being made. Last year he served on the strategic bombing survey in the European Theater, later being transferred to Japan for the survey there.

Radar Gun Locator

Sensationally accurate spotting of enemy gun and troop positions at ranges of more than five miles was accomplished through radar detection of artillery and mortar projectiles in flight, the War Department disclosed this week.

Removing secrecy restrictions on two wartime Signal Corps developments in radar, Maj. Gen. Harry C. Ingles, Chief Signal Officer of the Army, said a specially adapted Signal Corps radar was used to obtain certain accurate oscilloscope bearings on both the upward and downward paths of an enemy projectile, and the entire trajectory of the shell was plotted from these bearings and extended geometrically to indicate the exact location of the gun.

The Department revealed that this particular radar apparatus held to an accuracy of within 20 yards in range and one-third of one degree in direction. On this basis, it was stated, the apparatus could spot a hidden gun position five miles distant with an error of not more than 60 yards.

In addition to plotting enemy mortar and artillery positions the apparatus could also detect moving troops and vehicles on enemy-held roads at night. With this radar equipment it was possible to detect enemy night traffic and to track all moving objects in the area covered by the beam.

Status of Promotion

Promotions and Vacancies on the Promotion List (Cumulative) since 1 Feb. 1946

Last promotion to the grade of col.—Shuey E. Wolfe, CAC No. 120; Vacancies—Twenty; Last nomination to the grade of col.—Richard W. Carter, Cav No. 610; Senior Lt. Col.—Joseph L. Phillips, Cav No. 121.

Last promotion to the grade of Lt. Col.—Aloysius E. O'Flaherty, Jr., Inf No. 128.

Last promotion to the grade of maj.—Paul E. MacLaughlin, Inf No. 197.

Last promotion to the grade of capt.—Harrison S. Markham, CWS No. 288.

Last promotion to the grade of 1st Lt.—Cecil G. Young, Jr., CAC No. 938.

UNITED STATES ARMY**Brig. Gen. Kimball to Retire**

Brig. Gen. Allen R. Kimball, USA, will apply for retirement and upon release will assume the position of Personnel Manager of Mohawk Carpets, Inc., Amsterdam, N. Y., it was announced this week at Schenectady Army Service Forces, N. Y., where General Kimball has been serving as Commanding General since 13 June 1945.

General Kimball graduated from West Point in 1911 as a 2nd Lieutenant of Infantry. During World War I he commanded a battalion of the 48th Infantry.

In 1940, he was assigned to the United States Military Academy as the Quartermaster. Elevated to general officer rank in June 1942, General Kimball was assigned as the Commanding General of the Jeffersonville Quartermaster Depot, Ind., where he served until the spring of 1944.

In March, 1944, he was called overseas as Deputy Chief Quartermaster in charge of operations, Headquarters, ETOUSA. In March of the same year he became Headquarters Commandant, Headquarters, ETOUSA, and Headquarters Commandant, Headquarters, Communications Zone, ETOUSA.

During World War II General Kimball received a number of decorations for distinguished service in both the United States and the European theater of operations. These awards include the Legion of Merit with Oak Leaf Cluster; the Bronze Star Medal with Oak Leaf Cluster; and the Croix de Guerre avec Palme. The Legion of Merit was conferred in a special ceremony held at West Point in the office of the Superintendent, USMA, on 19 Sept. 1945.

Heads ET Special Service

Maj. Gen. Alexander R. Bolling has been appointed Chief of Special Services, European Theater.

General Bolling formerly commanded the 84th Infantry "Railsplitter" Division through the Ardennes, Rhineland and Central Europe campaigns. He recently returned to Europe from the United States, where he had taken the division for inactivation.

The general is married and is the father of three children: Capt. A. R. Bolling, Jr., Mrs. Josephine Bolling Wetherall, and Miss Barbara Bolling.

Brig. Gen. O'Brien to Assets Corp.

Brig. Gen. John J. O'Brien, who directed acquisition of nearly 42,000,000 acres of land to fill all of the Army's innumerable war-time real estate requirements, has been named to direct disposal of all surplus Government-owned real property. Lt. Gen. E. B. Gregory, Chairman, War Assets Corporation, announced this week.

For Officers Only!

Made by the makers of the LUXENBERG Feit Cap, the most famous Cap in the Army, the new LUXAIRE is hand-made in the traditionally fine LUXENBERG manner, with a flexible calfskin visor and the LUX-ROLL-EDGE which insures perfect lines always, even after being packed in your bag.

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Infantry School

Postwar infantry correspondence courses, designed to qualify men for reserve commissions and promotions in the AUS, will be ready for students by 1 July, according to Col. Wayne Archer, Director of The Infantry School Army Extension Course Section. The scope of each subject taught will closely parallel resident instruction.

New staff members assigned to the Army Extension Course Section include Col. J. V. Thompson, formerly head of the Attack Committee, and Maj. W. R. Taber, who served overseas with the Ninth Infantry Division.

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Lt. Leo J. Lent Jr., of Waterloo, N. Y., was honor graduate when ninety-nine members of Officer Candidate Class No. 533 were commissioned second lieutenants in the Army of United States at graduation ceremonies last week. Maj. Gen. John W. O'Daniel, Commandant, was the principal speaker at the ceremony.

Pvt. Albert H. Sheffield, Jr., who compiled a perfect score on each of the eight graded tests during the fourteen-weeks course of study in Enlisted Communications Course No. 75, The Infantry School, was the honor graduate when sixty-nine men were graduated last week. Col. Everett L. Rice, Chief of the Communications Section, presented the diplomas.

An exhibit of war-improvised training aids devised by infantry instructors at training centers throughout the nation has been opened at The Infantry School under the supervision of the General Section, Academic Department. Maj. Sterling Ronai, director of visual aids at camp Blanding, Fla., headed the group which set up the exhibit. Present plans call for additions to the exhibit as they become available, and for a continuing survey of those displays which become outmoded as new training aids are devised.

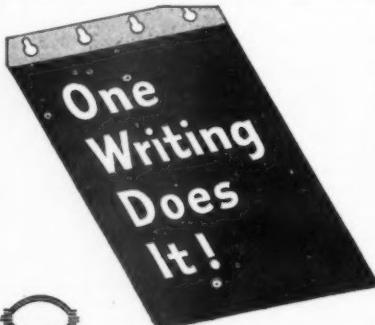
Officer Applications Doubled

Total number of applications for commissions in the Regular Army doubled over the past week, increasing from 16,418 as of 6 Feb. to 32,972 on 13 Feb. Each day now brings in about 3,000.

The War Department has now received 4,184 completely processed applications. It was explained that these are definitely "live" applications awaiting approval, screening stations having combed out those not qualified for physical and other reasons.

A breakdown of applications in the three major forces shows the following totals:

Army Air Forces, 16,717; Army Ground Forces, 7,574; Army Service Forces, 8,681.



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Lower Physical Standards

The Army announced this week that it had lowered its physical standards for induction under Selective Service and in addition to the regular call of 50,000 in April has requested Selective Service to deliver additional men by the end of that month in a number sufficient to make up shortages accumulated against calls in the months since V-J Day. This additional call approximates 75,000.

The Army asked Selective Service to start forwarding immediately men previously found not qualified for military service who meet the revised standards. It is hoped by this means to insure induction of the full 250,000 men the Army needs from Selective Service in the first five months of this year. This number is required in addition to enlistments to fulfill demobilization commitments by providing replacements for men eligible for discharge.

Accumulated Leave Ruling

Warrant officers of the Army who are temporarily commissioned in the Army of the United States and who continue to serve on duty as commissioned officers are entitled to carry forward their accumulated leave into their commissioned status, the Comptroller General ruled this week.

The ruling, the Comptroller General said, is applicable irrespective of whether they served as warrant officers in the Regular Army or the Army of the United States.

Field Artillery

(Continued from First Page)

maintenance and repair.

Col. William C. Bullock's Department of Observation presents courses in flash and sound ranging, survey, radar and meteorology, with special instruction offered in the repair of instruments, drafting and higher mathematics.

In the Department of Communication, the director of which is Col. Ralph R. Mace, both operation and repair of all types of military radio equipment is taught in an "assembly line" system where the student advances through a chain of about 350 different stages of instruction.

Brig. Gen. William W. Ford is assistant commandant for the Army Ground Forces Air Training School, where both officers and enlisted men from every branch of the ground forces come to study air mechanics and advanced liaison flying, with classes offered in every conceivable subject from "turning over" a propeller to the principles of aerodynamics.

The training program at the Field Artillery School is being revised constantly to keep abreast of the latest scientific developments. Many aspects of this are well-guarded secrets, with particular security being placed on developments in the field of radar, rockets, guided missiles and the famous variable time proximity fuze.

World War II saw the field artillery leave the ground and join other airborne units leading the attack on the enemy. This is just one development, paralleled by the introduction of new types of guns and firing techniques, which is under scrutiny of the Field Artillery School, where the motto is "Cedat Fortuna Peritis"—Skill is better than luck.

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16- and 20-year Retirements

In spite of the non-committal report by the War Department, there seems to be considerable sentiment in the Senate Military Affairs Committee in favor of the House amendment extending to Army enlisted personnel the same benefits planned for Navy enlisted men under the provisions of S. 1438.

The measure would set up a system of 16-year retirements and would give better pay than now provided or 20-year retirements. Navy portions of the bill have been approved by both houses, but the measure is now before the Senate committee to determine what its recommendations shall be with respect to the House amendment extending the benefits to the Army. In a report on the bill the War Department failed to say whether or not it favored the improved provisions for Army enlisted men. The committee discussed the report this week but decided to delay action until next week.

Additional Diving Pay

Provisions of the act of 9 April 1928 which authorize \$5.00 per hour additional pay to Navy personnel assigned to diving duty is not allowable for time spent in a decompression chamber after completion of dives, the Comptroller General ruled this week.

According to the Act the additional payment may only be made for time in actual salvage or repair operations in depths of over ninety feet or where extraordinary hazards exist. This provision, it was stated has reference only to the time of each dive.

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U. S. NAVY & MARINE CORPS

Navy Point Score Reduction

Making eligible approximately 13,800 officers and 153,000 enlisted personnel in addition to those previously announced, the Navy Department this week announced a further reduction in release scores effective 15 April 1946.

As of 15 April male commissioned and warrant officers will be reduced from 37 to 30. Male enlisted personnel scores as of 15 April will be reduced from 30 to 29. As of 2 May male commissioned officers and warrant officers will be reduced 36 to 35 and male enlisted personnel will be reduced from 29 to 28.

There is no change in the point scores for female officers until 2 May at which time scores will be reduced from 26 to 25. Navy Nurses will be reduced from 26 to 25 on 2 May and female enlisted personnel will be reduced from 20 to 19 on 2 May.

Male doctors will drop from the present 47 points to 45 on 15 April and 44 on 2 May. Naval aviators in flight status above the rank of ensign will drop from the present 24 to 23 on 15 April and to 22 on 2 May.

Tests For USMC Transfers

Commands having authorized Marine Corps local interview boards have been directed by the Navy Department to interview and test, when required, any officer who has applied for transfer to the regular Marine Corps regardless of his duty station.

At the same time the directive instructs commanders to request all Marine Corps applicants in Naval units afloat who have not been interviewed or tested to appear for interview if required as soon as practicable.

Lower Marine Point Score

Discharge points for Marines will be reduced from 45 to 42 as of 1 March 1946, Marine Corps Headquarters disclosed today.

The Government of New Zealand has purchased \$200,000 worth of U. S. Army and Navy surplus property in Hawaii for use in several hydro-electric projects, Vice Adm. O. C. Badger, USN, Commander, Service Force, United States Pacific Fleet, announced.

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Navy Promotions

The following temporary promotions and reappointments of officers of the Regular Navy have been made:

Comdr. to Capt.

H. M. Marshall	A. S. Johnson
E. L. Lugibihl	J. C. Gronin
H. O. Hansen	R. H. Meade
R. C. Lawver	J. M. Higgins
F. I. Winant, Jr.	F. L. Ashworth
A. F. Spring	H. Rivero
C. E. McCombs	H. M. Marshall
J. R. George	L. W. Bailey
C. Smith	F. W. Laurent

Comdr.-Ret. to Capt.-Ret.

M. Silverman	J. S. Conover
E. C. Madson	W. P. Brett
C. J. Hawkins	W. O. Spears, Jr.

Reappointed to Lt. Comdr.

S. H. Hahn	D. W. Farrington
M. R. Walker	V. R. Schaus
R. W. Emrich	

Lt. to Lt. Comdr.

B. Smith	E. D. Sprott, Jr.
R. W. Smith	R. D. Byard
J. F. Sargent	W. W. Davis
T. J. Milhaupl	F. K. Orvis
L. A. Randolph	F. Eskew
A. Harback	G. F. Grebenstein
F. S. Haslam	W. A. Mahan
J. F. Dawson	W. B. Odom
J. H. Radcliffe	C. J. Nash
G. H. Byron	C. Suggs
J. L. Penick	J. B. Simpson
M. A. DeSmither	F. S. Dolley
W. J. Falconer	H. P. Mench
F. C. Rupprecht	L. S. Allen
E. G. Riedel	R. F. Kane
J. H. Shaw	D. S. Thorp
U. Stenback	H. Waddell
E. F. Scanlan	J. M. Thurmond, Jr.
E. M. Doran	M. B. Mugg
N. W. Bixby	J. M. Gallagher
D. W. Wigle	F. J. Terry
D. F. Iarmour	M. C. Gunn
W. R. J. Hayes	

Reappointed Lt.

V. L. Warner	Lt. (jg) to Lt.
O. L. Jones	C. E. Terry
V. S. Pedersen	W. M. Percival
R. P. Hall	J. M. Jones
O. D. Scarborough	F. Langston
J. W. Dempsey	W. E. Peterson
W. A. Shaputnie	R. G. Seelos
G. L. Caros	C. P. Richardson
H. A. Lasswell	A. O. Mills
R. A. Peterson	C. M. Miller
G. H. Cochran	J. M. Parnell
R. W. Gant	P. J. Iacey
H. A. Jordan	E. L. Shelton
H. A. Schnier	H. A. Young
H. F. Jacobs	R. B. Sears
H. L. Steele	J. K. Conover
F. B. Kirsch	DeA. Russell
P. Dudas	J. Harper
L. O. Butts	T. G. Hoover
G. D. Theuerholz	C. H. Caswell
McN. Davis	E. F. Chase
L. J. Thompson	G. T. Wright
A. W. Belinski	F. W. Cameron
D. S. Ritchie	J. R. Moore
H. A. Anderson	H. J. Statchen
A. E. Lohnes	L. L. Sherard

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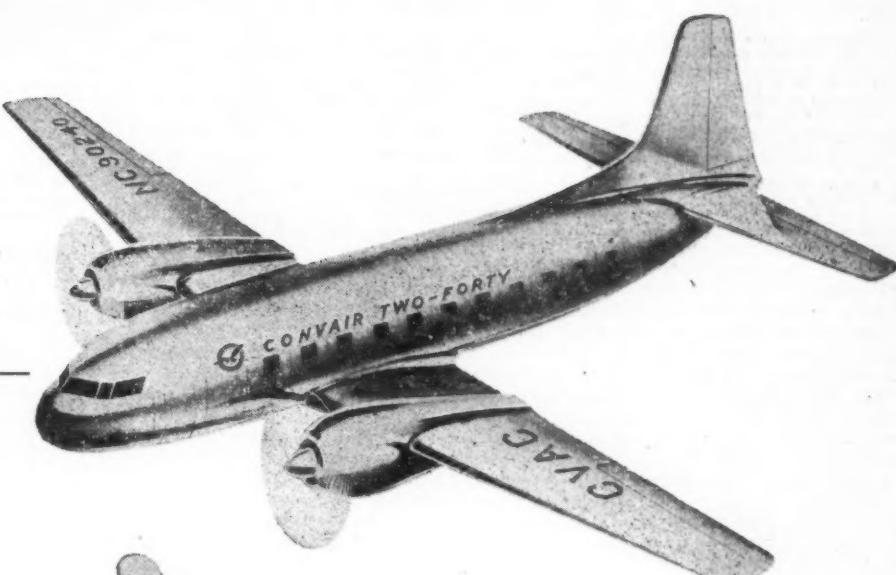
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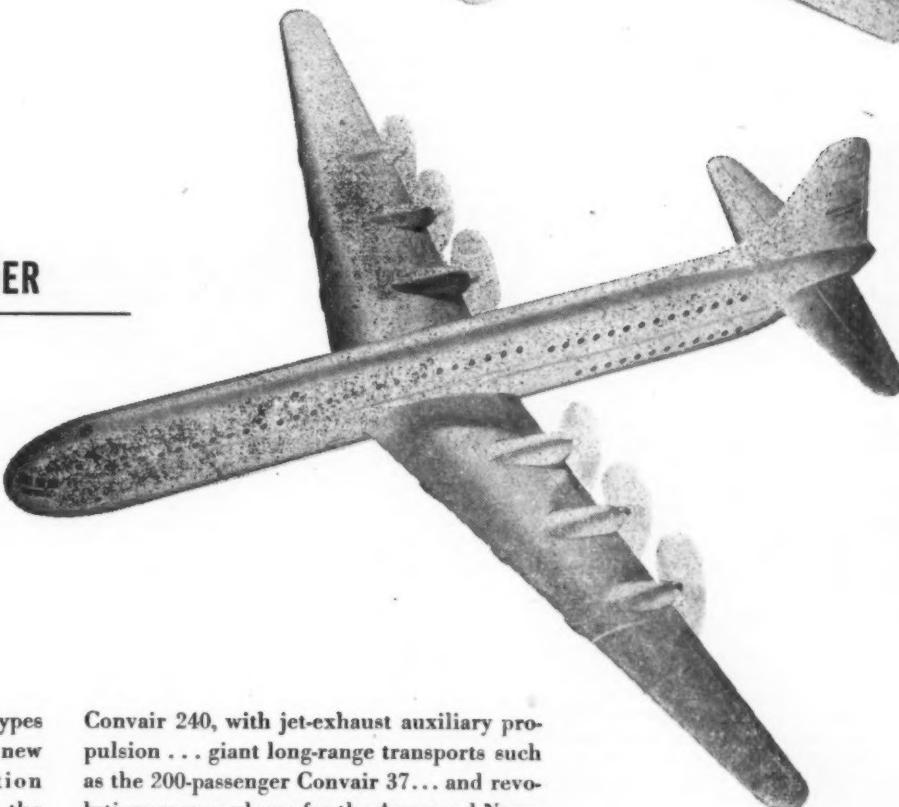
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"Established in obedience to an insistent demand for an official organ for members of the American Defense and those concerned with it, *The Army and Navy Journal* will be published in the interest of no party; it will be controlled by no clique. Its independence will be absolute. Its interest will be directed solely to the inculcation of sound military ideas and to the elevation of the public service in all its departments." —From Vol. I, No. 1, of the *Army and Navy Journal*, published August 29, 1863.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1946

OUR PRIORITY LIST

1. Maintenance in accordance with professional studies of our national needs and international commitments of Regular Establishments organized and trained to utilize and employ materials of war developed by continuing scientific research, and backed by Industry and Labor kept intimately familiar with the manufacture of such materials.
2. Reconstruction of National Guard and Reserve components federally aided and encouraged to maximum efficiency, and effectively coordinated with the Regular Services, and universal military training.
3. Increase in active and retired pay and allowances to meet risen costs so as to enable maintenance of American standards of living, and protection of such pay from reduction through income taxes.
4. Institution of orderly promotion systems in the Regular Establishments with recognition of war service and war ranks, to prevent future stagnation, and to insure the maintenance of high professional standards.
5. Continuation and expansion of service schools, including the Army and Navy Staff College, attendance of which shall be open to National Guard and Reserve officers.
6. Suitable rank and retirement benefits for former enlisted personnel who served as commissioned officers during the war.
7. Grant of the same rights and benefits to those who elect to remain in the Services as will be enjoyed by the discharged veterans.
8. Upward revision of pension scales to assure Service widows and dependents a living income.
9. Compensation for Service personnel who use privately owned automobiles on government business.
10. Maintenance of stock piles of strategic materials.

NOW that, with the lifting of some of the wartime censorship, more of the story of the work of the submarine fleet has come to light, the country is being given a fuller appreciation of the invaluable contribution of that small force to the winning of the war in the Pacific. In the early dark days when Japanese thought they had gained control of great areas of the Pacific they soon learned that what they thought were going to be clear lines of communication were to be cut again and again by American submarines operating singly and in packs, thousands of miles from home bases and for longer periods than seagoing men had thought feasible. The hardships of their lives are difficult to comprehend—not only had they to contend with cramped quarters, monotonous food, and lack of sunshine and really fresh air—but they operated under the most dangerous of conditions, hunted by everyone and wary of all, because it was very easy, indeed, for friendly vessels to mistake them for the enemy. Difficult, too, were the long periods completely out of touch with kith and kin, when they did not hear from home and they knew their folks worried for them. They knew, too, that no matter how heroic their deeds nor how greatly their work contributed to ultimate victory, no details would be let out to their friends until after the war when there was so much else to occupy attention. Now we learn that this fine and silent service sank 1,944 Nipponese merchant and naval craft and killed 276,000 Japanese. Included in their kills were eight aircraft carriers, fifteen cruisers, 42 destroyers, 28 submarines, and 100 lesser warships. When it is considered that our wartime Navy had only 259 submarines, and that it was manifestly impossible for all of these to be operating at the same time, the extent of their achievement, ship for ship, becomes apparent. Before Pearl Harbor we had 112 submarines. Under present plans we will have 90 active and 100 inactive, for a total of 199 submarines. Because it is believed to be relatively immobile from the atom bomb, the submarine, under Navy plans, will be a principal offensive weapon to carry atom bombs or to launch guided missiles. Yards and manufacturing facilities should be kept in such a state of upkeep that large scale production may be gotten underway quickly. Backed up by industry, research, development, and training our submarine service will again be ready to play a key part in the defense of the nation.

PLANS for reestablishment of the National Guard in greater strength than ever before, in its traditional role as a reserve component of the army of the United States capable of immediate expansion to war strength, meet with the considered approval of those concerned with our future defense organization as well as those interested in the military needs of the States. The Troop Basis Plan, which we print in this issue, allots to each State a larger force than it had before the war so arranged that each State has within its borders more autonomous units than before and yet thoroughly integrated with the nation-wide set-up. The policies and distribution have been worked out not only with the view of providing a realistic force for the use of the States and the protection of the Nation, but also of making the arrangement one to appeal to interest and provide an incentive for the officer and enlisted personnel who, in the last analysis, can make it a success. To this new force the War Department is planning to send as instructors its best commissioned and non-commissioned personnel and to provide them with encouragement by attaching considerable weight and importance to the efficient performance of such assignments. However, in considering this enlarged post-war program for the National Guard Congress and the administration must not lose sight of the fact that its successful achievement will depend upon the procurement of sufficient personnel through peace time selective service trainees or by the offering of sufficient inducements to secure the necessary total of volunteers. Those who formulated the plan did so with the thought that the Guard would be integrated with the peace time draft system so that its ranks would be filled out with trainees committed to it for stipulated periods. Otherwise, just as in the case of the Regular Army, if the total necessary to achieve post-war defense needs is to be fully and promptly met standards of pay and allowances and other inducements must be raised to attract enough of the right kind of volunteers. Another factor is that of providing facilities for the operation of the larger National Guard, i.e. armories, drill fields, air fields, maneuver areas, equipment, etc., etc. A new feature of the post-war policy is a provision that the Federal Government will accept additional expense in the matter of armory and like facilities for units organized purely for federal needs and having no internal value to the state government, such as antiaircraft and heavy artillery, fighter aircraft, etc. Thus it will be necessary that both the state and federal governments give financial support in greater amounts to assure success of the plan.

Service Humor

Finances

"Since I met you I can't eat, I can't sleep, I can't drink," bemoaned the sailor.

"Oh, really? Why?" asked the WAVE demurely.

"Because I'm always broke," he replied.

Depot Doings

Fair Exchange

An aviator had to bail out on account of engine trouble. On his way down through space, he met an old lady floating up.

"Hey," he shouted. "Have you seen a Mustang going down?"

"No," she replied. "Have you seen a gas stove going up?"

Fifth Service News

Crowd

Two shipwrecked Signal Corps men were adrift in a rowboat, alone, surrounded by a vast, unbroken expanse of water, wishing fervently they were back at Crowder.

"Say, Mac," said one, "have you got a match?"

The second soldier hesitated a moment before replying and looked around behind himself.

"Who, me?" he said.

Crowder Message

Hero

Kearnsman (10 years later): "And there, my son, you have the story of your dad in the great World War."

Son: "Yes, daddy, but why did they need all those other soldiers?"

Kearns Post Review

Lost

Two GI's returning to the post late one night lost their way. Said one, "Hey, Joe, we must be in a cemetery. There's a tombstone. I wonder whose it is."

Joe lit a match and replied, "I don't know, but he sure lived to a ripe old age—175."

"Well, what's name?" insisted the other doggie. Joe lit another match.

"Some guy named Miles from Norfolk," he reported.

Belvoir Castle

Too Little

A recent inductee was writing a letter home to the folks. "The food at this field is absolute poison!" he complained. And then he added, "And such small portions!"

Andrews Field News

Accident

A woman motorist posed for a snapshot in front of the fallen pillars of an ancient temple of Greece.

"Don't get the car in the picture," she requested, "or my husband will swear that I ran into the place."

Kearns Post Review

One Too Many

A man and his wife were engaged in a bitter quarrel, when the woman motioned her husband to the window and pointed down the road. Two horses straining on either side of a long, sturdy tongue were drawing a wagon loaded with wood up the hill.

"Why can't we pull together like that?" she demanded.

"Well," rejoined the husband, with a wink, "if we had only one tongue between us like those horses we could!"

Fifth Service News

Ask The Journal

Please send return postage for direct reply.

H.B.K.—The retired pay for a technical sergeant with 20 years service is \$111.15 per month.

L.J.M.—For information pertaining to the appointment of cadets, inquiries should be sent to the Superintendent, U. S. Coast Guard Academy, New London, Conn.

J.L.D.—Marriages are governed by the laws of the state in which they are solemnized. For information pertaining to the marriage laws of a state you should consult your legal aid officer or a district attorney in the state where marriage is contemplated.

M.M.L.—General officers are not promotion list officers. They are selected.

A.V.D.—The National Geographic Society of Washington, D. C., publishes a book entitled "Insignia and Decorations of the U. S. Armed Forces." The address of the Society is 16th and M Streets, N.W.

In The Journal

One Year Ago

Captured documents indicate that the enemy contemplated a major and successful defense of Manila. These plans were defeated by the rapidity of the envelopment by our forces and the dislocation and unbalance caused by our unanticipated advance and attack from the north and east.

10 Years Ago

The smartly-appointed dinner dance last evening in the Pacific Coast Club had for the hosts Comdr. and Mrs. Lee P. Johnson and for the honor guests Admiral and Mrs. Harris Laning. Valentine motif prevailed in place of cards and flowers (Long Beach Calif., notes).

25 Years Ago

Col. Louis M. Nuttman, USA, and Mrs. Nuttman are now living at the Menger Hotel, San Antonio, Tex. Colonel Nuttman has been transferred from Benning Infantry School, where he was director of military art, to Camp Travis, where he is chief of staff of 2nd Division.

50 Years Ago

The first step in the abandonment of the general mess experiment has been taken by the War Department. This lies in the decision of the authorities not to erect at any more posts establishments for the continuance of the experiment. There is every reason to believe that an order will ultimately be issued directing that company mess be established in lieu of the general mess, wherever the latter is in practice.

80 Years Ago

From the vigilant exhibition of economy this bill (Navy appropriation) has called forth, it seems likely now that the expenses of the Navy for the year 1867 will not exceed \$25,000,000. The war budget amounts to only \$39,017,416, a sum total so economical in itself that it seems hardly possible that it should be lessened.

ARMY ORDERS

Secretary of War—Robert P. Patterson
Under Secretary of War—Kenneth Royall
Assistant Secretary of War—Howard C. Petersen

Assistant Secretary of War, Air—W. Stuart Symington

Chief of Staff—General of the Army Dwight D. Eisenhower

GENERAL OFFICERS

General of the Army H. H. Arnold, retd as CG AAF and asgd to OC of S.

General Carl Spaatz, designated Actg CG AAF.

Maj. Gen. J. F. Williams, OC of S, Washington, D. C., to 9 Sv C WDPC, Ft MacArthur, Calif.

Maj. Gen. G. L. Van Deusen, retd as Chief Engineering and Tech Service, OC Sig O, Washington, D. C. and asgd to Det of patients, Walter Reed GH, Washington, D. C. Brig. Gen. W. F. Heavey, now on TDY, Washington, D. C., retd from assignment to 2d Engr Sp Brigade, Cp San Luis Obispo, Calif. and fr TDY OC of Engrs. and is asgd to OC of Engrs, Washington, D. C.

Brig. Gen. O. B. Abbott, fr dty as CG, Cp Beale, Calif., to OC of S, Washington, D. C. Brig. Gen. J. L. Holman, fr GSC and asgd to WDGS, to OC of Ord, Washington, D. C.

Brig. Gen. T. Miller, Ret, advanced on retd list to gr Brig. Gen.

Maj. Gen. E. S. Hughes, designated Act C of Ord.

Brig. Gen. A. Bradshaw, Jr., det as member of GSC and asgd to GS with troops.

Brig. Gen. M. M. Beach, A-N Staff College, to HQ AAF.

Brig. Gen. W. H. Wilbur, HQ WDC, Presidio of San Francisco, Calif., to HQ 6 Service Command, Chicago.

Generals Reduced

Brig. Gen. LeC. H. Slocum, temp apt as Brig. Gen. AUS terminated, Rev to perm gr of Lt. Col. FA and temp pro to gr of Col. AUS with rank fr 28 April, 1935.

Brig. Gen. R. E. McQuillin, temp apt as Brig. Gen. AUS terminated, Rev to perm gr of Col. Cav. with rank fr 1 Oct. 1941.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S DEPT.

Lt. Col. L. S. Carroll, New Orleans, La., to OC of S, Washington, D. C.

2nd Lt. W. G. Pannier, Brooklyn, N. Y., to HQ 6th Sv C, Chicago, Ill.

1st Lt. E. F. Linder, Brooklyn, N. Y., to 4th Sv C, Oglethorpe, Ga.

1st Lt. R. A. Hill, New Orleans, La., to AGO, Washington, D. C.

JUDGE ADVOCATE GENERAL'S DEPT.

Capt. R. N. Duran, Washington, D. C., to 3d Sv C, Cp Lee, Va.

Maj. J. S. Neel, Atlanta, Ga., to 3d Sv C, Cp Lee, Va.

Capt. O. D. Packard, Ft. Mason, Calif., to TAG School, Ft. Oglethorpe, Ga.

Lt. Col. F. R. Keefer, Ft. Mason, Calif., to Brooke AMC, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex.

Maj. R. C. Hoffman, Brooklyn, N. Y., to HQ 3d Sv C, Baltimore, Md.

Col. A. A. Fall, Van Nuys, Calif., to SFPE, Ft. Mason, Calif.

Maj. W. D. Sommers, Dallas, Tex., to HQ V Corps, Ft. Jackson, S. C.

Lt. Col. H. E. Simpson, Indiantown Gap Mill Res., Pa., to QM Repl Pool, Cp Lee, Va.

Capt. W. Schell, Cp Butner, N. C., to QM Repl Pool, Cp Lee, Va.

1st Lt. C. L. Tillery, Cp Lee, Va., to 9th Sv C, Seattle, Wash.

Col. J. E. Bonsh, Ft. Bliss, Tex., to QM Depot, Philadelphia, Pa.

1st Lt. B. E. Saunders, Cp Lee, Va., to OASW, Washington, D. C.

Maj. R. L. Munger, Kansas City, Mo., to Dist Div ASF, Washington, D. C.

Lt. Col. J. C. Hattox, Cp Lee, Va., to HQ VII Corps, Monterey, Calif.

Maj. H. F. Clark, Kansas City, Mo., to Dist Div ASF, Washington, D. C.

Lt. Col. R. B. Maddox, Aberdeen Pr Gr, Md., to ASF Tng C, Cp Lee, Va.

1st Lt. G. Willis, Brooklyn, N. Y., to ASF Tng C, Cp Lee, Va.

Lt. Col. C. W. Kohls, Dallas, Tex., to C and GS Sch, Ft. Leavenworth, Kans.

2nd Lt. A. K. Taylor, Cp Lee, Va., to HQ 5 Sv C, Ft. Hayes, Ohio.

Maj. J. G. Porter, Chicago, Ill., to Dist Div ASF, Washington, D. C.

QUARTERMASTER CORPS

2nd Lt. W. A. Taylor, Cp Sibert, Ala., to ASF Tng C, Cp Lee, Va.

MEDICAL CORPS

1st Lt. P. Mamula, Cp Gruber, Okla., to Regional Sta Hosp, Ft. Belvoir, Va.

Capt. W. O. Good, Cp Polk, La., to 7th Sv C, Ft. Loga, Colo.

Capt. G. A. Peters, Richmond, Va., to 5th Sv C, White Sulphur Springs, W. Va.

Lt. Col. C. W. Grady, Palo Alto, Calif., to Vet Adm Center, Roanoke, Va.

Capt. S. Zolondek, Northampton, Mass., to NYPE, Brooklyn, N. Y.

1st Lt. L. M. Carlton, Denver, Colo., to 8th Sv C, Santa Fe, N. Mex.

Capt. C. Eisner, Washington, D. C., to VAC, Los Angeles, Calif.

Col. H. H. Twitchell, Santa Ana, Calif., to Fitzsimons GH, Denver, Colo.

Capt. W. F. Chambers, Ft. Benj. Harrison,

OFFICIAL ORDERS

The Hon. Harry S. Truman, Commander in chief of the Army and Navy
Chief of Staff—Fleet Admiral William D. Leahy, USN-Ret.
Military Aide—Brig. Gen. Harry Vaughn; Naval Aide—Commo. John K. Vandenberg

NAVY ORDERS

Secretary of the Navy—James Forrestal.

Assistant Secretary of the Navy, Air—John L. Sullivan.

Assistant Secretary of the Navy—H. Struve Henzel.

Chief of Naval Operations—Fleet Admiral Chester W. Nimitz

8 Feb. 1946

Vice Admiral

Charles H. McMorris, to Commander, Fourth Fleet.

Rear Admiral

Thomas S. Combs, to Assistant Chief Bu-reau Aeronautics.

Commodore

John P. Whitney, to Commanding Officer, USS Oriskany.

Captains

Myron A. Baber, to relieve active duty.

William W. Ball, to nearest ND temp. pend-ing assignment.

Irvin W. Carpenter, (SC), NR, to Bureau Supplies Accounts.

William H. Carpenter, to Commander Fleet Training Group, New York.

Charles J. Cates, Shipyard, Mare Island.

Howard L. Clark, 14th ND, Pearl Harbor.

Jeane R. Clark, to Small Craft Training Center, San Pedro.

Dorrance K. Day, 10th Fleet, San Fran-cisco.

Edward V. Dockweller, to Industrial Com-mand, San Diego.

Paul L. Dudley, to Bu. Pers.

Williston L. Dye, to Naval Operations.

Julius O. Early, Jr. (MC), to Staff—Fifth Fleet.

Bartlett W. Gillespie, (CEC), NR, to Sep-aration.

James H. Hogg, to Naval Operations.

Howard V. Hopkins, to Commanding Of-ficer, Training Center, Norman.

James H. Howard, to Commanding Officer, USS Merrick.

Wilson S. Hullfish, (SC), to orders home.

Howard F. Lawrence, (MC), to relieved active duty.

Glenn W. Legwen, Jr., to Staff—16th Fleet, New York.

Eugene L. Lugibihl, to Commanding Officer, USS Caliente.

Charles E. McCombs, to Training Station, Newport.

Lewis R. McDowell, to Commanding Of-ficer, USS Prairie.

Ralph S. McDowell, to Commander, Ship-yard, Portsmouth.

William Miller, to Staff—Advanced Joint Task Force I.

William E. A. Mullan, to Gun Factory, Washington.

John E. Roberts, (MC), NR, to Separation.

James M. Robinson, to Bu. Pers., pending assignment.

William A. Schoech, to Commander, Air Transport Service, Asiatic Wing.

Jerry H. Service, (D), NR, to Separation Center, Great Lakes.

Paul R. Smith, (S) (EM), NR, to Separation.

Arthur F. Spring, to Chief Staff Officer—Guantanamo Bay.

John B. Taylor, to Commanding Officer, Magazine, Port Chicago.

James L. Truslow, (SC), NR, to Separation.

COMMANDERS

Army and Navy Journal

February 16, 1946

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MARINE CORPS

Commandant—General A. A. Vandegrift

Asst. Commandant—Maj. Gen. A. H. Turnage

Brig. Gen. Oliver P. Smith, Quantico, Va., to First Special Marine Brigade.

Col. Raymond A. Anderson, Camp Lejeune, N. C., to San Francisco, Calif.

Col. John Kalufix, First Division to Camp Lejeune, N. C.

Col. Leslie F. Narum, Camp Lejeune, N. C., to First Division.

Col. Lyle H. Meyer, to Washington, D. C.

Col. Karl K. Louther, Marine Barracks, Washington, D. C., to Headquarters.

Col. Curtis T. Beecher, Department of the Pacific, to San Diego, Calif.

Col. Clarence J. Chappell, First Marine Air Wing, to Cherry Point, N. C.

Col. Verne J. McCaul, First Marine Air Wing, to Cherry Point, N. C.

Col. Warren E. Sweetser, First Marine Air Wing, to Cherry Point, N. C.

Col. Ernest R. West, Marine Air Group 04, to Cherry Point, N. C.

Col. Edward B. Carney, Ninth Marine Air Wing, to Washington, D. C.

Col. Walter L. J. Bayler, Fleet Marine Force, Pacific, to Quantico, Va.

Col. Charles L. Pike, to Washington, D. C.

Col. Samuel S. Jack, Second Marine Air Wing, to Cherry Point, N. C.

Lt. Col. James I. Glendinning, Jr., Japan, to Fleet Marine Force, Pacific.

Lt. Col. Ormond R. Simpson's orders to San Diego, Calif., modified to Quantico, Va.

Lt. Col. Morris E. Flater, Washington, D. C., to Corpus Christi, Tex.

Lt. Col. Leon Larson's orders to inactive duty, modified to Marine Air on the West Coast.

Lt. Col. Henry A. Ellis, Jr., Marine Air Support Group 51, to Carrier Division 15.

Lt. Col. Frederick J. Kareb, to Washington, D. C.

Lt. Col. Jack H. Brown, to Marine Air on the West Coast.

COAST GUARD

Commandant—Admiral Joseph F. Farley

COMMANDERS

Samuel L. Dent, General Randall to DCGO, 3ND, for temporary duty.

Albert E. Harned, from Staff, Commander Philippine Sea Frontier to HQ for temporary duty.

John R. Kurcheski, General Weigel to Training Station, Alameda, Calif.

Donald T. Adams, designated District Planning and Control Officer, DCGO, 3ND.

John H. Forney, detached Comordiv 43 to HQ for temporary duty pending assign-ment.

CAPTAINS

Miles H. Imlay, Comaseafon to Headquar-ters.



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UNITED SERVICES

AUTOMOBILE ASSOCIATION

San Antonio, Texas

(Please turn to Page 773)

To Test All-Weather Airline

Representatives of the Army Air Forces, Navy, British Air Commissions and civilian agencies 8 Feb. concluded a five-day all-weather flying conference at AAF Headquarters.

Maj. Gen. Curtis E. LeMay, Deputy Chief of Air Staff for Research and Development, sponsor of the conference, announced that a committee is now being formed to coordinate plans for the launching of an experimental AAF all-weather airline, and to decide upon a program of research and development.

The committee will be headed by Col. Ben S. Kelsey, Wright Field experimental pilot and aeronautical technician, and will include officials of the AAF, Navy, CAA, FCC and the Air Transport Association.

Heads AAF School

Maj. Gen. Muir S. Fairchild, formerly with the Joint Chiefs of Staff Organization, has assumed his new duties as Commandant of the AAF School, at Maxwell Field, Ala.

Maj. Gen. David M. Schlatte, who has been Acting Commandant of the School since 1 Dec., assumes the duties of Deputy Commandant and Brig. Gen. Joseph Smith remains as Chief of Staff of the Army Air Forces School.

Further Air Transport Cut

A further cut in the steady decline of air transport is marked by the announcement from European Theater Headquarters that the total trans-Atlantic air-lift for February will be only 192 tons. The total lift last October aggregated 1,054 tons.

AAF Aid Society

Army Air Forces have announced that Capt. Eddie Rickenbacker will assume the presidency of the AAF Aid Society, an organization designed to aid Air Forces personnel and their families.

Other officers include:

Mrs. Henry H. Arnold, vice-president; General Carl A. Spaatz, vice-president; Lt. Col. Carl H. McClure, III, secretary; and Mr. Robert V. Fleming, Chairman of the Board of the Riggs National Bank, Washington, D. C., treasurer.

The Board of Trustees includes:

General of the Army Henry H. Arnold; Mrs. Henry H. Arnold; John M. Costello, former member of the House of Representatives from California; Mrs. James H. Doolittle; Robert V. Fleming, Robert A. Lovett, former Assistant Secretary of War for Air; Floyd B. Odum, Maj. Gen. Bennett E. Meyers, USAAF, Ret.; Captain Rickenbacker, General Spaatz, Maj. Gen. Cyrus R. Smith, Chairman of Board of American Airlines; Mrs. Carl A. Spaatz, Maj. Gen. St. Clair Street, Thomas J. Watson, President of International Business Machines; and Charles E. Wilson, President of General Electric.

AAF to Keep Civil Air Patrol

Although Federal appropriations for Civil Air Patrol will not be available after 31 March, this volunteer organization will retain its status as an auxiliary of the Army Air Forces after that date, it was announced this week by General Carl Spaatz, Commanding General of the AAF.

Urge Aircraft at A-Bomb Test

Senator Edward V. Robertson, (R. Wyo.) last week urged that the coming tests of the atomic bomb in the Pacific emphasize more heavily the use of aircraft including squadrons, complete formations of radio operated planes, fighters, light bombers, medium bombers, heavy bombers, and superbombers.

The Senator declared that thus far the tests appeared to be geared toward finding the results of atomic explosion on land bases and ships at sea, but apparently no provision has been made to determine the effects of the new weapon on air power.

He said he would like to see the planes combat loaded with ammunition for their 30- and 50-caliber machine guns, their 20 mm and their rockets, with varying gasoline loads, and with bombs, fuzed and ready, just as they would carry in "seeking out an enemy task force or searching for a land target."

"Today the Army is scrapping hun-

dreds of B-17's, B-24's, B-28's, and small craft," the Senator said. "A selected number of these, plus Army and Navy light bombers and fighters should be in the air."

Gen. Knerr Ass't. to AAF Chief

Maj. Gen. Hugh J. Knerr, veteran of research, technical and administrative work almost from establishment of the Army Air Forces, has been assigned to duty as Special Assistant to General Carl A. Spaatz, newly-appointed Acting Commanding General of the AAF.

He comes to the position from Wright Field, where he was Director of the Air Technical Service Command, following two years of service as Deputy Commander of U. S. Strategic Air Forces in Europe, and as Deputy Commander and Commander of the Eighth Air Force Service Command. During that period, General Knerr was awarded the Distinguished Service Medal and the Legion of Merit.

Originally commissioned as an ensign in the Navy in 1908, he was appointed a second Lieutenant in the Coast Artillery in 1911, transferring to the Air Forces and pilot training in 1917. General Knerr was retired in March, 1939, as a lieutenant colonel but returned to active duty in October, 1942.

Automatic Flight Tested

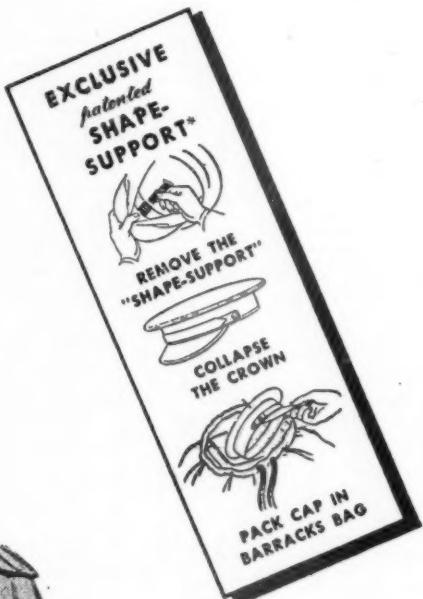
The Automatic Flight Controller, which controls aircraft flight automatically from take off to landing, developed by Air Technical Service Command designers and engineers, is now being tested at the All Weather Flying Center, Columbus, Ohio.

The Automatic Flight Controller, which is used in conjunction with the A-12 Automatic Pilot, is described as a coordinated system of aircraft controls whose functions can be pre-selected to produce a point-to-point flight, including automatic take-off and landing. It is this "pre-selection" feature which differentiates the device from any other previously developed system of flight control.

ATSC officials term the device "the most significant development in flight engineering." To a sequence selector in the instrument are fed the variable factors such as direction, distance and altitude—much as numbers are fed to a calculating machine—and the selector then delivers impulses motivating in proper sequence the mechanical functions of the plane.

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Marine Corps Orders
(Continued from Page 769)

Lt. Col. Boyd O. Whitney's previous orders to Marine Air, West Coast, modified to Quantico, Va.

Lt. Col. Robert L. McKee's previous orders to San Diego, Calif., modified to Camp Lejeune, N. C.

Lt. Col. Everett W. Smith, to be relieved ac. duty.

Lt. Col. John V. Kipp's previous orders to inactive duty revoked.

Lt. Col. John A. White, Great Lakes, Ill., to Quantico, Va.

Army Orders

(Continued from Page 769)

804th AAF BU, Greenville, S. C.

Capt. S. A. Kemm, Ft. Leonard Wood, Mo., to Hq VII Corps, Monterey, Calif.

Col. L. B. Gallagher, Ft. Lewis, Wash., to NO Engr Dist., New Orleans, La.

2nd Lt. P. E. Leveille, Ft. Belvoir, Va., to ASF Tng C, Cp Crowder, Mo.

1st Lt. B. C. Herder, Ft. Belvoir, Va., to OASW, Washington, D. C.

Maj. W. E. Johnston, Dallas, Tex., to Percy Jones HC, Battle Creek, Mich.

Lt. Col. R. J. Jagow, Washington, D. C., to Det Patients, Sta Hosp, Ft. Belvoir, Va.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT

Capt. S. Meisselman, Ft. Story, Va., to Ord Repl Pool, Aberdeen, Md.

Lt. Col. A. V. Deal, Aberdeen, Md., to Hq First Army, Ft. Bragg, N. C.

2nd Lt. L. D. Halmeyer, Aberdeen, Md., to Hq First Army, Ft. Bragg, N. C.

Capt. W. T. Hillis, Rock Island, Ill., to 4020th AAF Base Unit, Wright Fld, Ohio.

Lt. Col. D. Maxwell, Chicago, Ill., to Hq Repl and Sch Comd, Birmingham, Ala.

Maj. R. L. Fisher, Charlottesville, Va., to PMGO, Washington, D. C.

Capt. K. D. Ezell, Cp Mackall, N. C., to Repl Pool, Ord Sch, Aberdeen Pr Gr, Md.

Maj. A. Jacobson, Ft. Ord, Calif., to Sch Mil Govt, Charlottesville, Va.

SIGNAL CORPS

2nd Lt. R. S. Otte, Washington, D. C., to Army Sec Agency, Arlington, Va.

1st Lt. M. S. Klapper, Washington, D. C., to Holabird Sig Dep, Baltimore, Md.

1st Lt. A. H. Kuehl, Ft. Monmouth, N. J., to Sig C Engr Lab, Bradley Beach, N. J.

Maj. S. M. Johnson, Ft. Monmouth, N. J., to Manhattan Engr Dist, Oak Ridge, Tenn.

1st Lt. W. M. Evans, Florence, Ariz., to ASA, Arlington, Va.

Capt. M. D. Dodd, Pittsburgh, Pa., to Sig S Sta Compl, Ft. Monmouth, N. J.

Capt. W. F. Schuchard, Madison, Wis., to E Sig Tr Cm, Ft. Monmouth, N. J.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT

Lt. Col. W. C. Harrwell, Ft. B. Harrison, Ind., to Hq 8th Sv C, Dallas, Tex.

2nd Lt. Lewis T. Knight, Jefferson Bks, Mo., to 5th Sv C, Ft. Knox, Ky.

Capt. N. Nilsen, Brooklyn, N. Y., to Intelligence Sch, Ft. Riley, Kans.

Col. E. F. Rea, Ft. Benj. Harrison, Ind., to Hq Third AF, Tampa, Fla.

Maj. E. Harding, Jr., Washington, D. C., to Hq 4th Sv C, Atlanta, Ga.

Lt. Col. A. A. Dunn, West Palm Beach, Fla., to OFD, Washington, D. C.

2nd Lt. R. W. Pigg, Ft. Benj. Harrison, Ind., to 4th Sv C, Ft. Bragg, N. C.

1st Lt. C. C. Osborne, Cp Adair, Oreg., to Hq 8th Sv C, Dallas, Tex.

1st Lt. D. H. Johnson, Ft. B. Harrison, Ind., to Hq 9th Sv C, Ft. Douglas, Utah.

CHAPLAINS CORPS

Capt. W. V. McCray, Cp Croft, S. C., to Ch Repl Pool, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Capt. W. P. Barrett, New Orleans, La., to Hq First Army, Ft. Bragg, N. C.

Capt. S. C. Brach, Brooklyn, N. Y., to Hq 8th Sv C, Dallas, Tex.

Capt. R. J. Dwyer, New Orleans, La., to Hq 8th Sv C, Dallas, Tex.

Capt. A. H. Schuback, Brooklyn, N. Y., to Hq 8th Sv C, Dallas, Tex.

Capt. J. W. Harrington, Ft. Mason, Calif., to Hq 8th Sv C, Dallas, Tex.

Capt. B. Krasnow, Brooklyn, N. Y., to MDY, Ft. Belvoir, Va.

Capt. J. N. Weber, New Orleans, La., to Hq 8th Sv C, Dallas, Tex.

Capt. J. R. Middleton, Brooklyn, N. Y., to 9th Sv C, Ft. Lewis, Wash.

CHEMICAL WARFARE SERVICE

1st Lt. M. E. Gulick, Cp Shelby, Miss., to MI Sv Language Sch, Ft. Snelling, Minn.

1st Lt. A. Schloss, Edgewood Ars, Md., to CIC Center, Baltimore, Md.

Capt. C. H. West, Ft. Jackson, S. C., to CW Sch, Edgewood Ars, Md.

TRANSPORTATION CORPS

Maj. R. A. Cliffe, Ann Arbor, Mich., to MI Sv, Washington, D. C.

Capt. G. H. Ross, Ft. Lewis, Wash., to Dept State, Washington, D. C.

Col. E. C. R. Lasher, New York City, to OCT, Washington, D. C.

1st Lt. A. A. Grindley, New Orleans, La., to OCT, Washington, D. C.

1st Lt. F. J. Irwin, Jr., New Orleans, La., to NYPE, Brooklyn, N. Y.

CORPS OF MILITARY POLICE

1st Lt. L. M. Knight, Ft. Sam Houston,

(Please turn to Next Page)



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Army Orders

(Continued from Preceding Page)

Tex., to HQ 7th Sv C, Omaha, Nebr.
1st Lt. A. J. Madigan, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., to HQ 3d Sv C, w/sta Pittsburgh, Pa.
1st Lt. J. P. LaChapelle, Ogden, Utah, to Inf Repl Pool, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex.

CAVALRY

Col. E. H. F. Svenson, Washington, D. C., to Cav Repl Pool, Ft. Riley, Kans.

Col. A. T. Lacey, Ft. Riley, Kans., to MI Sv, Washington, D. C.

Lt. Col. C. C. Holloway, Ft. Bragg, N. C., to OC of S, Washington, D. C.

Capt. F. R. Maglio, Ft. Knox, Ky., to Ft. Knox, Ky.

Maj. D. D. Behrend, Washington, D. C., to Los Angeles, Calif.

Capt. J. Rogers, Ft. Story, Va., to 9th Sv C, Ft. Lewis, Wash.

1st Lt. J. C. Giorioso, Galesburg, Ill., to Armd Repl Pool, Ft. Knox, Ky.

Lt. Col. S. S. Speaks, Ft. Knox, Ky., to HQ SS System, Washington, D. C.

FIELD ARTILLERY

Capt. C. M. Mizell, Cp Polk, La., to USMA, West Point, N. Y.

Lt. Col. C. C. Harvey, Ft. Sill, Okla., to USMA, West Point, N. Y.

Col. H. E. Tisdale, Washington, D. C., to HQ 6th Sv C, Chicago, Ill.

1st Lt. F. R. Tillman, Ft. Bragg, N. C., to 6th Sv C, Mich. Rctg Dist, Detroit, Mich.

Lt. Col. U. G. Gibbons, Ft. Jackson, S. C., to USMA, West Point, N. Y.

1st Lt. J. E. Colacino, Ft. Bragg, N. C., to 1st Sv C, Ft. Williams, Maine.

Lt. Col. J. F. Mynderse, Staunton, Va., to Ft. Bragg, N. C.

Col. R. Park, Jr., Ft. Ord, Calif., to MI Sv, Washington, D. C.

Col. J. Ray, Washington, D. C., to USMA, West Point, N. Y.

Maj. E. C. Blaha, Cp Shelby, Miss., to AAF Tng C, Randolph Fld, Tex.

Lt. Col. R. C. Gildart, Washington, D. C., to Rep Pool, Ft. Bragg, N. C.

Capt. G. E. Dalgleish, Ft. Snelling, Minn., to CIC Center, Baltimore, Md.

INFANTRY

Capt. R. V. Hill, Alexandria, Va., to Det of Patients ASF, Ft. Belvoir, Va.

1st Lt. W. R. Golding, Cp Polk, La., to Inf Repl Pool, Ft. McClellan, Ala.

Lt. Col. H. P. Larson, Washington, D. C., to Distrib Div ASF, Denver, Colo.

Col. G. B. Devore, Ft. Pierce, Fla., to Armd Repl Pool, Ft. Knox, Ky.

1st Lt. W. J. Humphrey, Ft. Devens, Mass., to Inf RTC, Ft. McClellan, Ala.

Col. R. R. Martin, Cp Chaffee, Ark., to Creighton University, Omaha, Nebr.

Capt. W. A. Whitfield, Cp J. T. Robinson, Ark., to HQ 7th Sv C, Omaha, Nebr.

Maj. D. V. Smart, Charlottesville, Va., to PMGO, Washington, D. C.

Lt. Col. T. H. Monroe, Manhattan Beach, Calif., to Ft. MacArthur, Calif.

2nd Lt. W. F. Malkemus, Ft. McClellan, Ala., to 1st Sv C, Amherst, Mass.

Col. L. F. Cianchini, Rockville, Md., to HQ 2d Sv C, Governors Island, N. Y.

Maj. J. W. Cochran, Cp Croft, S. C., to Sp Tr First Army, Ft. Jackson, S. C.

1st Lt. J. L. Dowd, Cp J. T. Robinson, Ark., to USA Retg Dist, Houston, Tex.

1st Lt. W. M. Cothran, Cp Roberts, Calif., to 8th Sv C, WDPG, Houston, Tex.

Col. A. K. Stebbins, Ft. Dix, N. J., to HQ 7th Sv C, Omaha, Nebr.

2nd Lt. E. C. Peattie, Cp Lee, Va., to Inf RTC, Ft. McClellan, Ala.

Col. C. H. Searcy, Washington, D. C., to HQ 8th Sv C, Dallas, Tex.

Col. H. J. Jablonsky, Ft. Bragg, N. C., to USMA, West Point, N. Y.

1st Lt. W. P. Boswell, Washington, D. C., to SS System, Richmond, Va.

Capt. J. T. Eichnor, Washington, D. C., to Inf RTC, Cp Robinson, Ark.

Col. W. C. DeWare, Washington, D. C., to HQ 8th Sv C, Dallas, Tex.

Col. W. E. Donegan, Ft. Ord, Calif., to State Col of Wash, Pullman, Wash.

Maj. G. E. King, Ft. McClellan, Ala., to Dept State, Washington, D. C.

Col. J. E. Ewell, Washington, D. C., to Prcht Sch, Ft. Benning, Ga.

Col. E. T. Conley, Washington, D. C., to Inf RTC, Cp J. T. Robinson, Ark.

AIR CORPS

Capt. G. C. Butler, Washington, D. C., to Br Office Information, Los Angeles, Calif.

Col. M. M. Towner, Ann Arbor, Mich., to MI Sv, Washington, D. C.

Lt. Col. S. J. DeBrum, Washington, D. C., to Br Office Info, New York City.

1st Lt. P. W. Cobb, Baltimore, Md., to Intelligence Div, Washington, D. C.

Col. F. E. Calhoun, Santa Ana, Calif., to Inf Repl Pool, Louisville, Ky.

Maj. J. A. Stiley, Chicago, Ill., to OUSW, Washington, D. C.

1st Lt. H. F. Knowles, Sarasota AA Fld, Fla., to USMA, West Point, N. Y.

1st Lt. J. S. Rogers, Cp Lee, Va., to 2d Sv C NYPE, Brooklyn, N. Y.

1st Lt. L. Oshansky, Governors Island, N. Y., to 2d Sv C, Ft. Hancock, N. J.

1st Lt. C. H. Osburn, San Bernardino AA Fld, Calif., to QM Dep, Oakland, Calif.

2nd Lt. S. H. Prock, Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., to NYPE, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Capt. J. C. Adams, Jr., Mitchel Fld, N. Y., to USMA, West Point, N. Y.

2nd A. L. Donatelli, Chatham AA Fld, Ga., to HQ 2d Sv C, Governors Is, N. Y.

Capt. R. J. Templeton, Milwaukee, Wis., to HQ Second AF, Colo Spgs, Colo.

Col. T. B. Hall, Washington, D. C., to USMA, West Point, N. Y.

1st Lt. B. C. Musick, Baltimore, Md., to 253rd AAF BU, Goodfellow Fld, Tex.

Capt. J. N. Naffke, Baltimore, Md., to 253rd AAF BU, Goodfellow Fld, Tex.

2nd Lt. J. W. Nides, Kelly Fld, Tex., to MDW AMC, Washington, D. C.

COAST ARTILLERY CORPS

1st Lt. D. W. Slater, Ft. Bliss, Tex., to HQ of Narragansett Bay, Ft. Adams, R. I.

1st Lt. J. L. Bridges, Charlottesville, Va., to PMGO, Washington, D. C.

Capt. W. T. Logan, Cp Shanks, N. Y., to C and GS Sch, Ft. Leavenworth, Kans.

Lt. Col. A. C. Peterson, Ft. G. G. Meade, Md., to MI Sv, Washington, D. C.

Lt. Col. R. F. Hartman, Indianantown Gap Mill Res, Pa., to OC of S, Washington, D. C.

1st Lt. C. T. Herring, Ft. Snelling, Minn., to CIC Center, Baltimore, Md.

1st Lt. W. T. Miller, Alexandria, Va., to MI Sv, Washington, D. C.

Capt. R. W. N. Child, Ft. Snelling, Minn., to CIC Center, Baltimore, Md.

WOMEN'S ARMY CORPS

2nd Lt. M. G. Constable, Clinton, Iowa, to 4th Sv C, Ft. Oglethorpe, Ga.

1st Lt. V. M. Hickambottom, Ft. Demoines, Iowa, to AC 118th AAF Base Unit, Godman Fld, Ky.

ARMY OF THE UNITED STATES

Lt. Col. H. B. Bachman, Ft. Douglas, Utah, to HQ 9th Sv C, Ft. Douglas, Utah.

1st Lt. J. S. Reeves, Cp Pickett, Va., to National Hq SS System, Washington, D. C.

Capt. N. D. Holbrook, Alexandria, Va., to MI Sv, Washington, D. C.

Capt. W. D. Wright, Cp Lee, Va., to 3d Sv C, Edgewood Ars, Md.

1st Lt. P. Bank, Governors Island, N. Y., to 2d Sv C, Pine Camp, N. Y.

Capt. R. A. Taylor, Ft. Snelling, Minn., to CIC Center, Baltimore, Md.

CHIEF WARRANT OFFICERS

D. J. Trail, Ellsberry, Mo., to 7th Sv C, Jefferson Bks, Mo.

C. M. Hagman, Pittsburg, Kans., to 7th Sv C, Ft. Leonard Wood, Mo.

G. A. Becker, Brooklyn, N. Y., to 25th Hq and HQ Det Sp Troops, Cp Gruber, Okla.

S. H. Chambers, Natick, Mass., to 5th Inf Div, Cp Campbell, Ky.

A. T. Laverty, Washington, D. C., to 1st Sv C, Ft. Devens, Mass.

G. C. Thomas, Brooklyn, N. Y., to Philadelphia QM Depot, Philadelphia, Pa.

D. E. Gross, Brooklyn, N. Y., to 6th Sv C, Battle Creek, Mich.

G. W. Thomason, New Orleans, La., to ASF Tng Center, Cp Lee, Va.

M. B. Silver, Cp Butler, N. C., to Ft. Bragg, N. C.

G. W. Arndt, Brooklyn, N. Y., to ASF Tng C, Cp Lee, Va.

P. Juras, Boston, Mass., to HQ 2d Sv C, Governors Island, N. Y.

G. P. Neill, Brooklyn, N. Y., to AMC, Washington, D. C.

F. Prince, Boston, Mass., to HQ 2d Sv C, Governors Island, N. Y.

J. F. Bohner, Boston, Mass., to HQ 2d Sv C, Governors Island, N. Y.

A. Freeman, Brooklyn, N. Y., to HQ 5 Sv C, Ft. Hayes, O.

M. B. Biederman, Jersey City, N. J., to NA Engr Div, New York, N. Y.

C. Gerdes, Jersey City, N. J., to NA Engr Div, New York, N. Y.

W. W. Herndon, Oakland, Calif., to HQ 2d Sv C, Ft. McPherson, Ga.

M. Shapiro, Brooklyn, N. Y., to ASF Tng C, Cp Lee, Va.

M. M. Laing, Texarkana, Tex., to 324th ASF Band, Aberdeen Pr Gr, Md.

C. H. Drake, Indianapolis Gp Mli Res, Pa., to 300th AAF BU, MacDill Fld, Fla.

H. O. Ellsworth, Ft. Stevens, Ore., to HQ of SF, Ft. Winfield Scott, Calif.

G. W. Keiser, Jr., Jersey City, N. J., to NA Engr Div, New York, N. Y.

W. W. Herndon, Oakland, Calif., to HQ 2d Sv C, Ft. McPherson, Ga.

BETRIED

Col. R. A. Isker (Lt. Col.) QMC, as Col. upon own app.

Lt. Col. W. L. Morrison (Maj.) Inf., rev to retd status.

Col. P. M. Whitney, AC.

Ch. (Col.) J. MacWilliams.

Lt. Col. W. F. Holmes, Jr., MC.

1st Lt. E. A. Stark, ANC.

Maj. B. K. Humphrey, Inf.

Col. R. F. Fairchild, (Lt. Col.) Inf., as Col. upon own app.

Lt. Col. A. M. Wright (Capt.) Inf., as Capt. upon own app.

(Please turn to Next Page)



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Wash.
Sv C.
Sv C.
to NA
Eng
ASF
to ASF
ASF
ASF
HOPE
Tng
ASF
Pa.
ID of
o NA
OC of
Col.
rev
Col.
Capt.

Army Orders

(Continued from Preceding Page)

Lt. Col. R. F. Blodgett (Capt. FA) TC, rev to retd status.
Lt. Col. R. G. Whitten (Maj.) Inf, rev to retd status.
Col. R. E. L. Choate, AC.
Col. C. S. Miller (Lt. Col.) Cav. as Col., age.
Maj. H. J. Caterer (Capt.) MAC, rev to retd status.
Maj. J. W. McCall, Jr., (Capt.) Inf, rev to retd status.
Col. C. J. Kanaga (Capt. FA) AC, rev to retd status.
Lt. Col. L. Patterson, Cav., rev to retd status.
Col. S. E. Brown, MC, age.
Col. R. S. Barr, OD.
1st Lt. A. P. Healy, ANC.
Lt. Col. B. B. Blair (Maj.) CAC, rev to retd status.
Lt. Col. W. A. Swift, Inf, as Col. upon own app.
Col. R. P. Harbold (Lt. Col.) QMC, rev to retd status.
1st Lt. R. M. Marsh, ANC.
2nd Lt. V. T. Benedosso, ANC.
Col. G. J. Newgarden, Jr., Inf.
Col. W. C. von Kessler, MC.
Lt. Col. J. S. Robinson (Capt.) FA, rev to retd status.

RESIGNED

2nd Lt. W. H. Combs, Jr., Inf.
CHANGE OF NAME
Maj. Herbert D. Hamburger, Ord., to Herbert D. Hammond.
Capt. Anthony F. Bocchicchio, SC, to Anthony F. Beau.
Capt. Phifer I. Eastlack, AC, to Phifer Ira Eastlack.
Capt. William Faverman, DC, to William Loran.
1st Lt. Leonard F. Bamburg, to Leonard Bruce Rickard.
1st Lt. Anna Brandt, WAC, to Anna Stewart.
1st Lt. Eleanor L. Burns, ANC, to Eleanor Burns Burcky.
1st Lt. Angelo L. Capuccio, MAC, to Andrew Louis Cappy.
1st Lt. Simon S. Goldstein, SC, to Simon S. Golden.
1st Lt. Florence L. Mullins, WAC, to Florence Louise White.
1st Lt. James Spiropulos, AGD, to James Spiros.
2nd Lt. Julia L. Bussanmas, ANC, to Julia L. Bussanmas Songer.
2nd Lt. George Robert Katzmann, AC, to George Robert McCoy.
2nd Lt. Dorothy M. Kuhls, ANC, to Dorothy M. Kuhls Andreini.

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2nd Lt. Virginia B. Merrill, ANC, to Virginia Merrill Murphy.

2nd Lt. Theodore T. Swenson, CWS, to Theodore Levenson.
2nd Lt. Alice C. Woods, ANC, to Alice Woods MacPhail.

ENLISTED MEN RETIRED

M. Sgt. E. F. Goggans, MD.
1st Sgt. R. Lindsay, AAF.
Sgt. N. Colon, CMP, p.d.
Sgt. C. Mais, OD, p.d.
M. Sgt. A. Alberti, MD.
M. Sgt. D. York, Sr., FA.
S. Sgt. O. Dahl, AAF.
1st Sgt. W. H. Flake, CMP, p.d.
1st Sgt. T. Y. Wright, CH, p.d.
Sgt. H. H. St. Germain, CAC, p.d.
Pfc. O. M. Retz, FA, p.d.
Sgt. J. Perez, Inf, p.d.

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Navy Orders

(Continued from Page 706)

Frederick Hasney, (MC), NR, to Separation. James H. Henderson, (DM), NR, to orders home.
Gustav M. Kahn, (MC), NR, to Hospital, San Diego.
Mark E. Kramer, (A), NR, to Legal Office, 11th, San Diego.
Sandor Kremer, (SC), NR, to Bureau Supplies Accounts.
Alfred L. MacCubbin, (AS), NR, to Staff—Naval Air Station, Glenview.
Marvin L. Matheson, S(4), NR, to Separation.
Henry H. McCarley, to Executive Officer, USS Mississippi.
Robert J. Morgan, to Executive Officer, USS Gilbert Islands.
Arthur E. Poole, (CFC), NR, to Separation.
Walter E. Reed, (DM), NR, to nearest ND pending assignment.

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Glenn B. Ringquist, to Magazine, Post Cage.
John C. Rochester, (D), NR, to nearest ND pending assignment.

Kaleal S. Risk, S(A)-T, NR, to Separation.
Paul B. Ryan, to Engineering Officer, USS Boxer.
Joseph P. Scheets, (AD), NR, to Separation.
Blair E. Simons, (DC), NR, to Administrative Command, Naval Training Center, Bainbridge.

Columbus D. Smith, (DM), NR, to Separation.
Allen E. Stiff, (DM), NR, to Commanding Officer, USS Fort Mandan.

William J. Stribling, (CFC), NR, to Public Works Officer, Navy Pilotless Aircraft Unit, Mojave.

(Please turn to Page 776)

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SERVICE NEWS AND GOSSIP

► FOREIGN AFFAIRS. General Eisenhower's statement in response to an inquiry from Representative Howard Buffet of Nebraska that Okinawa "has not become American territory" and that its ultimate disposition has not been determined by the Allies serves to underscore graphically the unusual if not sinister character of the secret agreement of the Big Three at Yalta awarding the Kuriles and southern Sakhalin to Russia as well as a naval lease at Port Arthur and "pre-eminent" rights in Dairen and the Chinese Eastern and South Manchurian railroads.

While views within our services are still divided over the position we should take concerning the disposition of Okinawa—it is still under our occupation—the bald fact remains that no such commitment as the one at Yalta has been given as to those islands we consider essential for our security. These important concessions made to Russia by President Roosevelt and Prime Minister Churchill at the Crimea conference, as revealed through publication of the text for the first time this week under prompting of the press, were kept secret not only from our people and, more specifically, the Senate of the United States, but also the agreement was kept from one of the parties most in interest, Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek, until such time as Marshal Stalin gave the word to Messrs. Roosevelt and Churchill for him to be informed. That word was given in June, weeks after Germany surrendered. Moreover, while the agreement stated that the concurrence of Chiang Kai-shek would be required, the Big Three nullified this by stating in the agreement itself that it would be fulfilled anyway.

Quite aside from the aspect of keeping the agreement from world knowledge for military reasons, the text carries its own commentary. China, an Ally whom we had sought through our diplomacy to save from encroachment over the years was deprived of control of a province that we had steadfastly insisted was hers, without her knowledge and by her Allies. And we promised to bring pressure upon her, if necessary, to agree to the arrangement at the proper time through a treaty with Russia.

It is clear that Marshal Stalin proved to be a hard bargainer. But even this or other reasons that have been brought forward do not constitute convincing explanations. It can be only conjectured that there were other causes, ones that may not see the light for long years. A suggestion that Mr. Roosevelt because of his health had lost his sharp edge is too simple an explanation. Nor can it be accepted without absolute proof that Russia threatened to make a separate peace with Germany unless she had her claims satisfied in the Far East.

Whatever the reason, Russia has now moved into the Kuriles and southern Sakhalin from which she cannot be lodged by any vote of our Senate denouncing the agreement and calling for it to be placed in treaty form, subject to its concurrence. Nor is China in a position to do anything about it if she would, or to cancel the Soviet position in Manchuria. And now Russia is moving for more rights in Manchuria, for control of railways, mines and plants, going beyond the terms of the treaty she concluded with China following the secret Yalta agreement, a treaty that gave China in return for what she has lost a pledge of assisting her in becoming liberated from Japan.

Now the Soviet forces are removing wholesale Japanese war equipment from Manchuria without regard to others; so-called Yenan and other communists are in the province in force; and the Red Army has not been evacuated on the latest scheduled date of 1 Feb.

China's position in the area is critical. Against this our secretary of state has asserted that we stand, as always, on the principle of the Open Door; that so far as the removal of Japanese equipment is concerned we are interested, that we want China to keep us informed of her present conversations with Russia, and that we had thought the disposal of this materiel would be subject to consideration of the Far Eastern Commission, on which Russia now holds membership, and an Allied reparation commission.

But this won't get far. Only last week a highly-placed member of the Soviet secretariat asserted in a political campaign speech "we do not like to pull the chestnuts out of the fire for others, but if we have got the chestnuts, we are going to keep them." There is no ideology in that; just old-fashioned realistic international politics.

It was a statement amply supported by Marshal Stalin in his campaign speech one week ago. In as much as his was a political speech for home consumption it may be passed over that he gave all credit to the Red Army for winning the war without troubling to mention the American aid that was so essential to the part the Red Army played in the defeat of Germany and above all to the most decisive victory at Stalingrad; and that he repeated the old charge that it was the capitalistic states which precipitated the war and had nothing to say of the Russo-German pact of 1939.

To the rest of the world his speech was important in that it contained the clearest statement he has yet made in exposition of his political philosophy. It was on this issue that he finally broke with Leon Trotsky. He declared that the Soviet State (and, of course, its army) is the real force. It is the constructive force, in his opinion. On the other hand, the Comintern and its many activities especially behind the lines of foreign states, while they may be important, are nevertheless subsidiary; they are in essence destructive rather than constructive.

It is to be assumed that this made an impression among the delegates to UNO at London who had difficulties to a far greater degree than most of them foresaw when they gathered for what our Secretary of State thought would be merely an organization meeting.

Mr. Churchill during his conference last week-end with the President can be assumed to have discussed out of his great experience these many aspects of world problems.

Our attacks on the Farrell-Peron regime in Argentina have gone beyond the technique of referring to "a certain country" through the circulation among the other American republics of the State Department's "Blue Book" containing its specific charges of Nazism that are based upon captured documents in Germany. The secretary of state declares that we will not take unilateral action in consequence but will act, if at all, only on a basis, if agreed upon, among the American republics. It may be that Colonel Peron by seizing the issue to place Spruille Braden before the Argentine people as his opponent in the presidential election of 24 Feb. has gained political advantage at home out of the attack.

Furthermore the prospect of the United States and Argentina coming into head-

long collision at the Inter-American conference projected for Rio de Janeiro this Spring, should Colonel Peron be elected, might encourage some of the American republics to revive efforts to have the conference postponed. Whether the State Department's charges will lead to a rupture of diplomatic relations remains to be seen.

As for Europe, the Secretary of State continues to profess the hope that the general peace conference will be held in Paris in May, as scheduled. The Yugoslav charges that we were harboring forces of Yugoslav royalist forces within our zone in Germany has led to the discharge of 700 Yugoslavs in our employ as guards and service troops at the request of the State Department, raids by our military on possible nests of foreign groups plotting against friendly governments, and measures for eliminating other Poles and Yugoslavs as expanding military groups within our zone.

► MARINE CORPS. General A. A. Vandegrift, Commandant of the Marine Corps, has prepared at the request of Representative Case, S.D., a statement of the Marine Corps record in demobilization. The statement, compiled as of 11 Jan., shows that the Marine Corps has reduced from a VJ-Day peak of 484,000 men to 301,070. As of that date 48,000 more had been discharged than was originally planned and demobilization was six weeks ahead of schedule. It was pointed out that high-point men among those stationed in China were obliged to remain longer than anticipated, not being released as early as similar personnel serving in Japan where replacements were made more easily.

In his letter to Representative Case, General Vandegrift said:

"Whenever the Marine Corps tasks permit further point reduction in order to speed separations, such reductions will be made. No announcement thereof will be made until shortly before the effective date in order that the expectations of those to be separated will not be frustrated by unforeseen contingencies which might arise."

Marine Corps Headquarters has launched an extensive campaign for recruits to serve with its Air Arm. The quota has been set at 1,000 men per month. For the first three men enlisting in the Marine Corps may ask for and get duty with aviation units. This temporary policy of permitting men to enlist for duty with aviation units was made necessary by the serious shortage of skilled technicians resulting from rapid demobilization of aviation personnel.

► NAVY NURSE CORPS. The following Navy nurses started a 9-month course in Physical Therapy on 4 Feb. at the Medical College of Virginia in Richmond: Lt. Bertha Beatrice Ahrend (NC) USN, Lt. Josephine M. Bledka (NC) USN, Lt. Gladys Rita Curry (NC) USNR, Lt. (jg) Helen A. Germer (NC) USNR, Lt. (jg) Jean Frances Halpin (NC) USNR, Lt. Jeanette M. Herriott (NC) USN, Lt. Jeanette D. Keser (NC) USNR, Lt. (jg) Elizabeth Emma Kinzer (NC) USNR, Lt. (jg) Maxine Evelyn Kirkpatrick (NC) USN, Lt. Sara E. Harcum (NC) USN, Lt. Norma Eunice Mauldin (NC) USN, Lt. Ruth I. Moeller (NC) USNR, Lt. (jg) Clara Magdalene Rusch (NC) USN, Lt. (jg) Clara Mae Snyder (NC) USNR, Ens. Mavis Maxine Thomas (NC) USNR, Lt. (jg) Evelyn D. White (NC) USN, Lt. (jg) Kate Young (NC) USN.

This course in Physical Therapy carries with it full accreditation, so that upon its satisfactory completion the individual nurse will be a registered physical therapist, according to Admiral McIntire, and be entitled to membership in the American Physical Therapy Association. Credits earned in this study may also be used toward satisfying requirements for a degree at a later date, if the nurse so wishes.

With its rapidly expanding program of Physical Medicine, the Navy will have great need for these nurse-physical therapists at all times.

The Navy also is planning several other fully accredited postgraduate courses for its nurses, among them being Occupational Therapy, Psychiatric Nursing, Teaching and Ward Management, and Anesthesia. The course now being carried at George Washington University in Dietetics will be continued.

Lt. Blanche L. Andersen (NC), USN, of Richmond goes from the Naval Hospital, Marine Barracks, Quantico, Va., to the Naval Hospital, Naval Operating Base Guantanamo Bay, Cuba.

Lt. Anna E. Redding (NC), USN, leaves the U. S. Naval Hospital, Bethesda, Md., to report to the Hospital at the Marine Barracks, Quantico, to release Miss Andersen.

Lt. Emily M. Robie (NC), USN—from the U. S. Naval Hospital, Philadelphia, to the Hospital at Portsmouth, Va.

Lt. Julia E. Sellers (NC), USN, has been transferred to the U. S. Naval Hospital, Charleston, S. C., from the Hospital in New Orleans, Louisiana.

Lt. Lina Stearns (NC), USN, of Arlington, Va., goes from U. S. Naval Dispensary, Marine Corps Training Center, Camp Le Jeune, N. C., to the Naval Hospital, Philadelphia.

Lt. Hazel Virginia Bennett (NC), USN, has been reassigned from the U. S. Naval Hospital, Charleston, South Carolina, to the Naval Hospital at Bethesda, Md.

Lt. Anna Danyo (NC), USN, of Jermyn, Pa., leaves the Naval Hospital at Corona, Calif., to report for duty at the Hospital at St. Albans, L. I., N. Y.

► ARMY SERVICE FORCES. **Chemical Warfare Service**—The Chemical Warfare Association was organized last week with the filing of articles of incorporation in Washington, D. C. Maj. Gen. Alden H. Waitt, Chief of Chemical Warfare Service, was named honorary President and Col. Herbert K. Bear, temporary President.

Included among the 29 members of the provisional Board of Directors is a technical sergeant, Frederick Plitt, of Washington. An Executive Committee, elected to supervise the operations of the association until the first annual meeting, includes: Col. Herbert K. Bear, President; Col. Clifford L. Sayre, 1st Vice-President; Lt. Col. Joseph F. Escude, 2nd Vice-President; Maj. Osmund L. Varela, 3d Vice-President; Lt. Col. George O. Gillingham, 4th Vice-President; Col. Ludlow King, 5th Vice-President; Dr. William Albert Noyes, Jr., 6th Vice-President; Maj. William D. Kavanaugh, 7th Vice-President; Capt. Joseph Schwimer, Secretary-Treasurer, and Maj. Charles E. Pledger, Jr., General Counsel.

Corps of Chaplains—Chaplain (Maj. Gen.) Luther D. Miller, Chief of Chaplains, U. S. A., delivered the address at a banquet given in honor of Rabbi Philip S. Bernstein by the Jewish Welfare Board, 6 Feb., in New York City. Rabbi Bernstein is returning to his Synagogue in Rochester, N. Y., after serving three years as Executive Director of the Commission on Army and Navy Religious Activities for the National Jewish Welfare Board.

The Office of the Chief of Chaplains was represented at a Congressional Breakfast, sponsored by Senator John L. McClellan, in the Vandenberg Room of the Senate Office Building, 8 Feb., by Chaplain (Col.) Harry C. Fraser, Chaplain (Col.) Roy H. Parker and Chaplain (Lt. Col.) Lewis C. Beissig.

Chaplain (Capt.) John R. Streng, Miscellaneous Division, conducted worship services at the United Lutheran Church, Arlington, Va., 10 Feb.

Chaplain (Lt. Col.) Edward M. Pennell, 1040th Army Air Forces Base Unit, Redistribution No. 4, Santa Ana Army Air Base, Calif., was a visitor in the Office of

the Chief of Chaplains 12 Feb.

With the removal from Gravelly Point, Va., of the Air Forces Chaplains' Office to the Pentagon Building, Chaplains Charles I. Carpenter, Col., Charles W. Marteney, Maj., Constantine Zielinski, Lt. Col., and James F. Patterson, Maj., are now located in Room 5D234 Pentagon.

Chaplain (Maj.) Harold G. Elsam gave a lecture on Palestine at the Wilson Avenue Christian Church, Arlington, Va., 10 Feb.

Transportation Corps—Captured German Diesel engines, locomotives, railroad cars, a minesweeper, and other German transportation equipment—incorporating unusual technical features—will be available for inspection by engineers, scientists, manufacturers, and other representatives of science and industry for three days, beginning Wednesday, 6 March, at Ft. Monroe, Va.

The exhibit, which will include more than 85 items, is being prepared by the Army's Transportation Corps Board. The equipment was obtained in Germany by the Transportation Corps Technical Intelligence Team, under orders from the Office of the Chief of Transportation.

The task of reorganizing Japanese fire protection has fallen to the lot of Lt. Col. George W. Angell, TC, formerly Chief of the Internal Security Branch of the Office of the Chief of Transportation. Last month Colonel Angell was discharged from the Army for the express purpose of going to Japan as Administrator for Fire Protection under General MacArthur.

Recent personnel changes in the Transportation Corps follow: Col. Cyrus J. Wilder, TC, formerly commander of the Hampton Roads Port of Embarkation, has been ordered to the command of the New Orleans Port of Embarkation, effective 20 Feb. Lt. Col. Frank B. Semple, TC, formerly Director of Personnel, Boston Port of Embarkation, has been assigned to Industrial Personnel Division, OCT. Lt. Col. William C. Keel and Lt. Col. Albert S. Palmerlee went on terminal leave during the month of January. Maj. Alice Brown, WAC Staff Director, OCT, who occupied the same post previously at the Hampton Roads and San Francisco ports, also went on terminal leave last month. Lt. William J. Lettice, TC, has been transferred from the Hampton Roads Port of Embarkation to Movements Control within the OCT.

Service Commands—The Ninth Service Command recruiting program to secure 70,000 volunteers for the Regular Army by 30 June 1946, reached the 55,000 mark 21 Jan., Maj. Gen. William E. Shedd, commanding general, announced at Ft. Douglas, Utah.

Inspector General's Department—Col. David B. Falk, formerly assigned to the Inspector General's office in Washington, D. C., has reported to Headquarters, Ninth Service Command, as inspector general. Colonel Falk replaces Col. H. W. James, who will be released from active duty soon. A graduate of the U. S. Military Academy in 1913, Colonel Falk served overseas in World War I with the Second Division.

As director of inspection service with the Inspector General's office in Washington he won the Distinguished Service Medal, which was presented by Lt. Gen. D. I. Sultan, The Inspector General.

Quartermaster Corps—Maj. Gen. Thomas B. Larkin was sworn in 7 Feb. as the Quartermaster General of the Army by Maj. Gen. Thomas H. Green, The Judge Advocate General. Sworn in at the same ceremonies, which were held in the headquarters of the Quartermaster Corps in Washington, were Assistant Quartermaster Generals, Brig. Gen. Herman Feldman and Brig. Gen. George A. Horkan. Brig. Gen. John B. Franks, who is to be a third Assistant Quartermaster General is still in the European Theater of Operations but will return to Washington shortly. Present to greet his successor was Lt. Gen. Edmund B. Gregory. Also present at the ceremonies were Mrs. Larkin, Mrs. Feldman, and Mrs. Horkan.

Acting in behalf of the Quartermaster General, Brig. Gen. Allen R. Kimball, commanding the Schenectady ASF Depot, conferred the Meritorious Service Unit Plaque upon the 9121st Technical Service Unit in a ceremony conducted 8 Feb., in the Depot's Administration Building. Col. George C. Traver, Quartermaster Supply Officer, received the plaque in behalf of the thirty officers at the Depot who will be entitled to wear the insignia.

Appointment of Col. H. S. Evans, Acting Commanding Officer of the Jeffersonville Quartermaster Depot, as Commanding Officer of the Memphis Army Service Forces Depot, Memphis, Tenn., has been announced.

Col. E. DeTreville Ellis, QMC, assumed temporary command of the Chicago Quartermaster Depot, on 4 Feb., upon the reassignment of Brig. Gen. Elmer F. Wallender to Ft. Benning, Ga.

Col. Rohland A. Isker, Commanding Officer of the Subsistence Research and Development Laboratory, Chicago QM Depot, since 15 Aug. 1939, is retiring from active military life on or about 15 Feb. 1946 after thirty years of Army service.

The headquarters of the Boston Quartermaster Depot, located since early 1942 in the Noyes-Bullock Building, at 855 Commonwealth Avenue, Boston, moved back to the Army Base at 666 Summer Street, it was announced by Col. Bernard J. Finan, Depot Commanding Officer.

Office of the Fiscal Director—Brig. Gen. R. P. Hueper, Assistant Chief of Finance, and Col. A. C. Harden, Chief, Receipts and Disbursements Division, have just returned from an inspection trip with respect to finance activities at the 4th, 8th and 9th Service Commands.

Officers recently relieved from the Office of the Fiscal Director, Washington, include: Col. R. B. Curry, Lt. Col. S. J. Grillo, Lt. Col. J. M. Parker, Lt. Col. E. R. Rundquist, Maj. W. W. Doutney, Capt. C. E. Cutts, and Capt. R. A. Kohler.

Col. E. J. Bean, formerly one of the Deputy Directors of the Office of the Fiscal Director, has just returned from the Mediterranean Theater of Operations where he served as Fiscal Director.

Col. L. H. Sims, Director of the Office of Dependency Benefits and the Office of Special Settlement Accounts, visited headquarters to discuss finance and fiscal matters pertaining to his office with Maj. Gen. W. H. Kasten, Chief of Finance.

Maj. R. D. Snow, formerly Lt. Col. F. D., in the Accounts Division, Office of the Fiscal Director, has been appointed Deputy Budget Officer for the Allied Military Government with headquarters in Berlin, Germany.

Corps of Engineers—Eighty-one motorized welding and machine shops have been made surplus by Army Engineers during January. Included in the shops are 57 motorized welding shops, capable of performing "on the spot" welding jobs in isolated places and fully equipped for general purpose repair; 14 "light" and 10 "tool and bench" motorized machine shops. Each welding shop, mounted on a 2½-ton 6 x 6 cargo body with winch, contains complete welding and cutting facilities and certain blacksmith tools. Forge welding, brazing and soldering and electric-arc welding can be effected. A complement of supporting tools makes it a practical and adequate piece of equipment.

Ordnance Department—Three of Germany's best artillery weapons, two 231-ton

guns and a 123-ton mortar, have arrived at the Aberdeen Proving Ground, Md. Technicians will submit all three pieces to close scrutiny, and the weapons then will be placed upon exhibition in the Ordnance Museum at the Proving Ground.

The two guns are a 28-centimeter K5-E and a 31-centimeter K-5 Glatt (smooth-bore), both of Krupp manufacture. They are "cousins" of "Anzio Annie," the German super-range railway gun which threw 550-pound pre-rifled projectiles into the Italian beachhead from a distance of from 30 to 50 miles. These monsters, measuring 70 feet, 8 inches in length and weighing 462,000 pounds each, were discovered at the Nazi railway artillery shops near Leipzig by a First Ordnance team.

The guns are accompanied by a special turntable, narrow gauge track which makes a circle 100 yards in diameter and weighs 110 tons; a car with an ammunition hoist; another which maintains the powder charges at constant temperature and two cars for projectiles and special equipment. The 28-centimeter weapon fires a pre-rifled projectile over 38 miles; and a rocket-assisted projectile over 50 miles with a muzzle velocity of 3,000 feet per second.

The third weapon is a monster mortar, known as "Thor." This 54-centimeter giant weighs 123 tons and hurls a projectile weighing 3,750 pounds approximately 5,000 yards. Known as Karlgerat and mounted on a self-propelled carriage, it was used for the assault against the Russians at Sevastopol and Stalingrad. Special railway cars were designed to ship this enormous carriage by rail over the long distances to the Red Army fronts. "Thor" is 96 feet overall in length and has a 24-foot barrel.

Col. Everett P. Russell, special assistant to the Chief of Ordnance, has started terminal leave and will resume his duties in Detroit as president of the Russell Engineering Co.

Lt. Col. Charles W. Walker, formerly Commanding Officer of Bluebonnet Ordnance Works, McGregor, Texas, has been designated Commanding Officer of the Dayton Powder Plant, Dayton, Ohio, vice Lt. Col. Charles H. Pruden, relieved. Capt. George N. Constan, formerly at Milan Arsenal, Milan, Tenn., has been designated Commanding Officer at Bluebonnet Ordnance Depot.

Capt. Edward R. Billings has been relieved from duty at Milan Arsenal, Milan, Tenn., and designated Commanding Officer of Weldon Spring Ordnance Works, Weldon Spring, Mo., vice Capt. Francis J. Klapp, relieved.

Capt. Crawford D. Lyons, now on duty at Chicasaw Ordnance Works, with station at Memphis, Tenn., has been designated Commanding Officer of the Chickasaw Ordnance Works, Millington, Tenn., vice Capt. Clarence P. Boutte, relieved.

Col. William E. House, now on duty at Detroit Ordnance District, has been designated Deputy District Chief.

Lt. Col. Jerome S. Jeffords has been transferred from Industrial Service, OCO, to duty as Commanding Officer, Iowa Ordnance Plant, Burlington, Iowa, vice Capt. Dillon R. Huder, relieved.

Signal Corps—The Signal Corps Officers' Candidate School at Fort Monmouth, N. J., streamlined to train officers for the peacetime army, is stressing maintenance of the Army communications system and the rebuilding and maintenance of communications in occupation zones. The present program calls for the commissioning of approximately 50 students each month. The candidates receive three months of intensive training followed by 3½ weeks of field work.

Col. Elton P. Hammond, Signal Officer of the Third Army, has been appointed commandant of the Central Signal Corps School at Camp Crowder, Mo. He succeeds Col. W. A. Marsh, who now serves as commanding officer of the Signal Training Regiment.

BUREAU OF MEDICINE AND SURGERY. Capt. H. K. Sessions, (MC) USN, and Comdr. S. A. Britten, (MC) USNR, of the Preventive Medicine Division, are enrolled in the course in nuclear physics sponsored by the Bureau of Naval Personnel. The course consists in twenty lectures given by Dr. George Gamow of George Washington University and Dr. Lawrence Hafstad of Johns Hopkins University.

Capt. James J. Sapiro, (MC) USN, Quarantine Liaison Officer in the Preventive Medicine Division, has been appointed to a similar capacity for the War Department and the United States Public Health Service. This duty is in addition to Captain Sapiro's billet as administrative and organizational chief of quarantine services in the Navy.

Two Greek physicians, Dr. Stephan Pavlidis, Assistant Director of Greece's Public Health Laboratory, and Dr. Narcos Kokarakis, Penicillin Commissioner for Athens, are in the United States under the sponsorship of the Medical Department of the Navy. Capt. Theodore R. Meyer, (MC) USNR, who recently returned from Greece as head of the Naval Epidemiology Unit there, is assisting the visitors while they make a specialized study of the penicillin therapeutic methods used in this country. The National Research Council has arranged trips to nearby factories manufacturing pharmaceuticals for the group.

ARMY GROUND FORCES. In a cable received this week by General Jacob L. Devers, Commanding General, Army Ground Forces, General DeLattre DeTassigny, Commanding General of the First French Army expressed regret that General Devers could not be present at Colmar, France during the first week in February for a ceremony commemorating the first anniversary of the Colmar Pocket victory. At the Colmar pocket the First French Army and the U. S. Seventh Army joined as a team to drive the last Germans from the soil of France.

The following officers have recently reported for duty: Brig. Gen. James C. Fry, USA, G-1 Sec., Col. Steve A. Chappuis, Inf., G-3 Sec., Col. John D. Frederick, Inf., Dev. Dec., Col. Allen F. Kingman, Inf., G-1 Sec., Col. John Mesick, FA, G-3 Sec., Col. John C. Oakes, FA, Plans Sec., Col. Kenneth C. Strother, Inf., G-1 Sec., Lt. Col. John W. Gorn, Inf., G-4 Sec., Lt. Col. Charles E. LeFever, FA, G-3 Sec., Lt. Col. Theodore L. Poole, Jr., Inf., G-1 Sec., Lt. Col. Jack Stone, FA, G-1 Sec., Maj. Raymond W. Allen, Jr., FA, G-3 Sec., Maj. Clifford R. Lucas, AGD, AG Sec., Maj. Rodman D. Miller, MAC, Med Sec., Capt. George W. Zeller, AGD, AG Sec., CWO John R. Beath, AUS, G-1 Sec., and CWO Seaver A. Willey, AUS, SI Sec.

Officers recently relieved from duty include: Col. Joseph I. Greene, Inf., Col. John W. Wurts, FA, Lt. Col. David W. Hester, FA, Lt. Col. Leonard M. Orman, CAC, Lt. Col. Theodore R. Pitts, AGD, Maj. Nils M. Bengston, Inf., Maj. Charles T. Drummond, FA, Maj. George R. Farnham, AGD, Maj. Robert F. Fowler, OD, Maj. Robert B. George, CAC, Maj. Walter Greenwood, Jr., CAV, Maj. Joseph J. Luechi, AGD, Maj. Mark A. Rollins, Inf., CWO Alvin R. Ruskin, AUS and WOJG Frank J. Compton, AUS.

First Army—Majors Albert L. Robinette, Allen H. Bouldin, Samuel M. Swearingen and Capt. Roger Ray will attend the coming class at the Command and Gen-

eral Staff School, Fort Leavenworth, Kans.

Capt. John R. Buffington and Harry H. Sprute are now on terminal leave.

Col. A. T. McNamara has recently been transferred to the Office of the Quartermaster General.

III Corps—Officers recently reporting for duty are: Major Logan B. Hendrixson, Capt. George T. Michael, and CWO Alex G. Colson.

The following officers have left the Corps for discharge: Capt. Martin Bridges, Capt. Russell H. Cetlin, 1st Lt. Arthur N. Belcher and 1st Lt. Howard Jedelson.

Cols. James H. Phillips, Chief of Staff, and Remington Orsington, AC of S G-4, recently visited the 2nd Infantry Div. at Camp Swift, Texas.

Col. Harry C. Mewshaw is now on temporary duty overseas with an examining board for the commissioning of officers in the Regular Army.

Col. Charles P. West has departed for Fort Leavenworth, Kans., to attend the 27th General Staff School Ground Course.

V Corps—Major Gen. Frank W. Milburn, Corps Commander, visited Camp Butler and Fort Bragg on a recent inspection tour. Accompanying the General on his tour were Brig. Gen. Joseph A. Cranston, Lt. Col. A. K. duMoulin, Maj. L. M. Dahl and Capt. W. A. Hallmain.

Officers recently reporting for duty include: Col. Charlie Q. Lifsey, QM, newly appointed Corps Quartermaster; Lt. Col. Andrew B. Padgett, newly appointed Provost Marshall; Lt. Col. Robert W. Duke, Asst. Executive Officer, G-3; and Capt. Robert A. Smith, assigned to 4th Signal Battalion.

VII Corps—The Corps will supervise the ROTC training of the 60 high schools and military schools and the 17 colleges of this area, by annual formal inspections, and visits. In this connection inspections are being made of the many high schools and colleges in an effort to provide both the installations and the students with the instructors, equipment, and training schedules which actual battlefield experience has taught are necessary for modern military instruction.

Second Army—Officers recently reporting for duty include: Maj. Gerald W. Davis, CAC, Maj. James C. Rives, CE, Maj. Douglas Stevens, CWS, Capt. Leslie W. Barnes, Ch, Capt. J. Carroll, FD, Capt. Orval C. Clark, OD, Capt. Bruce R. Dunwiddie, CE, Capt. Thomas M. Cuero, CE, Capt. Bertram S. Hearlin, Jr., CE, Lt. Fred W. Conrad, OD, Lt. Jack DiGirolamo, AGD, and Lt. Daniel O. Sabath, CE.

Among officers relieved from duty are: Col. John T. Kilcoyne, Ch, Lt. Col. Bruch Balding, MC, Maj. Denzil V. Roles, OD, Maj. Roy Tillotson, Inf., Capt. Robert W. Hartford, Capt. Bertram S. Hearlin, CE, and WOJG Albert T. Hughes, AUS.

Field Artillery School—Brig. Gen. Jose Vasquez Benavides and a party of four other Peruvian Army school directors, Col. Luis A. Selari, Col. Octavio Rios, Lt. Col. Oscar Pro, and Lt. Comdr. Guillermo Alegre, departed recently for the Armored School, Fort Knox, Ky., after visiting various departments and activities of this School. Lt. Col. Charles P. Baldwin accompanied the party as United States Army aide.

Four British staff officers, Lt. Col. Maxwell R. Robinson, Lt. Col. Arthur S. Milner, Lt. Col. Kenneth F. Daniell, and Maj. Peter B. Gillett, visited Fort Sill recently to observe instruction and training methods prior to attending the Command and General Staff School at Fort Leavenworth, Kansas.

Attendance of the four British officers at the Command and General Staff School is part of an exchange program which also provides for attendance of United States Army officers at the British Staff College, Camberley, England.

Maj. Gen. Lunsford E. Oliver and Brig. Gen. Richard C. Partridge, Headquarters AGF and 10 other AGF officers conferred recently with Maj. Gen. Louis E. Hibbs, Commandant of this School; Maj. Gen. John Millikin, Commanding General, Field Artillery Replacement Training Center, and members of their staffs.

The Army Ground Forces group arrived at Fort Sill from Fort Bliss, Tex., and departed for Headquarters, Second Army, Memphis, Tenn.

Five officers from Headquarters, AGF, Washington, D. C., visited the School 1 and 2 February to study standardization and adequacy of training and staff personnel. The officers were Col. David J. Crawford, OD, Lt. Col. Raymond H. Bunshaw, MC, Lt. Col. Charles H. Schilling, CE; Maj. Edward A. Berendt, CWS; and Maj. Vernon N. Simmons, Jr., SC.

Assignments to staff, faculty and detachment for the period 30 January-6 February follow: AGF Air Training School: 2nd Lt. Ralph P. Parsons; Dept. of Combined Arms: Col. Samuel K. Yarbrough; Dept. of Communication: Lt. Col. James B. Evans; Dept. of Materiel: Capt. Walter H. Granrud and 2nd Lt. Herbert F. Hunt; Dept. of Motors: Lt. Col. Melville B. Coburn, Maj. James W. Neil and 2nd Lt. George E. Posner.

Assignments to School Troops for the period 30 Jan.-6 Feb. follows: Hq & Hq Dets: 1st Lt. Ollie B. Richie and 2nd Lt. William W. Holmes; Observation Training Detachment: 1st Lt. Arthur J. Hocker; Infantry Training Detachment: 2nd Lt. Frank V. Hulton; 664th FA Bn.: WOJG Elmer L. Kirby.

Return of pack mules to School Troops was marked by the activation of Btry. C, 611th FA Bn. on 5 Feb.

Infantry School—Maj. Gen. John W. O'Daniel, Commandant, in a recent ceremony bestowed awards on the following officers and enlisted men . . . several of whom have been leading figures at the School during and since the height of the war: Silver Star Medal to Lt. Col. Leland G. Cagwin; Legion of Merit to Col. Bernard A. Byrne, Col. Philip H. Kron, Col. Wilson McK. Spann, Lt. Col. Phillip C. Satterthwaite, and Master Sgt. Walter C. Martin; and Bronze Star Medal to Maj. Charles H. Schroder.

One hundred members of Officer Candidate Class 533 were graduated on 7 Feb.

► **NAVY PERSONNEL.** Persistent inquiries of Congressional leaders into the oil dealings of Mr. Edwin Pauley, have led the latter to fight harder than ever for confirmation of his appointment as Under Secretary of Navy. This week he asked, and was granted, postponement of the hearings on his nomination so that he may go over his private files for further information.

Changes in assignment at the Navy Department this week included that of Rear Adm. Bryson Bruce, who has been transferred to Supervisor of Shipbuilding at the New York Shipbuilding Corp., Camden, N. J. In his new assignment Admiral Bruce will also take over additional duty as Naval Inspector of Ordnance at Camden as well as Supervise Shipbuilding at the Cramp Shipbuilding Co. in Philadelphia.

Rear Adm. Thomas S. Combs, has been named Assistant Chief of the Bureau of Aeronautics, for Material and Services. He will serve at the Bureau office in the Navy Department at Washington, D. C. The Department also announced that Rear Adm. John D. Price has been assigned as commander, Fleet Air at Alameda, Calif.

Navy Orders

(Continued from Page 773)

John T. Sanderman, to Naval Air Bases, 11th ND, San Diego.

Edmond L. Taylor, (S), NR, to Separation.

John H. Thomas, (MC), NR, to nearest ND pending assignment.

William E. Thompson, (CEC), NR, to 1st ND, Boston, Mass., pending assignment.

John E. Toole, (MC), NR, to relieved active duty.

Beverly R. Van Buskirk, to Submarine Base, New London.

Dennistoun W. Verplanck, S(01), NR, to Separation.

John M. Water, to Bu. Ships, Navy Dept.

Gilbert F. Welker, (SC), NR, to 10th Fleet.

Chester C. Wine, (S), NR, to nearest ND

duty separation.

Robert K. Worthington, to Executive Officer, USS Elkokian, AO 55.

11 Feb. 1946

Vice Admiral

Russell Willson, (Ret.), to relieved active duty.

Rear Admirals

Bryson Bruce, to Supervisor of Shipbuilding, New York Shipbuilding Corp., Camden. Thomas S. Combs, to Assistant Chief Bureau of Aeronautics Material Services, Navy Dept.

Commodores

Julius F. Hellweg, (Ret.), to Naval Operations.

Oliver O. Kessing, to Operations Officer, 11th ND, San Diego.

Ralph S. Moore, to Naval Base, San Pedro, Calif. pending assignment.

Captains

Robert R. Culbert, Jr., S(E2), NR, to orders home.

William S. G. Davis, to 11th ND, San Diego, pending assignment.

Thomas M. Dykers, to Staff — Submarine Force, Atlantic, New London.

Alfred C. Flather, (S), NR, to orders home.

Robert J. Foley, to Commander, Submarine Squadron 1.

Jesse B. Goode, to nearest ND pending assignment.

Henry O. Hansen, to Commanding Officer, USS Caloosahatchee.

Lynn N. Hart, (MC), to Med. Dep., Repair Base, San Diego.

Raymond T. Holden, (MC), NR, to Separation.

John D. Leach, (DM), NR, to Duty Shipping Control Authority Japanese Merchant Marine, Tokyo.

Ralph C. Lynch, Jr., to Planning Officer Operations, Base, New York.

Edward C. Palmer, (D), NR, to 11th ND, San Diego, duty separation processing.

Marvin C. Parr, to 10th Fleet, San Francisco.

Theodore T. Patterson, (Ret.), to 4th ND, Philadelphia, pending release active duty.

Clifford P. Powell, (MC), to Separation Center, Washington, D. C.—duty.

Herbert E. Regan, to USS Franklin D. Roosevelt.

Walter W. Rockey, to Duty with Assistant Chief Staff Personnel as Officer Distribution Officer, 11th ND, San Diego.

Philip M. Ross, to Commanding Officer, USS Chemung.

Curtiss W. Schantz, (DC), to Training Schools, Chicago.

William R. Smedberg, III, to Aide Secretary Navy, Navy Dept.

Paul D. Stroop, to Staff—CINCPAC-CINCPAC.

William A. Sutherland, to Duty Staff Office Public Information, Pensacola.

Rawson J. Valentine, (Ret.), to release active duty.

Corydon M. Wassell, MC(S), NR, to orders home.

George C. Weldon, to Staff—10th Fleet, San Francisco.

Commanders

John M. Allison, (SA), NR, to Bureau Aero-nautics, Navy Dept.

Edward J. Bednarz, (D), NR, Commanding Officer, USS Haven.

Alfred J. Benz, to Commanding Officer, USS Comstock.

Ellis B. Berkstresser, (Ret.), (CC), to re-lease active duty.

Lewis W. Brown, (MC), NR, to nearest ND duty separation processing.

John T. Cangelosi, (MC), to Hospital, Guam Island.

Thomas R. Dowd, (DC), NR, to Hospital, Newport.

Samuel Frothingham, S(E), NR, to Separation.

John S. Graham, S(A), NR, to Operations, Navy Dept.

R. C. Kirkpatrick, Jr., to Executive Officer Navigator, USS Independence.

John K. Knapper, to nearest ND pending assignment.

Isaac N. La Victoire, MC(S), NR, to orders home.

Lawrence C. Leever, (D) L, NR, to orders home.

Daniel K. Lessig, (MC), NR, to Naval Air Station, Willow Grove.

Clyde Lovelace, to relieved active duty.

Harry B. MacLeod, (D), NR, to Small Craft Training Center, San Pedro, pending assign-ment.

Ira C. McKee, (D), NR, to Florida Group,

16th Fleet, Green Cove Springs.

Thomas W. McKnight, (Al), NR, to Air Station, Quantum.

Edward P. Nickinson, (Ret.), to relieved active duty.

Joseph P. Norfleet, (Ret.), to relieved active duty.

Fitzhugh L. Palmer, Jr., to Commanding Officer Executive Officer, USS Altamaha.

Aram Y. Parunak, to Executive Officer, USS Cumberland Sound.

Robert C. Ransdell, MC(S), NR, to Separation.

Matthew S. Schmidling, to Commanding Officer, USS New.

Wilson Starbuck, (S), NR, to 5th ND, Norfolk, Va.

Hardy Steeholm, (S), NR, to Operations Navy Dept.

Joseph A. Syslo, (MC), to Hospital, St. Albans.

Joseph J. Timmes, (MC), to Joint Task Force 1.

Raymond J. Toner, (D), NR, to Commanding Officer Service School Command, Train-ing Center, Bainbridge.

Robert S. Trower, III, to Training Center, San Francisco, pending assignment.

James E. Vose, Jr., to Air Officer, USS Antietam.

Cecil R. Welte, to Executive Officer, USS Fremont, APA 44.

Nathaniel S. West, (HS), NR, to Naval Medical Research Unit No. 2.

Chester C. Wine, (S), NR, to nearest sep-aration processing.

Ralph F. Yambert, (AS), NR, to Executive Officer, USS Manila Bay, CVE-61.

12 Feb. 1946

Rear Admirals

John Dale Price, to Commander, Fleet, Alameda.

Commodore

Charles T. Dickeman, (CEC), to Bureau Yards, Docks, Navy Dept. pending assign-ment.

Captains

William D. Anderson, to Commanding Officer, Air Station, Livermore.

Winfield A. Brooks, to Supervising Inspector Material, Atlanta, Ga.

Edward E. Colestock, to Naval Operations.

Samuel G. Colwell, (A3), NR, to nearest Fleet Air Command, pending assignment.

Edwin B. Dexter, to Office Public Infor-mation, 12th ND, San Francisco.

John W. Dayton, (MC), NR, to Hospital, Corpus Christi.

John G. Foster, Jr., to Commanding Officer, Air Facility, Columbus.

Arthur H. Graubart, to Commanding Officer, USS Prinz Eugen.

James E. Leeper, to Commanding Officer, Air Station, New Orleans.

Frank W. MacDonald, to Research Laboratory, Washington.

Charles H. Murphy, to 11th ND., San Diego, pending assignment.

William T. Nelson, to nearest ND., pending assignment.

William L. Peterson, (Ret.), to relieved active duty.

Samuel M. Pickering, to Commanding Officer, Air Station, St. Simons Island.

Stanhope C. Ring, to Commanding Officer, USS Saratoga.

David G. Roberts, to orders home.

Paul H. Talbot, to 12th ND., San Francisco.

Olin P. Thomas, Jr., to 10th Fleet.

Claude L. Turner, (SE), NR, to Bu. Ships, Navy Dept.

Paul W. Watson, to Officer in charge Air Reserve Training, San Diego.

Raphael L. Weir, (MC), to Air Station, Quonset Point.

Florentine P. Wencker, to Commanding Officer, Ammunition Depot, Charlotte.

Warren D. Wilkin, to Bu. Per.

Commanders

Richard H. Atkinson, Jr., (D), NR, to Duty Director Naval Reserves, San Diego.

Clarence F. Avery, to Commanding Officer, Air Station, Sanford.

Thomas W. Bennett, (MC), NR, to Hospital, Philadelphia.

Charles V. Broadley, (S), NR, to Separation.

Donald C. Brown, (D), NR, to Operations Officer, Transport Division 12.

Samuel Daum, (MC), NR, to Separation Center Long Island.

James Y. Dumber, (SE), NR, to Bu. Ships, pending assignment.

Andrew C. Flinn, (SE), NR, to Bu. Ships, pending assignment.

Joel C. Ford, Jr., to Public Information, Navy Dept.

John C. Fountain, S(O), NR, to nearest ND, duty, separation.

Frederick G. W. Guggenbuhl, (MC), NR, to Hospital, Norman.

James W. Gustin, Jr., (MC), NR, to Hospi-tal, Bremerton.

John L. Haines, to Commanding Officer, USS Cortland.

Walter N. Hanson, (MC), to USS Fall River, CA 131.

Walter D. Hantelman, (DE), NR, to Train-ing Center, San Francisco, pending assign-ment.

Alberton C. Harshman, (DE), NR, to Com-manding Officer, USS Coasters Harbor.

Willard E. Hastings, to Executive Officer, Air Station, Banana River.

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Navy Orders

(Continued from Preceding Page)

Charles K. Holzer, (DM), NR, nearest ND, pending assignment.

Henry P. Hopkins, (MC), NR, to Separation.

Arthur L. Kelly, (MC), NR, to Naval Air Station, Ottumwa.

Alva A. Kirchner, (C), NR, to Communications and Tactical Officer, Carrier Div. 5.

Edward M. Landis, SC(S), NR, to Separat'n. Jack Maginnis to Commanding Officer, USS Minneapolis.

Charles H. McKenzie, (MC), NR, to nearest ND, pending assignment.

Earle R. Metcalfe, (MC), to duty Naval Aviator Pilotless Aircraft Unit, Mojave.

Allen B. Morsland, (S), NR, to Separat'n.

Frederick D. Newbar, MC(S), NR, to Separation.

Charles B. Paine, jr., to orders home.

William F. Queen, (MC), to BuMed, Navy Dept.

Frederick E. Robey, S(I), NR, to orders home.

George B. Sellery, (SCS), NR, to Acting Supervisory Cost Inspector, 11th ND, San Diego.

Daniel F. Smith, jr., to Staff—Air Station, Jacksonville.

Albert C. Thompson, (DM), NR, to nearest ND, pending assignment.

Harry Thornton, (SC), NR, to Separat'n. Joseph L. V. Treglia, (D), NR, to orders home.

George H. Tyne, S(L), NR, to Separation.

John E. Wade, (DM), NR, to orders home.

David J. Walsh, (DE), NR, to Staff—Operational Development Force.

Donald C. Wilkinson, (MC), NR, to release from active duty.

Walter J. Willis, (E), NR, to San Diego Group, 19th Fleet.

Phil Wood, (CD), NR, to Training Group, Boston.

13 Feb. 1946

Captains

Thurston B. Clark to Aviation Officer, 10th Fleet, Navy Dept.

Ralph S. Clarke to Com. Officer, Air Station, Los Alamitos.

Terrence R. Cowie to Com. Officer, Barracks, Consolidated Steel Corp., Ltd., Orange.

Ian C. Eddy to Comdr., Sub. Div. 82.

Ira E. Hobbs to Aviation Officer, 4th Flt.

Ralph W. Hungerford to Comdr., Charleston Group, 16th Fleet, Charleston.

Charles J. Hutchinson, MC(S), NR, to Hospital, Mare Island.

William C. Jennings, (DE), NR, to Comdr., Escort Division 6.

William A. Macklin to Com. Officer, USS Monrovia.

Dominic L. Mattie to Com. Officer, USS Uvalde.

Jesse S. McClure to Com. Officer, USS San Jacinto.

Theodore B. Meyer, (MC), NR, to Separat'n.

Frederic W. Priestman, (A3), NR, to Officer in Charge, Air Reserve Training Unit, Jacksonville.

Robert S. Robertson, (Ret.), to release from duty.

Manley H. Simons to Com. Officer, USS Sylvania.

Edward N. Teall, jr., to Chief U. S. Naval Mission to Bogota, Colombia.

Commanders

Jay S. Anderson to Exec. Officer, USS Antietam.

William C. Asserson to Com. Officer, USS Prince William.

Francis E. Bardwell to Com. Officer, USS Enterprise.

Harry H. Barton to Com. Officer, USS Makin Island.

Anderson Bowers, (A)L, NR, to Staff — Fleet Air, Quonset Point.

Edward W. Bridewell to Com. Officer, USS Breton.

George F. Burpee, (MC), NR, to Med. Dept. Training Center, Great Lakes.

Briscoo Chipman to Exec. Officer, USS Samuel Chase.

Cornelius J. Delaney, (MC), NR, to Hosp., St. Albans, New York.

William E. Dennard, (DC), to Air Station, Coco Solo.

Edward H. Doolin, (Ret.), to nearest ND, pending assignment.

John B. Fellows, Jr., to U. S. Naval Mission, Cartagena, Colombia.

Edward B. Garrigues, Jr., (D), NR, to Comdr., LSM Squadron 5.

Daniel C. Goodman to Com. Officer, USS Monterey.

Paul C. Griggs to Com. Officer, USS Bogue.

John L. Haines to Com. Officer, USS Cortland.

Louis A. Harrison, Jr., (CD), NR, to Sepa.

Robert E. Hess, Jr., to Com. Officer, USS Tripoli.

William W. Hollister to Exec. Officer, USS Oriskany.

Ellison C. Johnson, (SC), NR, to Asst. to Supply Officer, Shipyard, Charleston.

James E. Kendall, (DM), NR, to Com. Officer, USS Barrow.

Robert H. Kerr to Exec. Officer, USS Biloxi.

Charles W. Kinsella to Bur. of Aeronautics General Representative, Los Angeles.

Nelson T. Levings, (S), NR, to 8th ND, New Orleans, duty Naval Reserve.

Theodore C. Linthicum to Production Of-

cer, San Pedro.

Albert R. Mack, (Ret.), to release act. duty.

Theophilus H. Moore to Com. Officer, USS Windham Bay.

John A. Moreno to Com. Officer, USS San Jacinto.

James F. Mortaugh, (SA), NR, to 1 Sepa.

Unit, Great Lakes.

Floyd B. T. Myhre to Office Director Pub-

lic Information.

John C. Nichols to Com. Officer, USS Guillard.

Philip Niekuhn, Jr., (Ret.), to Bu. Ord.

Easton B. Noble to Com. Officer, USS Sag-

inaw Bay.

Edwin B. Parker to Com. Officer, USS Rudyerd Bay.

Charles E. Phillips to Exec. Officer, USS Cleveland.

Max Schwitzer, (SC), NR, to Supply Of-

ficer, Air Station, Mojave.

Harmon B. Sherry to Subma. Base, New London.

Melville E. Stone, (A), NR, to Separation.

Jack C. Whistler to Com. Officer, USS Mar-

cus Island.

Linsky L. Willis, (DC), to USS Tranquillity.

Cole L. Windham, (A1), NR, to Personnel

Separation Unit, Norfolk, Va., duty connec-

tion separation processing.

14 Feb. 1946

Captains

Theodore C. Ayward, to 3rd ND, New York, pending assignment.

John H. Austin, SC(S), NR, to Office Secre-

tary.

Morgan C. Barrett, to Office Supervising In-

spector, Pittsburgh.

William H. Benson, to Bu. Ord.

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Cliff L. Bolton, (DM), NR, to Commanding Officer, USS Sibley.

Edward H. Colestock, to Naval Operations.

James P. Conover, Jr., (Ret.), to relieved active duty.

Peter Corradi, (CRC), NR, to Public Works Office, Lakphurst.

Walter S. Denham, to Texas Group, 16th Fleet, Orange.

Andrew M. R. Fitzsimmons, S(E2), NR, to Bu. Ships.

Wilfred B. Goulett, to Commanding Officer, USS Navarro.

Lloyd R. Gray, (Ret.), to 11th ND, San Diego, pending release active duty.

William L. Harmon, to 19th Fleet.

Richard C. Holiday, (CEC), NR, to Separation.

John C. Hyland, (Ret.), to relieved active duty.

George H. Lytle, to Service Force, Pacific Fleet.

Roger F. McCall, to Commanding Officer, Station, Orange.

Lewis R. McDowell, to Commanding Officer, USS Prairie.

Thomas B. McMurtrey, to Commanding Officer, USS Pickaway.

John R. Moore, to Shipyard, San Francisco.

George E. Peterson, to Bu. Pers.

John V. Peterson, to Bu. Pers.

Knight Pryor, to Staff — Naval Forces, Europe.

Henry E. Richter, to Commanding Officer, Training Command, San Diego.

Clifford H. Roper, Bu. Pers.

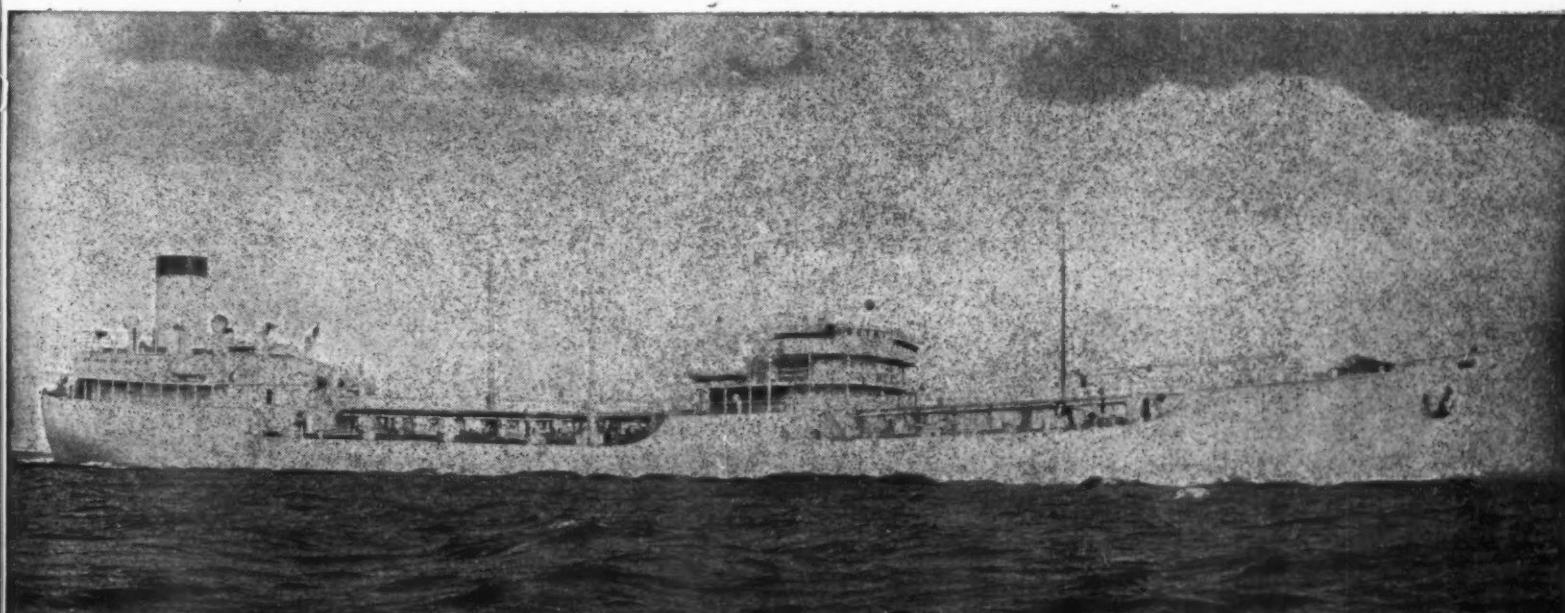
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Philip H. Ross, to Commanding Officer, USS Chemung.

Carl W. Seltz, (SC), to Supply Officer, Faragut.

Beryl C. Shearer, (MC), NR, to Hospital, Astoria.

Reuben R. Smith, (Ret.), to relieved active duty.

Leo C. Thyson, (MC), to Dispensary.

Hugh Warren, (MC), NR, to Hospital.

Clarke Withers, (DE), NR, to Staff—19th Fleet.

Commanders

Fred E Angrick, (DM), NR, to nearest ND.

Edwin C Asman, to Air Officer, USS Boxer.

Paul P. Barrick (A1D), NR, to Executive Officer, Radar School, St. Simons Island.

John N. Boege, (DC), to Air Station, Moffett Field.

John A. Bogley, to Commanding Officer, USS Lucid.

Alfred R. Bolleau, to Shipyard, Philadelphia.

James A. Brown, (MC), NR, to Hospital, Portsmouth.

Francis A. Burke, (ChC), to USS Kearsarge.

Thomas P. Caden, (E), NR, to Engineer Officer, USS Fargo.

Wilson W. Chase, (DC), NR, to Officer Charge, Medical Center, Bethesda.

Richard K. Cockey, (D), NR, to Assistant Director Training, 3rd ND, New York.

Joseph F. Dalton, to Bu. Pers., pending assignment.

Emerson H. Dimpfel, (DE), NR, to U. S. Naval Shipyard, Mare Island.

Horace C. Dudley, (S04), NR, to Joint Task Force One, Naval Operations.

William L. Eagleton, (DE), NR, to Office Secretary, Navy Dept.

Charles L. Elkins, (SC), to Naval Ammunition Depot, Hawthorne, Nevada.

John L. Fox, (Ret.), to relieved active duty.

Walter T. Griffith, to 8th ND, New Orleans, pending assignment.

Nathan D. Haines, to Commanding Officer, USS Bon Homme Richard.

William C. Hembury, to Executive Officer, USS Saint Croix.

Robert E. Hess, Jr., to Commanding Officer, USS Tripoli.

Alexander S. Heyward, Jr., to Operations, Navy Dept.

Karl E. Hintze, (Ret.), to relieved active duty.

Raymond P. Hunter, to Bu. Pers.

Joseph E. Jerule, (CEC), NR, to Bureau Yards, Dock, Chicago.

Woodburn K. Lamb, (MC), NR, to Separation Unit (WR), San Francisco.

Richard Lane, to Office Public Information.

William E. Lewis, to Training Station, Newport.

Harry W. Leiser, (SC), NR, to Supply Depot, Norfolk.

Weldon H. Lloyd, (Ret.), to relieved active duty.

Frederick N. Phillips, Jr., to Commanding Officer, USS Petrof Bay.

John E. Pond, Jr., to Training Station, Newport.

James A. Pridmore, to Training Station, Newport.

Fred P. Reiner, (S), NR, to Base, New York.

Henry A. Rowe, to Air Operations Officer—Joint Task Force One.

Burson D. Shippee, (DM), NR, to Commanding Officer, USS Ibex.

Thomas H. Simmonds, (A), NR, to Aerology Officer, Norfolk.

Edward D. Spruance, to Staff—Submarine Division 102.

Henry A. Stewart, to Commanding Officer, USS Langley.

Leroy T. Taylor, to Training Station, Newport.

Joseph C. Toth, to nearest Fleet Air Command, pending assignment.

George U. Uhnacht, to Administrative Command, Pacific.

John M. C. Van Hulsteyn, (CEC), NR, to Public Works Office, 3rd ND, New York.

Clarence G. T. Wakeman, (D), NR, to nearest ND duty separation.

Harold E. Walker, (DE), NR, to Officer in Charge, Recruiting Station, Huntington.

Nathaniel S. West, (HS), NR, to Separations Center, San Francisco, duty.

Wallace H. Weston, to Air Technical Training Center, Memphis.

Frank K. B. Wheeler, to Service Force, Pacific Fleet.

William P. Wood, (S), NR, to 11th ND, San Diego, duty.

Jonathan L. W. Woodville, Jr., to Training Station, Newport.

John W. Wright, (S1), NR, to Separations Center.

Adm. King's Report

(Following is a continuation from last week's ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL of the text of the report of Fleet Admiral Ernest J. King) :

Some 1,627 new vessels, aggregating 9,000,000 gross tons, which had been constructed during the fiscal year 1945, had been certified by the Coast Guard under the marine inspection laws. Annual inspections on 9,729 vessels were completed during the year. The passing of the peak of the emergency ship construction relieved a number of field inspectors who were transferred from the east coast and Great Lakes to Pacific ports for temporary duty.

Merchant Marine Hearing Units continued to operate in all important United States ports while others functioned in Europe, Suez, Ceylon, the south and southwest Pacific and the Canal Zone. They promptly investigated marine casualties and acted as government liaison officers in merchant marine affairs.

The Coast Guard maintained nine air stations along the coasts of the United States, under the operational control of the various sea frontiers, with a total of 165 planes. These have served as task units in the conduct of air-sea rescue. Assistance was rendered in 686 plane crashes and 786 lives were saved during the fiscal year; 5,357 emergency medical cases were transported and 159 obstructions to navigation and derelicts were sighted for removal.

VII Naval Research and Development During World War II

In December 1941 the United States faced seasoned enemies, who not only had long been preparing for war but who had actually been waging it for several years. Within the limited facilities and means available throughout the years of peace, the United States Navy had, however, equipped itself with weapons the equal of, or superior to, those of other navies and had laid the groundwork for still further development. During the war the science and industry of this country and our allies were mobilized to apply existing scientific knowledge to the perfection of these weapons and the development of new and more deadly means of waging war. As a result the United States Navy was able to maintain the technical advantage over the navies of our enemies, which contributed so materially to the outcome of World War II.

The means of accomplishing this were not so much directed towards making new discoveries, as towards the exploitation of the skills and techniques which civilian scientists had already cultivated in years of peace. When war appeared imminent, the War and Navy Departments and the National Academy of Sciences gave close attention to the most profitable manner of utilizing the strength of American science in military and naval research. It was decided to attempt a solution involving the maximum flexibility and initiative, in which the fundamental principle would be cooperation between science and the armed forces, rather than to bring the scientists into military and naval laboratories, as was done in England. The principle proved thoroughly sound. The arrangement adopted was the establishment by executive order of the Office of Scientific Research and Development, which had as its scientific and technical working bodies the National Defense Research Council, the Medical Research Council, and (Please turn to Page 784)

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Calendar Of Legislation

ACTION ON LEGISLATION

S. 1405. Conference report on Navy involuntary retirement bill. Agreed to by Senate. To President.
H. R. 2240. To credit certain service performed by members of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, Coast Guard, Coast and Geodetic Survey, and Public Health Service prior to reaching eighteen years of age for the purpose of computing longevity pay, or for other pay purposes. Reported by Senate Military Committee.

BILLS INTRODUCED

H. 1811. Sen. Walsh, Mass. To amend existing law so as to provide the Coast Guard, when transferred back to the Treasury Department, with a system of laws for the settlement of claims.

S. 1812. Sen. Walsh, Mass. To provide reimbursement for personal property lost, damaged, or destroyed by explosions at the naval ammunition depot, Hastings, Neb., on 6 April 1944, and 15 September 1944.

S. 1820. Sen. Langer, N. Dak. Providing for increased pay for personnel of the Navy, Marine Corps, and Coast Guard who incurred combat injuries.

S. 1821. Sen. Mead, N. Y. To amend existing law so as to authorize the appropriation of funds necessary to provide an additional 100,000 temporary housing units for distressed families of servicemen and for veterans and their families.

S. 1823. Sen. Johnson, Colo. To provide for continuing the reemployment rights of veterans under the Selective Training and Service Act, as amended.

H. R. 5426. Rep. Vinson, Ga. To provide for the training of officers for the naval service.

H. R. 5433. Rep. May, Ky. To amend existing law providing for the detail of United States military and naval missions to foreign governments.

S. 1827. Sen. Walsh, Mass. To provide for transportation of dependents of the personnel of the Naval Establishment from overseas stations to inland destinations in the United States.

Navy Nominations

The following nomination was sent to the Senate 8 Feb.:

Civil Engineer Joseph F. Jelley, Jr., to be a civil engineer with the rank of rear admiral, for temporary service, while serving as deputy chief of civil engineers, and the Assistant Chief of the Bureau of Yards and Docks.

Permanent careers in the Armed Forces await able, qualified men.

U. S. COAST GUARD

COAST GUARD Headquarters is preparing a program for the institution of an aids to navigation school for enlisted personnel in each district. The need for such a program, it is stated, has been felt for some time, since the number of enlisted men trained in aids to navigation at Groton Training Station is not sufficient for the needs of the Service.

The main antenna system of the 255-foot cutters is being redesigned at Coast Guard Headquarters, taking into consideration all the comments received from district representatives and commanding officers of the vessels. At the present time, no two ships of this class have the same type of installation, and it is now felt that it is highly desirable that all ships of one class adhere to a standard installation.

If any faults or undesirable features should be observed by field officers, such observations should be forwarded to Headquarters in order that corrections may be made to all vessels of the same class.

Coast Guard Headquarters is cooperating with the Federal Communications Commission in planning for tests of a proposed method for mutual alerting and inter-communication between ships and aircraft. The proposed method involves the utilization of VHF radio equipment and means by which the VHF transmissions from aircraft can be utilized to activate the ship's auto-alarm. The Coast Guard will conduct tests at an early date, and observers will be present from the Federal Communications Commission and other government agencies.

Plans are now under way to assign Coast Guard officers to post graduate training as soon as selected officers become available. It is expected that within the next six months, a small number of officers will be assigned to courses in aerology, communications engineering, naval engineering, and possibly civil engineering and law.

The Accounting Division of the Office of Finance and Supply is currently re-

viewing field instructions and procedures with the idea of revising them to meet conditions changed by reason of the transfer of the Coast Guard from the jurisdiction of the Navy to that of the Treasury Department.

The major items being considered are instructions and procedures connected with the disbursement of appropriated moneys and procedures for accounting for moneys appropriated, allotted, and expended.

Tax Exemption Measure

Bills to extend service men's State personal income tax exemption to 1 July 1947, have passed the New York State Assembly. In addition other state legislation was passed which exempts from taxation property bought with veteran pensions, bonuses or insurance. The measures now go to the state Senate.

Leadership Needs Support

The highest commander cannot, by himself, provide the leadership necessary to tactical victory, but must be supported by

Everybody likes REAL
CHILICON CARNE



Gebhardt's
EAGLE
CHILI POWDER

Yes sir...here's extra flavor
for everybody! Just add a
dash of Crosse & Blackwell's
Worcestershire Sauce, or
thick, rich C & B Sauce to
meats, fish, soups, stews....
Get the habit—ask for these
sauces by name....

Army and Navy Journal

February 16, 1946

779

a great organization of devoted assistants, the base of which must be captains, lieutenants, sergeants, and corporals, and every man that has a position of responsibility over another on the battlefield, General of the Army Dwight D. Eisenhower, Chief of Staff, asserted this week.

Speaking at American University graduation exercises for Disabled Veterans, at Washington, D. C., 10 Feb., the Chief of Staff paid high tribute to the veterans and said that he believed that their future lives in the cause of promoting understanding, forbearance and tolerance among nations will be of far greater value to America than have even their past achievements.

Change Air Field Name

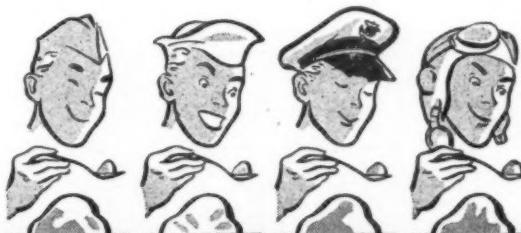
Merced Army Air Field, Merced, Calif., has been redesignated Castle Field, in honor of Brig. Gen. Frederick Walker Castle.

AT YOUR SERVICE FOR BETTER FLAVOR

C & B SAUCE

CROSSE & BLACKWELL WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE

Everybody likes REAL CHILICON CARNE



DESSERT CHOICE of every service

Rich-tasting, true-flavored Ice Cream that's smooth and mellow as the best home-made kind you ever tasted. It's easy to make with Golden State Powdered Ice Cream Mix—made from choicest ingredients by exclusive man-

ufacturing process, and under exacting scientific laboratory control to insure uniform goodness, purity, and high nutrient value. Packed in 4½ lb. and 25½ lb. tins . . . in three favorite flavors; Vanilla, Chocolate, Maple.

Send for Complete Information . . . and your FREE copy of our helpful Mixing and Serving Manual. And, when you're in the neighborhood, visit our Ice Cream Laboratory.

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GOLDEN STATE powdered ICE CREAM MIX



THE Under Secretary of War and Mrs. Royall are entertaining tomorrow afternoon. Mrs. Patterson, wife of the Secretary of War, will pour tea.

The Commandant of the Marine Corps and Mrs. Vandegrift entertained at an informal luncheon at their quarters at the Barracks the other day, among the guests being Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Julian Smith, passing through Washington from San Francisco to Parris Island; Mrs. DeWitt Peck, wife of Maj. Gen. Peck, in China, who is recently back from the West Coast, where her daughter became Mrs. Corliss Nugent; also Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Ray Robinson, who are leaving soon for his new station in Honolulu, Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Thomas Watson, Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Charles Sanderson, Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Samuel C. Cumming up from Quantico, and Mrs. Clifford Cates, bringing regrets from Gen. Cates in Quantico, recently back from Japan, where he was in command of the Fourth Marine Division.

Mrs. William H. Speidel, wife of Col. Speidel, USA, is visiting in Washington with her small son, Bill, and is staying at the Mayflower.

Colonel Speidel has been two and a half years overseas, and is now in Frankfurt, Germany, and Mrs. Speidel is for the nonce making her home with her father, Mr. Edwin M. Chase in Concord, Mass.

Admiral H. K. Hewitt, USN, Commander U. S. Naval Forces Europe, returned recently to London after a tour of Germany and Austria. In Frankfurt Admiral Hewitt and General McNaury were dinner guests of Vice Admiral William Glassford, USN, Commander U. S. Naval Forces, Germany.

Admiral Hewitt visited Vienna, Salzburg, Garwisch, Bad Tolz, and Nuremberg. At Vienna Admiral Hewitt decorated General Mark Clark with the Navy Distinguished Service Medal. At Bad Tolz Admiral Hewitt bestowed the same dec-



Many Retired Officers Live in Clearwater

For many years officers of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps and Coast Guard have been coming to Clearwater in increasing numbers—coming for a vacation, coming back to LIVE. During the war many officers from nearby training fields have lived in Clearwater and many have purchased homes here, planning to return . . . You, too, will like Clearwater as the location of your future home. It offers an ideal combination of living advantages—nearly perfect climate, all kinds of sport and entertainment, excellent schools, reasonable living costs, pleasant living conditions. Come for a vacation and you'll come back to make your home. For brochures write Paul F. Ficht, Chamber of Commerce—

Clearwater
FLORIDA - ON THE GULF

SERVICE SOCIAL NEWS



MRS. LESLIE EDWARD
BRANDON,

who before her marriage 19 Jan. to 1st Lt. Brandon, AAF, was Miss Vivian Dolores Orr, daughter of Col. and Mrs. Raymond Orr, USA.

oration on Lt. Gen. Lucian K. Truscott, Jr.

Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Clinton F. Robinson entertained at dinner at the Army-Navy Country Club the other evening, having as their guests Lt. Gen. Daniel L. Sultan, Maj. Gen. Paul Hawley, Maj. Gen. and Mrs. McCoach, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Tompkins, and others. Mrs. Sultan has gone to St. Louis to visit their daughter, Mrs. Perry Hackett and new granddaughter.

Mrs. Philip Eaton, wife of Rear Admiral Eaton was hostess at a luncheon last Friday in compliment to Mrs. Paul Stewart, wife of Rear Admiral Stewart, recently appointed chief medical officer of the coast guard. Other guests at the luncheon at Comynholm, the Eaton home off Rock Creek Park were Mrs. Joseph A. Farley, wife of Admiral Farley, Commandant of the Coast Guard; Mrs. L. T. Chalker, Mrs. R. T. McElligott, Mrs. Lydia Spencer, and Mrs. John N. Heiner.

Mrs. Joseph H. Davis was a recent (Please turn to Page 782)

THE FULFILLMENT OF A DREAM



General James Harbord first thought of it...told the President of the Del Monte Properties Company what a wonderful place the Monterey Peninsula might be for officers in the service to retire to. Close to the historic Monterey Presidio, with a healthful, year-round climate, it offers every facility for sports and social activities.

The outgrowth of the General's suggestion was the Monterey Peninsula Country Club, now having a membership of approximately 400, including many retired officers. Members are elected; then purchase home sites and memberships at average costs of \$1,000 to \$1,500, with dues of \$5.00 per month.

Full details upon request

MONTEREY PENINSULA
COUNTRY CLUB
DEL MONTE * CALIFORNIA

Weddings and Engagements

COL. and Mrs. James Douglas Givens announce the marriage of their daughter, Elizabeth Ann, to Capt. Robert Dugald McClure, AAF, on 26 Jan., at the Post Chapel, Wright Field, Ohio.

Captain McClure, a graduate of the U. S. Military Academy class of 1943, is the son of Brig. Gen. Robert A. McClure, now in Germany, and Mrs. McClure of San Clemente, Calif.

Miss Givens attended Pembroke College of Brown University, and Sophie Newcomb College.

Captain McClure is the grandson of the late Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Joseph Dugald Leitch, and the nephew of Col. William D. Eckert, AAF, and Mrs. Don G. Hilldrup, wife of Colonel Hilldrup, U. S. Army Medical Corps. He has recently returned from the Pacific.

With Mrs. Truman, the President's wife, a guest and their daughter, Margaret a bridesmaid, Miss Gloria Chavez was married in St. Matthew's Church, Washington, D. C., 9 Feb., to Lt. (jg) Jorge Enrique Tristani, USNR, son of Mr. and Mrs. Jorge Guillermo Tristani of Ponce, P. R.

The bride is the daughter of Senator Dennis Chavez of New Mexico, and Mrs. Chavez. Her sister, Mrs. Stanley Miller, was matron of honor.

The bridegroom's father acted as his best man, and ushers were Lts. Victor Storey, Robert Bauchman and George Robertson with Ens. Dennis Chavez, Jr., and Stanley W. Miller. Honorary ushers were Maj. Roderick O'Connor, Mr. Ernest Espinosa, and Lt. Victor Hayech.

Exchanging their wedding vows during the Holiday season, Miss Helen Irene Waltz, daughter of Mrs. Lillian C. Waltz of Salinas, Calif. and the late Capt. James A. Waltz, Inf., USA, and Capt. Merville Weston Hutchison, AC, USA, son of Mr. and Mrs. Cecil F. Hutchison of Scottsbluff, Nebr. were united in marriage on Sunday, 16 Dec. in the First Methodist Church in Salinas, Calif. The Rev. Douglas Ewan officiated at the double ring candlelight ceremony. Preceding the ceremony Sgt. Harold Johnson of Fort Ord, Calif. sang "Because" and "I Love You Truly."

Given in marriage by Mr. Remo Boasso, a close friend of the family, the bride was lovely in a gown of white satin designed with a close fitting bodice embroidered at the neckline in a bowknot of tiny seed pearls. The sleeves were long and full and extended into points over the wrists and the skirt ended in a long train. Her fingertip length veil of illusion was held in place by a crown of white satin entwined with seed pearls. She carried a bouquet of orchids and bouvardia with white satin ribbon cascading from the center. For her something old the bride wore a gold locket given to her mother upon the return of her father from World War I. Her something borrowed was tiny seed pearl earrings belonging to her sister; she carried out the traditional something blue and wore a sixpence in her shoe.

Mrs. Richard G. Williams, wife of Lt. Col. Richard G. Williams, who is at present serving with the 1st Division in Germany was her sister's matron of honor. The Misses Betty Gleason and Bobbie Brown of Salinas, were the bridesmaids.

The best man was 1st Lt. Howard Willard and the guests were seated by Capt. Fred Northway and 1st Lt. William Wood.

A reception was held at the Santa Lucia Inn in Salinas and the couple spent their honeymoon at Del Monte Lodge near Carmel.

The bride attended school in Indianapolis, Ind. and was graduated from school in Salinas.

Miss Elizabeth Lansing Peck, daughter of Maj. Gen. DeWitt Peck, USMC, and Mrs. Peck was married to Ens. Corliss Robinson Nugent, USN, son of Mr. and Mrs. Corliss D. Nugent of Glenco, Ill., 13 Jan., in Christ Episcopal Church in Coronado, Calif., with Chaplain William T. Holt, USN, assisted by the Rev. Harry C. Nash, officiating.

Maj. Gen. Peck is in Tientsin, China, commanding the 1st Marine Division, and in his absence Lt. William H. Peck gave his sister's hand in marriage. Her father sent her a beautiful hand-made lace veil from China, which she wore with her white satin gown, fashioned with long train and her white prayer book was topped with a white orchid.

Mrs. Meynard C. Schultz served as the bride's only attendant. Ensign Nugent had as his best man his father, and ushers included Lt. Griffin Moody, USMC, and Ensigns H. H. Harper, Paul Moore and M. J. Pulver, all USN. A reception followed at the North Island Officers' Club.

The bride was graduated from Point Loma High School, in '39 while her father was chief of staff to Maj. Gen. Louis McCarthy Little, USMC. Ensign Nugent was graduated from the U. S. Naval Academy last June and is now attached to the USS Mayrant.

Their home will be at 1144 Valley Drive Parkfairfax, Alexandria, Va.

Mrs. Peck who makes her home at Green Park, Pomfret, Md., and her daughter were house guests in San Diego of Col. and Mrs. Frederick Stack during the nuptials.

The Fourth Army Catholic chapel, Infantry Post, Fort Sam Houston, was the scene of the marriage of Mrs. Sarita R. Uglow, daughter of Maj. Daniel Rodriguez, USA-Ret., and Mrs. Zoraida R. Reynolds all of San Antonio, Tex., to Capt. James Comyns, son of Mrs. John Comyns and the late Mr. John Comyns all of La Salle, Ill., on 4 Feb. Fourth Army Chaplain (Col.) Joseph Koch, USA, officiated.

The bride was given away by her father. Mr. William R. Reynolds, brother of the bride was best man. Mr. and Mrs. Norman R. Reynolds, brother and sister-in-law of the bride were also present. Only immediate members of the family attended. A wedding breakfast in the Menger Hotel followed the ceremony.

After a wedding trip to Mexico City and the Panama Canal Zone where they will visit with the bride's brother-in-law, Col. Wm. F. Due and sister Mrs. Due, the couple will return to San Antonio, Tex., where they will fix their residence.

On the afternoon of 5 Feb. at a candlelight ceremony in the Church of Our Saviour, San Gabriel, Calif., Miss Sally Miller, daughter of Mrs. William Miller and the late Dr. Miller, became the bride of 1st Lt. Eric Kobbé, Cav., AUS, son of Col. Herman Kobbé, USA-Ret., and Mrs. Kobbé of Pasadena.

The bride, who wore traditional white satin with a Mary, Queen of Scots head-dress holding her abbreviated veil, chose

(Please turn to Page 782)

See **SILVER SPRINGS**
"Sweetheart of the Scenic South"
In the Heart of Florida

WRITE Box ANJ, Silver Springs, Fla., for FREE photo story.

Howard Will
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Misses Elizabeth Winstead, daughter
of Mr. and Mrs. David Roy Winstead, whose
marriage to Lt. George William Drennan, USNR,
of Lancaster, Pa., will take place early
next month, was guest of honor Saturday
afternoon at a cocktail party given by Miss
Anne Reilly and Miss Hyla Goffigon at the
home of Miss Reilly on Monroe Place.

Capt. William M. Walsh, USN, left Tues-
day for Trinidad, West Indies, where he has
been ordered to command the Air Station.
He will be joined later this month by Mrs.
Walsh and family.

Rear Adm. and Mrs. John S. Roberts who
formerly resided at the Naval Operating Base,
are now making their home in Coronado,
Calif.

Lt. Col. Walter Lake Renn, Jr., USA, and
Mrs. Renn, arrived Sunday to spend some
time with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Walter
Lake Renn at their home on 5th Street.

Comdr. and Mrs. Clifford L. Wickman of
Shady Side, Md., are visiting Capt. and Mrs.
John E. Shouler at their quarters at the
Naval Base.

CAMP SWIFT, TEX.
11 Feb. 1946

A movement directive will transfer the Sec-
ond Infantry Division in March less the 38th
Regiment Combat Team to Ft. Lewis, Wash.,
according to information received from 4th

Posts and Stations ANNAPOLIS, MD.

12 Feb. 1946

Capt. David H. Clark, USN, arrived from
Boston this week to be the new Director of
the Engineering Experiment Station, succeeding
Rear Adm. Claud A. Jones.

Comdr. and Mrs. Lloyd Mustin and their
three children, who have been visiting Mrs.
Mustin's aunts, the Misses Claude, of State
Circle, have gone to Washington where
Commander Mustin is on duty, and will
occupy the home of Commander Mustin's
mother, Mrs. George Murray, in Georgetown.

Comdr. and Mrs. Donald Thomas and their
daughter Ethel, left last week for Newport,
R. I., where Comdr. Thomas will be on duty.

Mrs. George Marshall of Hanover St. is
visiting her brother-in-law and sister, Rear
Adm. and Mrs. Turner Joy in Washington.

Mrs. Pierre N. Charbonnet, Jr., wife of Lt.
Comdr. Charbonnet, USN, and their two
young daughters, arrived this week from
Tulsa, Okla., where they visited, Lt. Comdr.
Charbonnet's parents, Dr. and Mrs. Pierre
Charbonnet, and are staying with Mrs. Char-
bonnet's mother, Mrs. Benjamin Dutton of
Oklahoma Terrace.

Comdr. G. C. Bullard, USN, and Mrs. Bul-
lard of Pompton Plains, N. J., have been
guests recently of Capt. and Mrs. G. C.
Halpine of Taney Ave.

Capt. John E. Welch, USN, who has been
in command of the USS San Francisco, is
visiting his family at their home on King
George St.

MEMPHIS, TENN.

12 Feb. 1946

Officers arriving at Second Army Head-
quarters are Lt. Fred W. Conard, Ord., from
Camp Atterbury, Ind.; Capt. Bruce R. Dun-
widdie, CE, from Ft. Sam Houston, Texas;

Capt. Leslie V. Barnes, Ch., from Camp Campbell,
Ky.; Maj. Douglas Stevens, CWS, from
Camp Campbell, Ky.; Capt. J. Carroll, FD,
from Camp Gruber, Okla.; Capt. Thomas M.
Guerrero, CE, from Fort McPherson, Ga.; Lt.
Jack DiGloria, AGD, from G. I. N. Y.; Lt.
Daniel O. Sabath, CE, from Camp Grant, Ill.;
Capt. Orval C. Clark, Ord., from Aberdeen,
Md.; Maj. Gerald W. Davis, CAC, from Ft.
Leavenworth, Kans.; Capt. Robert A. Wick-
son, Ord., from Camp McCoy, Wis.; Capt.
Bertram S. Hearlin, Jr., CE, from Camp Beale,
Calif.; Lt. George A. Itzel, CE, from Fort
Meade, Md.; and Maj. James C. Rives, CE,
from Camp Shelby, Miss.

Departed from this headquarters last week
were Lt. Col. Bruce Balding, MC; Capt. David
M. Uhler, Sig.; Col. John T. Kilcoyne, Ch.;
Capt. Robert A. Wickesser, Ord.; WO(jg) Al-
bert T. Hughes, USA; Capt. Robert W. Hart-
ford, AUS; Capt. Bertram S. Hearlin, CE; Lt.
George Itzel, CE; Maj. Denzil V. Roles, Ord.;
and Maj. Roy Tillotson, Inf.

NORFOLK, VA.

14 Feb. 1946

Admiral and Mrs. Thomas Ainsworth were
"at home," Sunday afternoon at an informal
reception given at their quarters in the Naval
Operating Base.

Miss Frances Elizabeth Winstead, daughter
of Mr. and Mrs. David Roy Winstead, whose
marriage to Lt. George William Drennan, USNR,
of Lancaster, Pa., will take place early
next month, was guest of honor Saturday
afternoon at a cocktail party given by Miss
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CAMP SWIFT, TEX.

11 Feb. 1946

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ond Infantry Division in March less the 38th
Regiment Combat Team to Ft. Lewis, Wash.,
according to information received from 4th

ARMY.

The Thirty-eighth Regimental Combat
Team including the 88th Infantry Regiment,
the 38th Field Artillery Battalion, a Medical
Collecting Company and an Engineering
Company will remain at Camp Swift for later
movement to Camp Carson, Colo.

Plans are being formulated at present for
the large troop movement to Ft. Lewis. A
total of 13 trains along with 8 freight trains
will carry personnel and equipment of units
of the Division leaving for Ft. Lewis.

Plans call for a small advanced detail to
leave for Ft. Lewis soon and return to Camp
Swift before making the final arrangements.
Based on information obtained by the ad-
vanced party, a similar party representing
major units in the Division will precede their
units to prepare for the arrival of the main body.

Five different units of the Second Infantry
Division, representing approximately 1,500
men will go to San Antonio Wednesday, 13 Feb.
to take part in a parade in honor of
General Walter M. Krueger.

General Krueger formerly commanded the
Second Infantry Division when it was sta-
tioned in Ft. Sam Houston.

Division units in the parade will be the
Third Battalion of the 23rd Infantry Regi-
ment, Second Reconnaissance Troop, Military
Police Platoon, Second Division Band, and
mass color platoon.

Lt. Col. Jack F. Wilhm, commanding of-
ficer of the Third Battalion, 23rd Infantry,
will be in charge of Troops from the Division.

LONG BEACH, CALIF.

10 Feb. 1946

Traveling by automobile with Newport, R.
I., as their destination, Adm. and Mrs. Ray-
mond A. Spruance are leaving Monrovia to-
day and are to visit en route at Indianapolis,
their old home city. The admiral, who re-
cently relinquished command of the Pacific
fleet at Honolulu, has been resting in South-
ern California before assuming his new duties
as head of the Naval War College.

Rear Adm. and Mrs. Allan E. Smith, ac-
companied by their sons, Allan, Jr., and
Carter, are making several stop-overs as they
motor from San Diego to Newport, where
the officer is to be Chief of Staff to Admiral
Spruance. Friends have been extending social
courtesies to the couple.

As a farewell gesture, Rear Adm. and Mrs.
Thomas S. Combs entertained 200 guests at
a cocktail party in the Commissioned Officers'
Mess, North Island, on the eve of their de-
parture by motor car for Washington, D. C.
Mrs. Samuel Ginder, wife of Rear Admiral
Ginder and a sister of Mrs. Combs, entered-
tained the couple yesterday at a dinner in
the North Island Officers' Mess. The sisters
resided together while their husbands were
overseas. Admiral Combs returned recently
from China. He and Mrs. Combs were hon-
ored at a small dinner party given by Capt.
and Mrs. Joseph Talbert. Admiral and Mrs.
Combs were hosts at a recent dinner in the
Transbay Officers' Mess for Capt. P. K.
Robottom, who was on duty at Bremerton
prior to his retirement. Mr. Robottom was
the other honored guest.

Prior to Rear Adm. C. A. Pownall sailing
for Guam, he and Mrs. Pownall were feted
by Rear Adm. Thomas Washington, (MC),
USN, and Mrs. Washington at what they
called a "neighborhood" party. Mrs. Pow-
nall's future plans are still uncertain, but she
will probably remain in California.

Friends arranged numerous farewell cour-
tesies for Brig. Gen. Alfred H. Noble, USMC,
and Mrs. Noble on the eve of their departure
from San Diego for an indefinite stay in
Hawaii. The general is flying to the islands
and Mrs. Noble will sail tomorrow from San
Francisco.

While Rear Adm. and Mrs. Donald Beary
have been making Coronado their headquar-
ters, pending new orders for the admiral,
numerous social affairs have filled the time
for the popular couple.

FORT DIX, N. J.

9 Feb. 1946

Twenty-four Regular Army officers com-
prise the personnel of four examining boards
at Fort Dix, where officers are being processed
for commissions in the Regular Army.

The members of the four boards are:
Board No. 1—Brig. Gen. Fay R. Upthegrove,
30th Flying Wing, Turner Field, Ga.; Col.
David G. Lingel, ATASC., Wright Field, Ohio;
Col. John F. Roehm, Dept. of Comm., F. A. S.,
Fort Sill, Okla.; Col. Charles R. Gildart, Fort

DIX.

Board No. 2—Brig. Gen. James M. Fitz-
maurice, I Staging Command, Merced Calif.;
Col. James D. Givens, H. Q., ATSC, Wright
Field, Ohio; Col. Thomas S. Gunby, H. Q.
153rd F.A. Group, Ft. Jackson, S. C.; Col.
Randolph Russell, Ft. DuPont, Del.; Col.
Harold E. Snyser, H. Q., So. N. Y. Recruit-
ing and Induction District, N. Y.; Col. Charles
G. Patterson, H. Q. First Army, Ft. Bragg,
N. C.

Board No. 3—Brig. Gen. Jerry V. Matejka,
CG, ESCTC, Ft. Monmouth, N. J.; Col. Robt.
Zane, H. Q. FAF, Mitchel Field, N. Y.;
Col. Joseph S. Tate, C. O., 4th Reg., FARTC,
Ft. Bragg, N. C.; Col. Norman D. Gillet, Office
Chief, CWS, Washington, D. C.; Lt. Col. James
V. Carroll, H. Q. 1260th SCU, Ft. Mon-
mouth, N. J.; Col. Louis S. Stickney, Sig. C.
Rep. Pool, Ft. Monmouth, N. J.

Board No. 4—Brig. Gen. Edward Anderson,
1st Fighter Command, Mitchel Field, N. Y.;
Col. John A. Laird, Jr., 801 AAF Spec. Depot,
Buffalo, N. Y.; Lt. Col. G. L. Dewey, WDPC,
Cp. Fannin, Tex.; Col. Sylvian G. Kindall,
2nd Service Command, Governor's Island, N.
Y.; Col. James H. Polk, Cavalry School, Ft.
Riley, Kan.

FORT BENNING, GA.

10 Feb. 1946

There have been a number of new arrivals
at Fort Benning during the past week and
also many visitors.

Col. and Mrs. Henry E. Kelly have recently
moved into quarters at 120 Rainbow Avenue.
Col. Kelly who will be on duty with the
General Section (Logistics) of the Infantry
School is here for his third tour of duty.
From 1920 to 1931 he was stationed at Fort
Benning and from 1932 to 1937 instructed in
the Weapons Section of The Infantry School.

The Kellys are parents of a son Lt. H. E.
Kelly, at present serving in Stuttgart, Ger-
many with the 1st Armored Division; a
daughter Mrs. A. J. DeLuca, the former Miss
Eileen Kelly, who resides in Washington,
D. C., and another son James Kelly who is
studying at Sullivan's West Point Preparatory
School and is expected to visit Col. and Mrs.
Kelly the early part of March.

Lt. Col. and Mrs. Peter W. Garland, Jr.,
with their two daughters Nancy, age 5, and
Kathleen, age 10 months, have taken quarters
at 608 1st Division Rd. Col. Garland who

Army and Navy Journal

February 16, 1946

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served in ETO with the 76th Division was re-
cently stationed at Camp Butler, N. C. Mrs.
Garland is native of College Park, Ga.

Lt. Col. John C. Stapleton, Tac S.C. TIS
and Mrs. Stapleton have recently moved into
quarters at 117 Rainbow Rd. Col. Stapleton
who served in the Pacific Theater with the
37th and Americal Divisions was lately re-
leased from McCall General Hospital, N. C.

Lt. Col. and Mrs. David P. Schorr and their
two children, David and Susan have been
assigned quarters at 30 Miller Loop. Col.
Schorr who is at present with The Airborne
School was a student at The Infantry School
from 1936 to 1937.

Maj. Oscar G. Bachman, newly arrived
Post Signal Officer, and Mrs. Bachman have
taken quarters at 201 B. Madden. Maj. Bach-
man, who was stationed at Camp Stewart,
Ga. for four years previous to his assignment
here was Assistant Post Signal Officer at Fort
Benning in 1941.

Lt. Col. Henry B. Mucci addressed the
Woman's Club Thursday telling of the raid
on Cabanatuan made by his 6th Ranger Bat-
talion which freed the imprisoned heroes of

The Book Review Section of the Woman's
Club met 11 Feb. at 8:00 P. M. in the Ladies
Lounge of the Officers Club. Mrs. Richard
Dial, chairman of this activity introduced
WAC Lt. Judith Brooks, TABS, who reviewed
a selection from modern literature.

A Pan Hellenic Luncheon was held Monday
at the Main Officers Club at which sorority
members of both Fort Benning and Columbus
were present. Ladies attending were Mrs.
Fred V. Harris, Kappa Alpha Theta, Mrs.
Martin Chamberlain, Kappa Kappa Gamma,
Mrs. C. H. Alloway and Mrs. Frank C. Sinsel,
Alpha Chi Omega, William W. Wise Jr., Kappa
Alpha Theta, Mrs. George Beatty, Chi Omega,
Mrs. Leon Walton, Delta Gamma, Mrs. Gas-
kins, Alpha Omicron Pi, Misses Jane and
Nancy McDonough, Pi Beta Phi, Mrs. John
Inzer, Tri Delta, Mrs. Edwin L. Clark, Tri
Delta and Mrs. John T. Evans, Alpha Gamma
Delta. Two guests were Mrs. F. B. Jacobs,
mother of Mrs. Beatty and Miss Virginia
Davis guests of Mrs. Wise.

(Please turn to Next Page)

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Posts and Stations
(Continued from Preceding Page)

CAMP LEE, VA.

13 Feb. 1946

Fourteen high-ranking quartermaster officers, all liberated prisoners of the Japanese, are here to tell the story of quartermaster operations in the Pacific when the going was roughest, enemy pressure the heaviest, enemy action at its most intense. The group is headed by Brig. Gen. Charles C. Drake, who served as quartermaster with the USAFFE and with Gen. Wainwright in the Philippines.

They will participate in a two-week seminar focused on quartermaster operations—then and now. While they will relate their experiences during the war's early days, QM School faculty and staff will bring them up to date on the newest quartermaster supply techniques.

The group will stay here for two weeks, make a two-day inspection-and-study tour of the Richmond ASF Depot, then return to Washington for assignment to QM posts.

Col. L. L. Cobb, school commandant, welcomed the visitors, telling them "we are honored to have you with us."

Members of the group, along with Gen. Drake, are: Col. Michael A. Quinn, Frederick A. Ward, Richard G. Rogers, Alfred S. Ballou, Chester H. Elmes, Charles S. Lawrence, Joseph E. Kramer; Lt. Col. James E. Tripp, Austin J. Montgomery, Frank F. Kriwonek; and Maj. Thomas D. Patterson, Donald S. Robbins and James Covington.

Maj. Donald S. Stout, administrative officer, personnel division, OQMG, is serving as liaison officer for the group.

KEESLER FIELD, MISS.

8 Feb. 1946

Brig. Gen. Hugo P. Rush, veteran of two tours of combat duty with the Fifteenth Air Force in the Mediterranean and Middle East theaters, assumed command of Keesler Field, 8 Feb., succeeding Col. John R. Morgan, Commanding Officer since 4 Oct. of last year.

General Rush arrived yesterday from AAFTTC Headquarters in St. Louis, where he was recently attached. He is the fifth man to head this field since its inception in June, 1941, and is the first commanding general in the history of this AAF Training Command station.

Colonel Morgan is scheduled for another command overseas in the near future, according to the General, who will spend the next week or so familiarizing himself with this field before taking active command.

A regular army officer, General Rush began his military career during World War I, at which time he attended the U. S. Military Academy. Graduating from West Point in July, 1920, he attended an Infantry School in 1921, and two years later embarked upon his flying training.

He won his pilot wings in 1924 from Kelly Field, Tex., and has since acquired the dual rating of command pilot and combat observer.

He holds the Distinguished Service Medal, Legion of Merit, Silver Star, Distinguished Flying Cross, Air Medal, ETO ribbon, American Defense ribbon, American Theater of Operations ribbon, World War II Victory medal and a Presidential Unit citation. He also holds a pilot rating with the Yugoslavian Air Force.

Mrs. Rush is expected to join the General here immediately. Their two daughters, Joy and Jerilyn, attending school, will come here at a later date.

GREENVILLE AAB, S. C.

11 Feb. 1946

Movement of Headquarters of the famed IX Troop Carrier Command from Stout Field, Indianapolis, Ind., to new peacetime headquarters at the Greenville Army Air Base, Greenville, S. C., was completed this week, it was announced by Maj. Gen. Paul L. Williams, Commanding General.

Personnel comprising the first echelon began arriving here 14 Jan. and within a week the entire 814th AAF Base Unit had been transported, mostly by air, to Greenville. Headquarters of the IX Troop Carrier Command began arriving on 23 Jan.

The Command employed in its move by air the new troop carrier C-82 "flying boxcar" in addition to the standard C-46 Commandos and C-47 skytrains.

In addition to Command Headquarters the following troop carrier organizations are now stationed at the Greenville base: 804th AAF Base Unit, commanded by Col. Frank J. MacNeese; 43rd Troop Carrier Group, commanded by Col. Adriel N. Williams and the 452nd Air Service Group commanded by Col. Walter E. Nicol.

From Greenville, General Williams will direct the peacetime plans and activities of the Ninth Troop Carrier Command.

At present six continental bases comprise the Troop Carrier Command. They are: Sedalia Army Air Field, Warrensburg, Mo.; Bergstrom Field, Austin, Tex.; Pope Field, Ft. Bragg, N. C.; Laurinburg-Maxton AAB,

N. C.; Lawson Field, Ft. Benning, Ga.; and Greenville Army Air Base, S. C.

CAMP BUTNER, N. C.
9 Feb. 1946

Climaxing a brilliant World War II record, members of the Fourth Infantry Division were decorated with the Fourragere of the government of Belgium at the division's final review and parade here today.

At this ceremony men of the famous "Ivy Leaf" division also witnessed the awarding of the French Legion of Honor and the Croix de Guerre with palm to Maj. Gen. Raymond O. Barton who commanded the unit from July 1942 to December 1944, took it overseas and led it through most of its action in the European Theater of Operations, including the famous "battle of the Bulge."

The division was ordered inactivated this week and General Barton is on terminal leave preparatory to retirement from the Army on 28 Feb. after more than 33 years' service in the Regular Army.

Representatives for General Devers, AGF commander, at the ceremony, included Maj. Gen. C. R. Huebner, Maj. Gen. Harold W. Blakeley who commanded the Fourth Division from December 1944 to December 1945, Brig. Gen. W. A. Beiderlinden and Col. J. W. Lockett.

Maj. Gen. George P. Hays took command of the division on 6 Dec. 1945.

KELLY FIELD, TEX.

11 Feb. 1946

Three new Kelly Field recruits in the Medical Corps signed the female roster in the maternity ward of the PDC Regional Hospital during the past week. Laurie Ann Hoffer, born on 11 Jan. is the daughter of M/Sgt. and Mrs. John Hoffer. Sgt. Hoffer is Sgt. Major for the Base Medical Service. Karen Jean Graham, born 12 Jan., is the daughter of Lt. and Mrs. Rollie E. Graham. Lieutenant Graham is personnel officer in the Medical Section. Stella Kelly Mudd, the seventh enlistee in the family of Col. and Mrs. Richard D. Mudd, was born on 20 Jan. Colonel Mudd is SAATSC Surgeon. The proud "papas" formed a car pool to visit the PDC Obstetrical ward twice a day.

Capt. and Mrs. M. C. Blondel were honored at an informal dinner dance at the American Legion Home, San Antonio, Texas, on Wednesday, 14 Jan. Captain Blondel is separating from the service, and for the past three months has been Chief of the Employee Relations Branch of Civilian Personnel at Kelly Field. It was the members of this branch who hosted the dinner dance, with Frederick E. Kelenburg as toastmaster.

Lt. Mary E. Seibert, WAC, Administrative Officer in the Maintenance Division since she reported to Kelly Field, 15 Oct. 1943, was separated from the service on 12 Jan., at the Fort Sam Houston Separation Center.

Capt. L. P. Smith, former Assistant Adjutant General at Kelly Field, was married on 18 Jan. to Maribel Lawrence, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Lawrence of San Antonio, Texas. The groom is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Albert E. Smith of Midland Park, N. J. The ceremony took place in the post chapel at Kelly Field, and the double-ring service was read by Chaplain Wade S. Hopkins. The couple will return to Grand Rapids, Mich., after his discharge.

Col. Herbert M. West, former Commanding Officer of the 4505th AAF Base Unit, left 19 Jan. to assume command of Davis-Monthan Field, Tucson, Ariz. Colonel West has been stationed at Kelly Field on three different occasions, the last tour of duty being for almost a year. A command pilot, Colonel West had previously been assigned to the China-Burma-India Theater.

Lt. Jerome B. Robinson, former sports announcer for the Mutual Broadcasting System, prior to donning the army uniform, has been assigned as Assistant Physical Training Instructor at the South Kelly Field gymnasium, where he will work under Lt. Paul Skarda. He will also serve as coach of the Kelly Field Flyers basketball team.

ATSC, WRIGHT FLD., OHIO

11 Feb. 1946

In a ceremony held in the office of Lt. Gen. Nathan F. Twining, Maj. Gen. Lester T. Miller was presented with the Distinguished Service Medal for his services as Chief of Supply of the ATSC.

General Twining pinned the Medal on General Miller's blouse in the presence of more than thirty associates and old friends. Mrs. Percy C. Green, Jr., General Miller's daughter, who has made her home with him since the departure of her husband for service with the Navy, was also present.

Three days later, 31 Jan., General Miller was again honored. Called from a staff meeting he was informed that he had just been presented with a seven-pound grandson and that his daughter, Mrs. Green, was doing well. The boy, which is General Miller's third grandchild, has been named Michael Lester Green. His father is stationed at Ft. Lauderdale, Fla.

Replacing Brig. Gen. C. E. Thomas, who became Commanding General of Mobile ATSC, Col. John W. Sessions moved up from the post of Deputy Commanding General (T-3) to become Chief of Administration for ATSC. Capt. Victor Monk of the Personal Equip-

ment Laboratory, ATSC, recently gave for Laboratory engineers, a most interesting account of an assignment in Tokyo, participated in by seventeen ATSC engineering officers from Wright Field. The mission of this Air Technical Intelligence Group as it was called, was the examination and evaluation of Japanese equipment for purposes of information, comparison, and application to the U. S. Air Forces equipment, if improved methods in any lines were discovered.

The mission was under the jurisdiction of Brig. Gen. Franklin O. Carroll, Far Eastern Air Forces, whose Headquarters are at Manila. Col. Paul F. Helmick was General Carroll's deputy in Tokyo.

The group which took off for Tokyo on 16 Oct. 1945 in an Army C-54, consisted of Col. George L. Haller, Electronics Sub-Division; Lt. Col. B. A. Davis, Intelligence; Maj. A. D. Dirksen, Equipment Laboratory; Maj. R. L. Jackson, Power Plant Laboratory; Maj. A. E. Petaja, Power Plant Laboratory; Maj. M. W. Shayson, Power Plant Laboratory; Maj. D. C. Thomas, Air Communications Office; Capt. T. G. Bennett, Service Engineering Sub-Division; Capt. J. A. Dilworth, Aircraft Projects; Capt. T. W. Howard, Power Plant Laboratory; Capt. Victor Monk, Personal Equipment Laboratory; Capt. A. L. Lowell, Aircraft Laboratory; Capt. J. W. Sheibley, Materials Laboratory; Capt. J. J. Willig, Aircraft Radio & Radar Sub-Division; 2nd Lt. W. A. Corry, Materials Laboratory; 2nd Lt. Philip M. Laswell, Propeller Laboratory; and W/O John E. Nedley, Intelligence.

FORT DOUGLAS, UTAH

9 Feb. 1946

The Officers' Screening Center at Fort Douglas went into its second week of operation 1 Feb. as applications for commissions in the Regular Army were received from officers in Utah, Idaho, Nevada, Montana and part of Wyoming.

Two boards, headed by Brig. Gen. Robert M. Cannon and Brig. Gen. Thomas L. Harrold, interview the applicants after they successfully complete a general survey test, a final-type officer appointment physical examination, and the biographical information blank.

Maj. William Gramlich, officer in charge of the Screening Center, heads the staff that handles all administrative details in connection with the processing of the applicants.

Capt. Norman G. Blashill, is assistant to Major Gramlich, and Capt. Albert L. Fallows is test officer.

Fort Douglas holds first place among separation centers in the United States in the percentage of officers appointed to the Officers' Reserve Corps while they were being processed for separation from 23 July 1945, through 20 Dec. 1945.

For that period, according to information received from the Adjutant General's Office in Washington by Brig. Gen. H. T. Perrin, commanding general of Fort Douglas, there were 2,342 or 82 per cent of the officer separates appointed in the ORC.

CAMP CHAFFEE, ARK.

9 Feb. 1946

Eleven Regular Army officers have arrived at Camp Chaffee to assume their duties as members of the Officer Interview Board of Applicants for Commissions in the Regular Army. Two boards have been set up with the first board headed by Brig. Gen. C. K. Nulsen, USA. Board No. 2 is headed by Brig. Gen. William H. Colbern, commanding general of Camp Chaffee. Other members of Board One are Col. Rosenham Beam, AC; Col. James R. Urquhart, Inf.; Maj. Paul E. Albion, FA; Col. William M. Tow, TC. Other members of Board Two are Col. Joseph W. Benson, AC; Col. Richard B. Wheeler, Inf.; Col. Alexander Adair, Inf.; Col. Waldine W. Messamore, AC.

Six Camp Chaffee officers have left for Command and General Staff School, which started 11 Feb. Those attending the Ground Course are Maj. Jack J. Henley, Inf.; Capt. Victor B. Fenuel, SC; and Capt. Thomas C. Finneran, FA. Attending the Service Course are Capt. Robert B. Straesser, QMC; Capt. Weldon S. Danbard, FD; Capt. Lon D. Marlowe, Jr., Inf.

Lt. Col. Benjamin E. Meadows has been named post engineer replacing Lt. Col. Martin G. Tieiman, Jr., who has been transferred to Fort Bliss, Texas, where he has assumed similar duties. Colonel Meadows served overseas with the 1st Cavalry Division and the 6th Army. Maj. Earl V. Manning, formerly ordnance property officer, has been named post ordnance officer replacing Col. Hugh R. Schewcke who was discharged. Maj. Frank Buck has been named post transportation officer; Capt. John E. Whitehacket, quartermaster property officer; Capt. Leo J. Schreiber, quartermaster classification and equipage officer; Capt. Emil W. Sudman, police and prison officer; and 1st Lt. Elmo P. DeVil was named post motor pool officer.

In the Personnel Center Lt. Col. Charles R. Rain, formerly with the 44th Inf. Div., has been appointed executive officer. Lt. Col. Tillman E. Boyd, former acting executive officer of the War Department Personnel Center, has been named chief, officers processing section. In the Regular Army officer procurement board section Lt. Col. Arthur B. Jeffery has been named chief of the section. Capt. Henry Price has been named adjutant of the Personnel Center.

Society

(Continued from Page 780)

luncheon hostess at her home in Falls Church in honor of Mrs. Thomas H. Green, wife of The Judge Advocate General, and Mrs. Myron C. Cramer, wife of the former Judge Advocate General.

Col. Shelby A. McMillion, CE, formerly public relations officer for the Chief Engineer, European Theater, has returned to the McGraw-Hill Publishing Co., as sales promotion manager of Factory Magazine.

Rear Adm. Andrew C. McFall, USN, who retired from active duty 1 March 1946 has been elected a vice president and director of the Ponte Vedra Beach Company.

Weddings and Engagements

(Continued from Page 780)

as her only attendant her cousin, Mrs. Harris Danforth. Lt. James A. Gough served as best man, and the ushers were Lt. Morris C. Porter and Lt. David B. Dewey, Jr.

A reception followed at the home of the bride's mother in San Marino, where the bride cut the wedding cake with a saber belonging to the grandfather of the bridegroom, the late General William A. Kobbe.

Mrs. Kobbe is a graduate of Miss Faulkner's School for Girls in Chicago and was a Kappa Alpha Theta at the University of Arizona. Lt. Kobbe who served with the Fifth Army in the Italian campaign, is now with the 18th Reconnaissance Squadron at Camp Gruber, Okla.

Miss Dee Palmer, daughter of Col. and Mrs. Bruce Palmer, sr., USA-Ret., of Los Angeles, was married to Pvt. Charles Corbiss Irby, AUS, on Christmas Day, 1945, in the Post Chapel at Ft. McPherson, Ga.

Although her family was unable to attend the wedding, the bride was attended by Miss Beverly Nichols, daughter of Col. and Mrs. Leroy W. Nichols, and the best man was Cpl. Hugh G. Marchand.

The bride and bridegroom drove to Lowell, Mass. to spend part of their honeymoon with the bride's brother-in-law and sister, Col. and Mrs. Wendell Blanchard. Col. Blanchard was at home on leave from Germany.

The bride attended Smith College in Massachusetts, and the bridegroom attended City College of Los Angeles. They met during the war while working at the Lockheed Aircraft Corp. in California.

Miss Dorothy Alice Swett, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Raymond Fuller Swett, of Medina, N. Y., was married to Ens. Eugene Ferry Smith, Jr., USNR, son of Col. Eugene Ferry Smith, JAGD, USA, and Mrs. Smith, of Ft. McPherson, Ga., in the First Baptist Church in Medina on 2 Feb.

The bride, escorted by her father, wore a Victorian gown of white satin, the full skirt ending in a circular train. Her tulle veil was attached to a Juliet cap of pearls which had been worn by her mother. She carried a bouquet of gardenias and white roses.

Miss Madeline Stevens, of Princeton, N. J., was maid of honor. The other attendants were Mrs. Albert H. Swett, sister-in-law of the bride, and the Misses Mary Emlen Lowell, of Westwood, Mass., Dorothy Essery of Birmingham, Mich., Clelia Thompson, of St. Paul, Minn., and Helen Shoemaker, of Medina, N. Y.

Colonel Smith was best man for his son. The ushers were Bushnell Smith and John R. Brookes, brothers of the bridegroom, John W. Swett and Carl R. Swett, brothers of the bride, and Weir Stewart, Jr., of Skaneateles, N. Y.

The bride, who is a sister of Ens. Albert Swett, USNR, now on active sea duty in the Pacific, graduated from the Shipley School, Bryn Mawr, Pa. in 1943 and attended Vassar College. Ensign Smith, who returned in December after serving thirteen months in the Pacific as an Engineer Officer on the USS Tennessee, is a graduate of Milton Academy and of Yale University, class of 1945, where he was a member of St. Elmo. He is the grandson of the late Col. George E. Bushnell, MC, USA, and a nephew of Comdr. Jerome Frost Smith, (MC), USN, and of Lt. Col. Lawrence H. Smith, SC, AUS.

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Born

BEH—Born at Harkness Pavilion, Columbia-Presbyterian Medical Center, New York City 11 Feb. 1946, to Lt. and Mrs. Bruce Beh, FA, a son, Bruce Michael.

BEIFUSS—Born at Brooke General Hospital, Fort Sam Houston, Tex., 26 Jan. 1946, to Capt. and Mrs. William Edward Beifuss, a son, Ronald Alan.

BERLINGER—Born at Doctors Hospital, Washington, D. C., 12 Jan. 1946, to Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. William G. Berlinger, Jr., USNR, a daughter, Ann Elizabeth.

BRADIN—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 7 Feb. 1946, to Capt. and Mrs. John P. Bradin, TC, a son.

BURNS—Born at Brooke General Hospital, Fort Sam Houston, Tex., 31 Jan. 1946, to Capt. and Mrs. George Vaughan Burns, a son, William Walker.

CHAMBERLAIN—Born at Pasadena Regional Hospital, Pasadena, Calif., 25 Jan. 1946, to Lt. and Mrs. Bruce Eddy Chamberlain, a son, John Howard Chamberlain.

CORNWELL—Born at US Naval Hospital, Long Beach, Calif., 22 Jan. 1946, to Lt. and Mrs. George Gilbert Cornwell, Jr., USNR, a son, George Gilbert Cornwell, III.

COWAN—Born at Station Hospital, Fort Totten, N. Y., 6 Feb. 1946, to Capt. and Mrs. Archibald B. Cowan, AC, a son, Archibald Bruce.

DAVIES—Born at Providence Hospital, Washington, D. C., 6 Feb. 1946, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. Ronald Evan Davies, FD, a daughter, Cynthia Anne.

DORSETT—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, 8 Feb. 1946, to Maj. and Mrs. Harold L. Dorsett, QMC, a daughter.

DUCKWALL—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, 2 Feb. 1946, to Col. and Mrs. Bertram F. Duckwall, MC, USA, a son, Bertram F. Jr.

DUFFIN—Born at Fort Totten Hospital, Fort Totten, N. Y., 28 Jan. 1946, to Lt. and Mrs. Edson Carling Duffin, Ord., AUS, a son, Edson C. Duffin, Jr. Mrs. Duffin is the former Ruth F. Russell, ANC.

EICELBERGER—Born at Brooke General Hospital, Fort Sam Houston, Tex., 28 Jan. 1946, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. Robert Edward Eichelberger, a daughter, Sheron Lee.

FACE—Born at Richmond, Va., 3 Feb. 1946, to Capt. and Mrs. Edward Gill Face, Jr., a daughter.

FARINA—Born at Brooke General Hospital, Fort Sam Houston, Tex., 28 Jan. 1946, to Capt. and Mrs. Albert Michael Farina, a son, Herbert Gary.

FRANK—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 7 Feb. 1946, to Lt. Col. and Mrs. Simon Frank, QMC, a daughter.

GIBSON—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 6 Feb. 1946, to Capt. and Mrs. Lee P. Gibson, CE, a daughter.

HARLOW—Born at Brooke General Hospital, Fort Sam Houston, Tex., 26 Jan. 1946, to 2nd Lt. and Mrs. James Dale Harlow, a son, William Leonard.

HENDERSON—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 8 Feb. 1946, to 1st Lt. Jean M. Henderson, ANC, and Mr. Henderson, a daughter.

HOGAN—Born at St. Agnes Hospital, Philadelphia, Pa., 11 Feb. 1946, to Capt. and Mrs. Bart Hogan, (MC)USN, a daughter, their third child, Mary Ledlie.

HOLLOWAY—Born in Washington, D. C., 23 Jan. 1946, to Lt. and Mrs. James L. Holloway, 3rd, USN, a son, James L. Holloway, 4th.

KELLY—Born at Brooke General Hospital, Fort Sam Houston, Tex., 29 Jan. 1946, to Capt. and Mrs. Francis William Kelly, a daughter, Maureen.

KERNAN—Born at Brooke General Hospital, Fort Sam Houston, Tex., 29 Jan. 1946, to Lt. Col. and Mrs. William Freese Kernan, a son, William Frank Kernan.

LAMPE—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 9 Feb. 1946, to Maj. and Mrs. James E. Lampe, SC, a daughter.

MURRAY—Born at Bolling Field Hospital, Washington, D. C., 12 Feb. 1946, to Col. and Mrs. George J. Murray, USA, a son, Michael Benjamin.

MOSES—Born at Regional Hospital, Camp Polk, La., 3 Feb. 1946, to Capt. and Mrs. John W. Moses, USA, a daughter, Virginia Manning, granddaughter of Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Raymond G. Moses of 2006 Columbia Road, Washington, D. C., and of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Manning of Spartanburg, S. C.

NICHOLAS—Born in Winner (S.D.) General Hospital, 8 Feb. 1946, to Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Wayne A. Nicholas, (ChC), USNR, a daughter, Susan Leil.

PAIGE—Born at Fort Totten Hospital, Fort Totten, N. Y., 7 Feb. 1946, to Lt. and Mrs. Eugene Paige, a son, John Michael.

POLLARD—Born at Brooke General Hospital, Fort Sam Houston, Tex., 31 Jan. 1946, to Maj. and Mrs. Morris Pollard, a daughter, Carol Anne.

Births • Marriages • Deaths

(No charge for service announcements. Please notify promptly.)

POWERS—Born at Fort Totten Hospital, Fort Totten, N. Y., 7 Feb. 1946, to Lt. Col. and Mrs. John L. Powers, USA (USMA '37) a son, Christopher.

SHEARER—Born at Brooke General Hospital, Fort Sam Houston, Tex., 31 Jan. 1946, to Capt. and Mrs. Edward Jacob Shearer, a daughter, Janice Louise. (Member of the staff, Brooke Convalescent Hospital.)

STRATTON—Born at St. John's Hospital, Santa Monica, Calif., 9 Dec. 1945, to Comdr. and Mrs. Victor C. Stratton, (MC), USN, a son, Michael Victor.

TAHSEQUAH—Born at Brooke General Hospital, Fort Sam Houston, Tex., 25 Jan. 1946, to Maj. and Mrs. Meech Tahsequah, a daughter, Paula Kay.

TROUTMAN—Born at Brooke General Hospital, Fort Sam Houston, Tex., 26 Jan. 1946, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. William Junius Troutman, a daughter, Pamela Sandette.

WALSH—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 6 Feb. 1946, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. James D. Walsh, a daughter.

WILSON—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 11 Feb. 1946, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. William D. Wilson, Ord., a daughter.

WOLFE—Born at Hillcrest Lying-In Hospital, Tulsa, Okla., 8 Feb. 1946, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. Everette S. Wolfe, a son, Anthony Walled Wolfe, grandson of Col. and Mrs. Claud E. Stadtman, USA.

WOODS—Born at Leigh Memorial Hospital, Norfolk, Va., 31 Jan. 1946, to Lt. Col. and Mrs. Sidney Sterling Woods, a son, Sterling Sadler Woods.

Married

ADDENBROOK-FURNALD—Married in St. James Episcopal Church, New Haven, Conn., 9 Feb. 1946, Miss Jane Dorothy Furnald to Capt. Joseph Robert Addenbrook, of Virginia Beach, Va.

ALBRIGHT-STANLEY—Married in All Souls' Episcopal Church, Washington, D. C., 9 Feb. 1946, Miss Frances Perry Stanley to Maj. Robert Mayne Albright, AUS.

ANTHONY-BEATTY—Married at Naples (Fla.) Methodist Church, 2 Feb. 1946, Miss Laura McLeod Beatty to Lt. David Forsyth Anthony, USNR.

ARTHUR-BEAN—Married in the chapel, Kelly Field, Texas, 3 Jan. 1946, Miss Barbara Louise Bean of San Antonio, Texas, to Lt. James Stone Arthur, Jr., AAF, of Norfolk, Va.

BELLINGER-WEIDMAN—Married in the Memorial Chapel, Army Medical Center, Washington, D. C., 9 Feb. 1946, Miss Rosemary Weidman to Capt. Frederick George Bellinger, AUS.

BELMONT-WINSTON—Married in New York City, 8 Feb. 1946, Mrs. Louise Victor Winston, widow of Lt. Comdr. Francis L. Winston, USNR, to Mr. August Belmont, recently released from duty in the Navy.

BUTLER-SACKS—Married in St. Alban's Episcopal Church, Washington, D. C., 9 Feb. 1946, Miss Ann Sacks of Chevy Chase, Md., to Lt. Comdr. Joseph Edward Butler, USNR, of Irwinton, Ga.

CABLER-CLARKE—Married in All Saints Chapel, US Naval Air Station, Jacksonville, Fla., 19 Jan. 1946, Miss Ruth Ellen Clarke to Lt. Comdr. Edward Anderson Cabler, USNR.

CARRAN-EBERT—Married in Montclair Heights Reform Church, Montclair, N. J., 9 Feb. 1946, Miss Barbara Ebert of Upper Montclair to Lt. (jg) Walter E. Carran, Jr., USNR.

COMYNS-UGLOW—Married in the Fourth Army Catholic Chapel, Infantry Post, Fort Sam Houston, Texas, 4 Feb. 1946, Mrs. Sarita R. Uglow, daughter of Maj. and Mrs. Daniel Rodriguez, USA-Ret., to Capt. James Comyns, of La Salle, Ill.

COX-HAENIGSEN—Married in Christ Methodist Church, New York City, 9 Feb. 1946, Miss Jeanne K. Haenigsen to Lt. Col. Gilbert Lee Cox, AUS.

DALEY-DOWLING—Married in St. Catherine's R. C. Church, Pelham, N. Y., 9 Feb. 1946, Miss Mary Elizabeth Dowling to Capt. William Paul Daley, AAF, both of Pelham Manor.

GOULD-THORNE—Married in the R. C. Church of Our Lady of the Mountains, North Conway, N. H., 9 Feb. 1946, Miss Mary Bunce Thorne to Lt. Kingdon Gould, Jr., AUS, of New York City.

GRIGSBY-SEITHER—Married in the First Presbyterian and Trinity Church, South Orange, N. J., 9 Feb. 1946, Miss Norma Gertrude Seither to Lt. Col. Holaman Grigsby, AUS, of Los Angeles, Calif.

HAINES-CHITTENDEN—Married in the Naval Communication Annex Chapel, Washington, D. C., 7 Feb. 1946, Ens. Kathryn Madeline Chittenden, USNR, of Seattle, Wash., to Lt. Robert Taggart Haines, AUS, of Denver, Colo.

HIRESH-WALKER—Married in the home of the bride's parents in Montclair, N. Y., 9 Feb. 1946, Miss Kathleen Morgan Walker to Capt. Warren L. Hirsh, AAF, recently returned from duty overseas.

HUBBARD-FRANKEL—Married in Hopkinsville, Ky., 5 Feb. 1946, Miss Emmy Lou Frankel to Lt. Keith Baldwin Hubbard, Jr., USMC, of Ithaca, N. Y., on duty at Camp Campbell, Ky.

HUTCHISON-WALTZ—Married in the First Methodist Church, Salinas, Calif., 16 Dec. 1945, Miss Helen Irene Waltz, daughter of Mrs. Lillian C. Waltz of Salinas and the late Capt. James A. Waltz, Inf., USA, to Capt. Merville Weston Hutchison, AC, USA.

IRBY-PALMER—Married in the post chapel at Fort McPherson, Ga., 25 Dec. 1945, Miss Dee Palmer, daughter of Col. and Mrs. Bruce Palmer, USA-Ret., of Los Angeles, Calif., to Pvt. Charles Corbilia Irby, AUS.

KANTER-SALSBURY—Married in Norfolk, Va., 16 Jan. 1946, Miss Henrietta Salsbury of Richmond, Va., to Lt. Comdr. Jack C. Kanter, (DC) USNR.

KINGMAN-BANDHOLTZ—Married in Arlington, Va., 11 Feb. 1946, Mrs. Cleveland Hill Bandholtz, widow of Col. Bandholtz, USA, to Brig. Gen. Matthew H. Kingman, USMC-Ret.

KOBBE-MILLER—Married in the Church of Our Savior, San Gabriel, Calif., 5 Feb. 1946, Miss Sally Miller, of San Marino, Calif., to 1st Lt. Eric Kobbe, Cav., AUS, son of Col. and Mrs. Herman Kobbe, USA-Ret., of Pasadena, Calif.

LARKIN-SAMPSON—Married in Washington, D. C., 6 Feb. 1946, Miss Esther Foote Sampson to Lt. Thomas Bernard Larkin, Jr., USNR, son of Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Larkin, USA.

LEPAGE-RICH—Married in Star of the Sea R. C. Church, Virginia Beach, Va., 2 Feb. 1946, Miss Patricia Ann Rich to Ens. Joseph James LePage, USNR.

MADDING-WALDRON—Married in Union Presbyterian Church, Fort Madison, Iowa, 9 Feb. 1946, Miss Rebecca Garrison Waldrone to Lt. Col. Gordon Francis Madding, AUS.

MEVITTY-MUSSELL—Married in the Church of St. Louis des Invalides, Paris, France, 5 Feb. 1946, Miss Micheline Muselli of Paris, to Maj. Herbert Quinby McVitty, Cav., of Garden City, Long Island, N. Y.

MORRIS-MASON—Married in Christ Church, Georgetown (Washington), D. C., 9 Feb. 1946, Miss Persie Warren Mason to Lt. Comdr. Stephen Van Cortlandt Morris, USNR.

NEIGHBOURS-HALL—Married in the New York Avenue Presbyterian Church, Washington, D. C., 9 Feb. 1946, Miss Ruth Benner Hall to Lt. Comdr. James Willis Neighbours, USNR.

PARKE-NEAL—Married in Riverside Church, New York, N. Y., 8 Feb. 1946, Miss Catherine Neal to Lt. Col. James H. Parke, AUS.

POWER-SWINNEY—Married in the Memorial Chapel, Army Medical Center, Washington, D. C., 9 Feb. 1946, Miss Helen Dolores Swinney of Takoma Park, Md., to Lt. Jack Power of Amarillo, Texas.

ROMBERG-FONTAINE—Married in Northminster Presbyterian Church, Washington, D. C., 9 Feb. 1946, Miss Jean Audrey Fontaine to Lt. Comdr. Harold Romberg, USNR.

SHEPPARD-BROUGHTON—Married in Calvary Baptist Church, Yonkers, N. Y., 9 Feb. 1946, Mrs. Margaret Arbuckle Broughton, widow of Lt. Ambrose E. Broughton, Jr., AAF, to Mr. Fred Shipp Sheppard.

SMITH-SWETT—Married at First Baptist Church, Medina, N. Y., 2 February 1946, Miss Dorothy Alice Swett of Medina, to Ens. Eugene Ferry Smith, Jr., USNR, son of Col. and Mrs. Eugene Ferry Smith, JAGD, USA, and grandson of the late Col. George E. Bushnell, MC, USA.

SNYDER-HOUGH—Married in the First Baptist Church, Norfolk, Va., 2 Feb. 1946, Miss Doris Jane Hough to Lt. (jg) Edwin Hamilton Snyder, USNR.

SPEARS-HAMILTON—Married in New York, N. Y., 9 Feb. 1946, Mrs. Marie O'Hara Hamilton to Comdr. William O. Spears, Jr., USN (USNA '38), son of Rear Adm. and Mrs. William Oscar Spears, USN. Comdr. Spears was released last October from a Japanese prison camp after three and a half years' imprisonment.

ST. CIN-CLARK—Married in the R. C. Shrine Church of the Sea, New York City, 9 Feb. 1946, Miss Mary M. Clark to Lt. George E. St. Cin, CE, recently returned from duty in the Philippine Islands.

STEWART-HINES—Married in the post chapel, Marine Barracks, Quantico, Va., 9 Feb. 1946, Miss Margaret J. Hines of San Francisco, Calif., to Lt. Col. Joseph Lester Stewart, USMC.

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STOLL-BOOTH—Married in the Glen Ridge (N. J.) Presbyterian Church, 9 Feb. 1946, Miss Gloria R. Booth to Lt. (jg) Vincent Bettle Stoll, USNR.

TRISTANI-CHAVEZ—Married in St. Matthew's R. C. Cathedral, Washington, D. C., 9 Feb. 1946, Miss Marcia Gloria Chavez, daughter of Senator and Mrs. Dennis Chavez of New Mexico, to Lt. (jg) Jorge Enrique Tristani, USNR.

VAUGHN-SMITH—Married in the Church of the Transfiguration, New York City, 9 Feb. 1946, Miss Joanne Cordes Smith to Lt. Jack Hood Vaughn, USMCR.

WADHAMS-LEE—Married in St. Thomas Church, Whittemarsh, Pa., 9 Feb. 1946, Miss Genevieve Newbold Lee of Chestnut Hill, Pa., to Capt. Albion James Wadham, Jr., AUS, of New York, N. Y.

WAGNER-KLEFBECK—Married in Memorial Chapel, Army Medical Center, 1 Feb. 1946, Miss Priscilla Klefbeck to Lt. Raymond N. Wagner, USMC.

WATSON-FRACKER—Married in the post chapel of Borden General Hospital, Chickasha, Okla., 5 Feb. 1946, Miss Janet Marie Fracker to Lt. John S. Watson, MC, USA.

WOODSIDE-HAWKINS—Married in Chevy Chase Presbyterian Church, Washington, D. C., 9 Feb. 1946, Lt. (jg) Ruth Kathryn Hawkins, USNR, to Lt. (jg) Roy H. Woodside, USNR.

Died

ALLEN—Died at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 11 Feb. 1946, Maj. Hugh A. Allen, AUS-Ret. Survived by his widow, Mrs. Collis H. Allen and two children, Lt. Col. Hugh A. Allen, Jr., Fort Bragg, N. C., and Mrs. Collis A. McKee of Washington.

BYRON—Died at her home in Hagerstown, Md., 13 Feb. 1946, Mrs. Jane Wilson Byron, widow of Col. Joseph C. Byron, USA. Survived by two sons, Maj. Gen. Joseph W. Byron, of Arlington, Va., Mr. David W. Byron and Miss Elsie Byron, both of Hagerstown, ten grandchildren and three great-grandchildren.

FAIRFIELD—Died at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 9 Feb. 1946, Lt. Col. Echard M. Fairfield, AAF. Surviving are his widow, Mrs. Mae Fairfield, his parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Fairfield of Belmont, Mass., and a brother, Mr. Sterling D. Fairfield of Claremont, N. H.

GRiffin—Killed in action (previously reported missing), 18 Sept. 1944, M.Sgt. Gerald Nelson Griffin, USMCR. Survived by his widow, Mrs. Augusta T. Griffin of 1314 Massachusetts Ave., NW, Washington, D. C.

HALL—Killed in automobile accident at St. Louis, Mo., 30 Nov. 1945, Maj. Edward L. Hall, QMC, USA, aged 45 years, a veteran of 25 years' service. Interment was in National Cemetery, Jefferson Barracks, Mo. Survived by his wife, Mrs. Gertrude Hall; daughter Shirley, and his parents.

HAMILTON—Died at Municipal Hospital, Tampa, Fla., 8 Dec. 1945, Robert Kirk Hamilton, Jr., infant son of Maj. and Mrs. Robert Kirk Hamilton and grandson of Lt. Col. and Mrs. M. W. Bonwell, USA-Ret.

HUDSON—Died in Germany 3 Feb. 1946, Lt. Col. David E. Hudson, AUS. Surviving are a daughter, Miss Marilee Hudson, a sister, Mrs. Charles V. Inlay of Washington, D. C., and a brother, Dr. Manley C. Hudson, Professor of Law at Harvard University.

IMUS—Died at Sibley Hospital, Washington, D. C., 10 Feb. 1946, Mrs. Elizabeth Kline Imus, mother of Lt. Alden E. Imus, Jr., AUS.

JORDAN—Died suddenly at Weston, W. Va., 4 Feb. 1946, Mrs. Harriet A. Jordan, mother of Col. Lewis P. Jordan, QMC, USA. Also survived by another son, James C. Jordan, Portsmouth, Va., a daughter, Mrs. Madeline Jordan Weston, and four granddaughters, children of Col. and Mrs. Lewis P. Jordan.

LITZENBERG—Died after a long illness, 11 Feb. 1946, Mrs. Bessie M. Litzenberg, wife of Col. Homer L. Litzenberg, USMC. Survived by her husband, her son Laurence, and daughter Betty Lee.

METCALF—Died in Los Angeles, Calif., 9 Feb. 1946, Mrs. Dorothy Baker Metcalf, widow of Ens. John C. Metcalf, Jr., USN, who died as a prisoner of war of the Japanese.

MILLER—Died at her home in Washington, D. C., 9 Feb. 1946, Mrs. Agnes Lee Miller, widow of Admiral James M. Miller, USN. Survived by a daughter, Mrs. Carl Roderbourg now residing in Austria, by five grandchildren and five great-grandchildren.

(Please turn to Next Page)

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Births, Marriages, Deaths
(Continued from Preceding Page)

PALMER—Killed in action over Nuremberg, Germany, 20 Feb. 1945, Lt. Warren A. Palmer, AAF. Survived by his parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. Earl Palmer of Washington, D. C., and by a sister Shirley.

RICHARDSON—Died in Tucson, Ariz., 7 Feb. 1946 while visiting friends, Lt. Comdr. Arthur W. Richardson, USNR. Survived by his father, Mr. Frederick L. W. Richardson, of Charles River, Mass.

RIGGS—Died in Garfield Hospital, Washington, D. C., 6 Feb. 1946, Mr. William C. Riggs father of Lt. William A. Riggs, AUS.

RUSSELL—Killed in action in the Pacific area 4 Sept. 1945, 2nd Lt. William H. Russell, AAF (formerly reported missing). Survived by his wife, Mrs. Mary S. Russell of 244-28 88th Road, Bellrose, N. Y.

SHAW—Died at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 13 Feb. 1946, Mrs. Ida A. Shaw, wife of General George C. Shaw, USA-Ret. Also survived by two daughters, Mrs. Warwick Perkins of Ankara, Turkey and Mrs. E. K. Daley wife of Col. Daley, CE, USA. Burial in Arlington National Cemetery, 15 Feb.

WHITLOCK—Killed in action over Europe, 31 Dec. 1944, (formerly reported missing) Capt. David B. Whitlock, AAF. Survived by his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Victor Whitlock of 40 West Elm Street, Greenwich, Conn.

Adm. King's Report
(Continued from Page 778)

later the Office of Field Service. To assure full integration of the potentialities of these organizations with the Navy's own research and development program and the needs of the service, the late Secretary Knox, in July 1941, established the office of Coordinator of Research and Development. Throughout the war, the development of new weapons and devices has been accelerated by the teamwork between the users, the scientists, the engineer-designers and the producers.

The devices and weapons resulting from the research and development program have been put to use in every phase of naval warfare. Particular examples, cited because of their complexity and diversification, are amphibious warfare, carrier warfare, submarine and antisubmarine warfare. In each of these cases, our combat effectiveness has been materially increased by improvements in communications, navigational devices, fire control, detection equipment, firepower, aircraft performance (range, speed, armament, handling characteristics) and by advanced training methods and equipment.

Perhaps the greatest technological advances of the entire war have been made in the field of electronics, both within the naval laboratories and in collaboration with the Office of Scientific Research and Development. Pre-existing radar sets were developed and new models created for ship and air-borne search, fire control, and for accurate long-range navigation. Identification and recognition equipment were developed for use in conjunction with radar systems. New and highly efficient short-range radio telephones were used for tactical communication. In the successful anti-submarine campaign in the Atlantic, small radio-sonobuoys were used; these, when dropped from aircraft, listened for the noise made by a submarine and automatically relayed the information to the searching plane. Great strides have been made in electronic antisubmarine detection equipment. Underwater echo-ranging gear and listening equipment have been improved in quality and extended in function since the outbreak of the war. Counter-measures have been developed for jamming enemy radar and communica-

tion systems, disrupting the control signals for his guided missiles, and countering his measures to jam our own equipment.

The foundation for our shipboard radar systems had been laid before the war. The earliest observations of radio phenomena of the kind that are exploited by radar were made at the Naval Research Laboratory by groups working with Dr. A. H. Taylor and Dr. R. N. Page, and the military possibilities were immediately grasped by these scientists and by Rear Admiral H. G. Bowen, then Director of the Laboratory. Because of this, at the outset of the war, our Navy alone had on its ships a search radar specifically designed for shipboard use. We had already incorporated in these radars the technical development of using a single antenna for transmission and reception. Radar of this type contributed to the victories of the Coral Sea, Midway, and Guadalcanal. Over 26,000 sets of air-borne radar equipment were produced from the Naval Research Laboratory's redesign of British air-borne equipment. Ours was the first navy to install radar in submarines. Similarly, a highly efficient supersonic echo-ranging gear for submarine and antisubmarine warfare had been completely developed, and was installed before the war began. The success of all these electronic devices can be traced back to intensive early development of new types of vacuum tubes.

Initially, from want of experience against an enemy attacking with the persistence demonstrated by the Japanese, our antiaircraft batteries were inadequate. Particularly was this true in the case of automatic weapon batteries, consisting at that time of the .50-caliber and 1.1-inch machine guns. The main antiaircraft batteries in the fleet, consisting of 5-inch and 3-inch main batteries were controlled by directors employing optical range information. Although antiaircraft fire-control radar was under development, no installations were operative in the fleet.

By the time Japan surrendered, our defenses had been revolutionized. The fleet was equipped with accurate antiaircraft fire-control radar. Our antiaircraft gun defenses consisted of multiple power-driven 40-millimeter mounts, 20-millimeter mounts, and 5-inch twin and single mounts, many of which were controlled by small intermediate range radar gun directors. The VT, or proximity influence fuse, initially sponsored by the Navy and by the Office of Scientific Research and Development, marked a radical change from previous methods of detonating a projectile and vastly increased the effectiveness of antiaircraft defenses.

At the end of the war, the 8-inch rapid-fire turret had been developed and was ready for introduction to the fleet. Completely automatic in action, it can be used against ship, aircraft, or land targets. The guns are loaded from the handling rooms automatically and are automatically laid.

When the threat of the German magnetic mines became known in 1939, the Navy immediately mobilized scientific talent and industrial capacity to produce countermeasure. Several methods of demagnetizing our ships were developed. These were applied before Pearl Harbor to all combatant vessels, and later to all other vessels, and were of material assistance in maintaining the safety of our vital shipping lanes. At the same time, acoustic and magnetic firing devices were developed and produced in quantity for our mines and depth charges. Electric torpedoes were developed to supplement the air-steam torpedo, which at the outbreak of war was our weapon of underwater attack.

Rockets and rocket launchers were developed, with the assistance of California Institute of Technology and other agencies, for use on board ships and aircraft. Appropriate types of rockets were developed for use against submarines, for the support of amphibious landings, and for aircraft. These allowed heavy firepower to be concentrated in light craft.

Fighter-plane speed was greatly increased

during the war. At the end an experimental model ready for combat use had a speed of over 550 miles per hour. This plane was powered with turbo-jet engines, little known before 1941. Development of the conventional aircraft engine had also progressed; whereas initially the maximum size was 1000 horsepower, improved types of 3000 horsepower are now in use. Torpedo bombers, scout bombers, patrol bombers, and scout observation planes have all been rapidly developed during the period. Carrier-borne aircraft with increased speed, range, and armament carried the battle to the Japanese homeland, and patrol aircraft with high speed, long range, and greater offensive power aided in supplying the information necessary to the success of those operations. Development of the arresting gear, launching catapults, and handling equipment of our surface ships kept pace with the increasing weights of planes, and allowed more planes per ship to be carried than had been possible in peacetime.

Our aircraft were a focus for developments in many fields. Radar opened new possibilities for search, night combat, and operations under poor visibility conditions. Aircraft guns were increased in size from the .30-caliber World War I weapon to 20-millimeter, 37-millimeter, and 75-millimeter guns. Airborne rockets up to 11.75 inches in diameter radically increased the striking power of conventional aircraft, with little penalty on performance. Rocket power was also used on seaplanes for assistance in take-off with heavy loads and in high seas, making possible the rescue of many downed aviators and thereby reducing our combat losses. Development of the "fire bomb" further extended the tactical versatility of aircraft.

Training was enormously expedited by the introduction of a great variety of synthetic training devices. These endeavored to offer trainees an approximation of battle experience and to develop the reactions of a veteran before actual combat. As an example, it is now possible for the entire crew of a submarine to rehearse approaches and torpedo attacks against enemy task forces in trainers on dry land, which provide simulated visual observation of the enemy, simulated radar and sonar information, and in which all of the complex battle gear and fire-control mechanisms operate as they do in a real submarine.

Certain developments, whose progress was most promising, were not completed in time for extensive combat use. These are primarily guided missiles and pilotless aircraft, utilizing remote control by electronic apparatus. These new developments will play a major role in warfare of the future, carrying new explosives over greatly increased ranges.

In the early days of research leading towards the application of atomic energy for military purposes, the Naval Research Laboratory was the only government facility engaged in this type of work. At the Laboratory there was developed a liquid thermal diffusion process for separation of uranium isotopes. Enriched chemicals, as well as basic designs and operating practices, were later supplied to the Army and used in one of the Oak Ridge plants manufacturing the atomic bomb.

The complexity of modern warfare in both methods and means demands exacting analysis of the measures and countermeasures introduced at every stage by ourselves and the enemy. Scientific research can not only speed the invention and production of weapons, but also assist in insuring their correct use. The application, by qualified scientists, of the scientific method to the improvement of naval operating techniques and material, has come to be called operations research. Scientists engaged in operations research are experts who advise that part of the Navy which is using the weapons and craft—the fleets themselves. To function effectively they must work under the direction of, and have close personal contact with the officers who plan and carry on the operations of war.

During the war we succeeded in enlisting the services of a group of competent scientists to carry out operations research. This group was set up as a flexible organization able to reassign personnel quickly when new critical problems arose. Fiscal and administrative control of the group was originally vested in the Office of Scientific Research and Development. The group as a whole was assigned to the Navy for functional control, and in the course of time was attached to my Headquarters.

The initial impulse toward the formation of such a group arose in April 1942, during the early days of the antisubmarine war. With the cooperation of the Antisubmarine Division of the National Defense Research Commission, seven scientists were recruited by Columbia University and assigned to the Antisubmarine Warfare Unit, Atlantic Fleet.

During the year 1942 the group was considerably increased in size, and in July 1943, at a strength of approximately forty members, it was incorporated into the staff of the Tenth Fleet as the Antisubmarine Warfare Operations Research Group. Subsequently the administrative responsibility for the group was transferred from Columbia University to the Office of Field Service, without alteration in relationships with the Navy. In October 1944, with the decline of the submarine menace, the group was transferred to the Readiness Division of my Headquarters and

renamed the Operations Research Group. At the close of the war it consisted of seventy-three scientists, drawn from a wide variety of backgrounds. Many of the members were attached, as the need arose, to the staffs of fleet and type commanders overseas, and at operating bases in war theaters. So far as possible they were afforded the opportunity of observing combat operations at first hand.

Operations research, as it developed, fell into two main categories: theoretical analysis of tactics, strategy and the equipment of war on the one hand; and statistical analysis of operations on the other. Each type of naval operation had to be analyzed theoretically to determine the maximum potentialities of the equipment involved, the probable reactions of the personnel, and the nature of the tactics which would combine equipment and personnel in an optimum manner. Action reports, giving the actual results obtained in this type of operation, were studied in a quantitative manner in order to amplify, correct, and correlate closely the theoretical analysis with what was actually happening in the field of battle. The knowledge resulting from this continued cross-check of theory with practice made it possible to work out improvements in tactics which sometimes increased the effectiveness of weapons by factors of three or five, to detect changes in the enemy's tactics in time to counter them before they became dangerous, and to calculate force requirements for future operations.

The late war, more than any other, involved the interplay of new technical measures and opposing countermeasures. For example, the German U-boats had to revise their tactics and equipment when we began to use radar on our antisubmarine aircraft; and we, in turn had to modify our tactics and radar equipment to counter their changes. In this see-saw of techniques the side which countered quickly, before the opponent had time to perfect the new tactics and weapons, had a decided advantage. Operations research, bringing scientists in to analyze the technical import of the fluctuations between measure and countermeasure, made it possible to speed up our reaction rate in several critical cases.

Likewise, in their struggle to counteract our improved convoy escort tactics, the U-boats introduced the acoustic torpedo, which steers for a ship by listening to the sound it makes under water. Our development of countermeasures was based on studies by the Operations Research Group into the pattern of sound produced in the sea by ships propellers and on the probable reaction of the torpedoes to various decoy devices. In this and other cases, information derived from intelligence sources was interpreted by the members of the group in the light of their own scientific knowledge and utilized to devise improved countermeasures.

Submarine and antisubmarine operations are closely complementary. Methods developed for attack have as a counterpart methods for defense based on the principles underlying both. In the subgroup devoted to submarine warfare, theoretical and operational studies were carried out on coordination of attack by groups of submarines; torpedo fire control; effectiveness of rescue of downed aviators; causes of loss of United States submarines; the relative merits of various types of torpedoes under differing circumstances; and enemy countermeasures to our radar search equipment.

Research on air problems has been devoted in the main to perfection of tactics designed to minimize flak hazard to naval aircraft attacking gun-defended targets, and to analysis of accuracy and effectiveness of aerial weapons, primarily against sea-borne targets. Bombs, rockets, and torpedoes are designed for distinct uses, conditioned by the accuracy of launching and by their lethal effectiveness. Studies of the peculiarities of these weapons have led to recommendations for tactics and training procedures.

Studies were carried out by other subgroups on defense of task forces against suicide attacks, on the effectiveness of antiaircraft fire, and on problems of naval gunfire as a support for amphibious landings.

The Operations Research Group, to be renamed the Operations Evaluation Group as more closely descriptive of its function, will be continued as part of the naval organization at an appropriate peacetime strength.

The assistance and cooperation of industry and science have been indispensable. Without this assistance, many of the weapons which have come into being as the result of intensive wartime research and development otherwise never would have been completed and introduced into the fleet.

It had often been predicted that in a national emergency the totalitarian countries would have a great technical advantage over the democracies because of their ability to regiment scientific facilities and manpower at will. The results achieved by Germany, Italy and Japan do not bear out this contention. Studies made since the close of the war indicate that in none of these countries was the scientific effort as effectively handled as in the United States. The rapid, effective and original results obtained in bringing science into our war effort are proof of the responsiveness of our form of government to meeting emergencies, the technical competence of American scientists, and the productive genius of American industry.

(To be continued)

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Awards and Decorations

Medal of Honor

*Sgt. Charles E. Mower, Inf., Directed his squad in the destruction of two Japanese machine gun crews and numerous enemy riflemen, even though badly wounded and exposed to heavy crossfire.

Distinguished Service Medal

Admiral C. P. Snyder, USN-Ret., Naval Inspector General, since May 1942.

Admiral J. H. Towers, USN, Deputy Comdr. in Chief, US Pacific Fleet and Pacific Ocean Areas from February 1944 to July 1945.

Fleet Adm. W. D. Leahy, USN, (GS), Chief of Staff to the Commander in Chief.

Vice Adm. A. W. Radford, USN, (GS), Comdr. Task Group Fifty-Eight Point Four from 10 Feb. to 2 Sept. 1945.

Maj. Gen. W. E. Shedd, USA, Com. General of Ninth Service Command, from Sept. 1944 to Sept. 1945.

Brig. Gen. R. U. Nicholas, USA, (OLC), Planned and supervised the successful engineering activities of the US Ninth Army, in its advance into Germany last year.

Col. Philip Schwartz, AAF, Director of Armament for the US Strategic Air Forces in Europe.

Legion of Merit

Rear Adm. T. H. Robbins, Jr., USN, Rear Adm. R. W. Paine, USN, Rear Adm. W. O. Spears, USN-Ret., Rear Adm. W. J. C. Agnew, (MC)USN, Rear Adm. H. L. Merring, USN-Ret., Rear Adm. A. M. Charlton, USN, Rear Adm. H. H. Good, USN, Commo. H. A. Schade, USN, Commo. J. D. Small, USNR, Brig. Gen. Alexander Wilson, USA, (OLC), Lt. Col. R. J. Nab-r, AUS, Maj. W. H. Oliver, AUS, Capt. H. C. Bruton, USN, Capt. C. F. Espe, USN (GS), Capt. W. F. Jennings, USN, (GS), Capt. A. L. Danis, USN, Capt. C. K. Fink, USN, Capt. S. G. Fuqua, USN, Capt. Fitzhugh Lee, USN, Capt. H. D. Kriek, USN, Capt. R. C. Parker, USN, Capt. W. D. Small, (MC)USN, Capt. T. B. Neblett, USN, Vice Adm. Ben Moreell, (CEC)USN, Col. J. T. Watson, Jr., SC, Col. Laurence Watts, SC, Col. H. L. Vitzthum, SC, Lt. Col. H. W. Parmer, SC, Lt. Col. C. R. Mabley, Jr., QMC, Capt. L. F. Saftord, USN, Col. B. J. Finan, QMC, Capt. J. A. Daoust, Ord., Col. Grinnell Martin, AAF, Brig. Gen. L. B. Keiser, USA, (OLC), Col. H. O. Cushman, USA, Col. Leslie M. Skerry, USA, Col. S. D. Hervey, USA, Lt. Col. Lyle E. Peterson, USA, Col. A. F. Spring, AAF, Lt. Col. F. G. Hall, AAF, Sgt. Milton Joffe, Col. W. M. Span, Inf., Col. P. H. Kron, Inf., Col. B. Byrne, Inf., M.Sgt. W. C. Martin

Navy Cross

Capt. M. H. Kernodle, USN, Com. Officer of USS San Jacinto in action against enemy Japanese forces during the Okinawa Operations and supporting Fifth Fleet Operations in the Western Pacific.

Lt. C. L. Wilson, Jr., USNR, Although his plane had been damaged he led two divisions of torpedo bombers against Japanese at Kure Harbor and scored direct hits on the Japanese cruiser AOBA.

Silver Star

Lt. Comdr. R. L. Downing, USN, (GS), In action on USS Haddo during Seventh War Patrol.

Air Medal

Lt. F. J. Morrissey, AAF, Missions over the Balkans and Germany.

Bronze Star

Capt. R. W. Cavagnagh, USN, (GS), Capt. J. F. Newman, Jr., USN, (GS), Capt. H. A. Yeager, USN, (GS), Capt. J. F. Newman, Jr., USN, (GS), Capt. H. A. Yeager, USN, (GS), Capt. P. R. Anderson, USN, Capt. P. R. Coffey, USN, Capt. C. S. Cooper, USN, Capt. Guy Fish, USN, Capt. Paul Goldsborough, USN, Capt. J. D. Leach, USN, Capt. A. W. McMechie, USN, Capt. Brooke Schumm, USN, Lt. N. A. Bickley, USN, R. E. Westmorland, GMIC, USNR, Lt. Comdr. A. E. Daum, USNR, Capt. E. A. Mitchell, USN, (GS), Col. A. P. Mercier, USA, Maj. Paul Gaynor, USA, Col. S. T. Vincent, Inf.

Letters of Commendation

Dear Adm. B. C. Allen, USN-Ret., Capt. C. L. Atkinson, USN, Capt. Robert Faust, (MC)USN, Capt. C. H. Lyman, III, USN, Capt. E. L. Sackett, USN, Lt. (jg) W. A. Spies, Jr., USNR, W. V. McGuire, CEM, USN, J. E. Batty, TM 2c, USNR, A. E. Braumiller, FCM 2c, USNR.

War Department Citation

Col. Clarence Hegy, USA.

Gen. Smith to Russia

Turning again to a top ranking military man to fill a high diplomatic post, President Harry S. Truman on 14 February announced the appointment of Lt. Gen. Walter Bedell Smith to be United States Ambassador to Russia.

Gen. Smith succeeds Averell Harriman, whose resignation from the post was accepted by the Chief Executive less than 12 hours after Mr. Harriman arrived in this country by plane.

The announcement marked the second time in recent months President Truman had selected a military man for an important diplomatic post. Recently he named,

General of the Army George C. Marshall, former Chief of Staff, as Ambassador to China.

General Smith's appointment is viewed by many as a happy one since he has made many friends in the USSR as a result of his service as chief of staff for General Dwight D. Eisenhower in Europe.

In making public the announcement of General Smith's appointment, White House Press Secretary Charles G. Ross said that legislation would be asked of Congress immediately to permit General Smith to take the post without affecting his military status. The formal nomination will be submitted later.

Rapido Case Report

Despite the War Department's lengthy report in defense of the ordering of the 36th (Texas) division to cross the Rapido River in Italy, a congressional investigation may yet be conducted.

This became known when Representative Thomason (D., Texas), announced that he was "not entirely satisfied" with the War Department's report and indicated that he may press for a congressional probe.

Representative Andrews (R., New York), however, stated that on the basis of the report he did not consider the Rapido River crossing a matter for Congressional action. Other members of the House Military Affairs Committee to which the War Department's report was submitted, asserted that they preferred to study the document further before making any statement.

In a letter of transmittal accompanying the report, Secretary of War Robert P. Patterson said that he had carefully examined the reports in the case. He added that it was his opinion that the action to which the 36th Division was committed was a necessary one and that General Clark exercised sound judgment in planning and ordering it.

In his letter Secretary Patterson wrote:

"Herewith is submitted, in response to your letter of 29 Jan. 1946, a report of the circumstances under which the 36th Division was engaged at the Rapido River in January 1944.

"These activities were an element of a large scale operation in which the U. S. Fifth and British Eighth Armies were directed to pin down enemy reserves by aggressive action and thus prevent them from imperilling our VI Corps as it made its hazardous landings on the beaches at Anzio. The 36th Division attacked on the day that the Anzio expedition was definitely committed to making its landings. Preceding attacks on the southern front having met increasing difficulties, unremitting pressure at the Rapido now became essential.

"The Division reported its casualties for the period in which the attacks were made as 155 killed, 1052 wounded, and 921 missing, a total of 2128.

"I have carefully examined the reports in this case and it is my conclusion that the action to which the 36th Division was committed was a necessary one and that General Clark exercised sound judgment in planning it and in ordering it. While the casualties are to be greatly regretted, the heroic action and sacrifices of the 36th Division undoubtedly drew the Germans away from our landings at Anzio during the critical hours of the first foothold thus contributing in major degree to minimizing the casualties in that undertaking and to the firm establishment of the Anzio beachhead."

Movement of Dependents

European Theatre Headquarters has set 1 April as the tentative date for completion of a staging area at Bremerhaven for dependents of occupation troops arriving in Germany.

It is probable that this will be the only dependents' staging area in operation in the theatre as the Bremerhaven Staging Area assumes its role as the troop movement port for all of occupied Germany. Buildings at this installation will be capable of accommodating 500 dependents. In addition to sleeping facilities, a mess hall, capable of holding 350 persons at a sitting, is planned.

Dispatches from Berlin mention the fact that dependents will be faced with limited transportation in that city and a lack of fresh milk, eggs and vegetables. On the other hand, living quarters for officers' dependents will probably be very satisfactory there.

In Japan, where it is planned to open occupied areas to dependents by 1 May, it is warned that living conditions are

"those of occupied areas." General of the Army Douglas MacArthur has termed life there for dependents "a type of pioneering reminiscent of the pioneer days of our own West during the nineteenth century." It has also been pointed out that in many cases living quarters for married couples will not be available for some time because of the lack of engineering battalions and the shortage of building materials.

The Navy Department said this week that due to shortage of housing at all Pacific bases, including Hawaii, travel of dependents to areas now or subsequently opened will be subject to approval by the Area Commander.

The Army Transportation Corps expects to be faced with a serious problem in moving the numbers of dependents anticipated to overseas stations. About 825 left San Francisco on the Matsonia, 23 Jan., and on the Urline 30 Jan., for

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Hawaii. They were the first groups of wives and children to leave the United States to join military personnel in the Pacific since the end of the war. Effective 1 Feb. dependents were also allowed to go to the Marianas. Due principally to lack of housing only about 80 families can be accommodated on Guam, Saipan, and Iwo Jima.

Visitors To West Point

The Chairman of the Senate Military Committee, Senator Thomas, Utah, has named the following members of that committee to be members of the Board of Visitors to West Point: Senators Stewart, Tamm; Maybank, S. C.; Briggs, Mo.; Hart, Conn.; and Smith, N. J. Senator Thomas is ex-officio a member of the board.

SCHOOL AND CAMP DIRECTORY

The Schools and Camps listed below are effectively equipped to care for the educational and recreational needs of the children of members of the services and this Directory is recognized as an authentic and reliable aid to service parents in solving the problem of child education. For details as to the Schools listed in this Directory address them directly or communicate with the Army and Navy Journal Department of Education, 1711 Conn. Ave., Washington 9, D. C.

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Mail Delay to Pacific

Changes in fleet organizations, ship movements and the rapid demobilization program undertaken by the Navy have, in recent months, caused delay in the deliveries of regular and airmail letters to Naval personnel serving in the Pacific, the Navy Department announced this week. In addition, fewer ships are leaving for Pacific destinations, presenting further problems in the routing of mail.

To expedite mail service, the fastest available mail routings are being utilized when letter mails are sent by surface transportation. Mail locator bulletins, showing up-to-the-minute ship locations, are rigidly maintained throughout the Pacific areas, to facilitate the rapid delivery of all mail sent overseas. All steps are being taken to assure delivery as promptly as possible.

No More War Trophies

All war trophies must arrive in the United States not later than 31 March this year or be subject to confiscation.

This regulation applies equally to trophies shipped or carried on the person and is applicable to all U. S. personnel whether military or civilian under Army control.

The only exception to this ruling will be made in the case of firearms capable of being concealed on the person. One of these is authorized each individual but cannot be mailed and must be carried to the United States by the owner, to avoid confiscation, must execute a certificate that it was in his possession prior to VE or VJ day, depending on the Theater.

Col. Dart to Pathology Institute

Col. Raymond O. Dart, Deputy Chief Surgeon for Army Forces in the Western Pacific, has been appointed Assistant Director of Administration at the Army Institute of Pathology.

The Navy has declared as surplus \$56,000,000 worth of building materials and 5,000 Quonset huts at four Advanced Base Depots in the United States.

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FINANCE MERCHANT MARINE**Financial Digest**

In a sweeping move to meet the nation's economic crisis, President Truman on 14 February practically restored wartime wage controls but permitted a new, higher, wage-price program.

Reimposition of stringent wartime controls on wages, making most increases subject to Government approval before they can be put into effect, and rejuvenation of the Office of Economic Stabilization, are expected to be followed shortly by an executive order which will specify the relationship of the new group and presumably clear up the question of its dependency on, or independence of, the Office of War Mobilization and Reconversion.

Under the new reorganization, grave doubts still exist as to whether Chester Bowles in his role as new Stabilization Director will be free of the overriding control and authority of the present Reconstruction Director. Moving up to the top OPA position vacated by Mr. Bowles is Paul A. Porter, now Chairman of the Federal Communications Commission, and one-time OPA rent chief. At the same time Charles E. Denny, Jr., an FCC member, becomes acting chairman of that agency.

With some exceptions, future wage increases must first be passed for approval by the National Wage Stabilization Board, which replaces the old War Labor Board. It will approve those falling within the pattern of increases granted since V-J Day, or increased from 16 to 18 per cent.

Wage increase granted since V-J Day may be used by the employer as a basis for asking OPA to grant higher prices to the industry concerned. However, OPA must thereupon "promptly provide" adjustment in ceilings to prevent the industry from losing money on its current operations and to give it enough to earn, in the next 12 months, profits equal to its prewar average.

31st Inf. Replaces 184th

Seoul, Korea—"California's own" 184th Infantry regiment, veteran of four major Pacific operations and the occupation of Korea, is being inactivated to resume its pre-war role as a Sacramento National Guard outfit.

The 184th will be replaced by the 31st Infantry, whose history includes services in Siberia, Shanghai, and after Pearl Harbor, at the Philippines, where the 31st fought the famous last-ditch stand against the overwhelming forces of the Jap General Homma.

Lt. Col. Lee Wallace, now commanding the 184th, will head the 31st.

Regular Officers . . .

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Merchant Marine

The outlook for American-flag shipping in 1946 is observed by the uncertainties arising out of the world's unstabilized political economy and by the fact that decisions dealing directly with shipping are yet to be made in the U. S., primarily by the Maritime Commission and by Congress, Edward P. Farley, Chairman of the Association of American Ship owners states.

"World demands for the exchange of goods are enormous and seem to indicate a need for a large share of our war tonnage," Mr. Farley states. "The ship-owner is faced with problems of this character and looks with hope to the Government for the statesmanship that is required to develop policies which will encourage the purchase and use of American ships."

Mr. Farley contends that an American Merchant Marine under private ownership and operation is both the purpose and the mandate of our shipping legislation, the future of which depends on owners having reasonable opportunity to earn a profit for their services and the use of their capital.

"Great care should be taken," Mr. Farley warns, "not to impose unnecessary burdens and restrictions which bureaucracy tends to create."

Mr. Farley states that in their present form the Ship sales bills assume that the Government can fix the prices for the several types of ships without regard to changing economic conditions and, consequently, without regard to their future earning power. The prices so fixed, he states, if minimum prices, may prove to be workable until the purchasing power of the owners is used up.

"It is true that many owners have more dollars in their banks than they had in 1939," Mr. Farley points out, "but a substantial portion of those funds represent recoveries for lost vessels."

During the past week, there were several liberty ships with serious structural failures which either made port or were indicated as being on their way to port, the Coast Guard revealed. Among these vessels were included the liberty ship Henry Baldwin, with a fracture in the deck opposite hatch No. 5. This vessel put into Argentina, Newfoundland for repairs and later arrived in New York. The Robert Lowry was headed for Halifax with a large crack in her bilge in way of No. 2 hold. The tanker Canyon Creek is on her way to New York from Boston with a fracture on the port side from the hatch coming to below the tween deck. The Henry Baldwin is fitted with crack arrestors which run aft to frame 135 but the fracture occurred at frame 139, four frames aft of the end of the crack arrestors.

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Navy Involuntary Retirement

Following recent similar action by the House, the Senate has agreed to the conference report on, and so, sent to the President, S.1405, the legislation providing forced retirement, by selection, of officers of the Navy and Marine Corps.

The conferees had agreed to the Senate provision that temporary rank shall be determined by the Secretary of the Navy, rather than by Boards, believing that this will expedite administration of the legislation, and that it will make inequities of treatment in individual cases less likely.

House amendments agreed to provide that members of section boards shall be senior in permanent rank to officers under consideration; that officers shall be eligible for retirement in the highest rank held by them prior to 30 June 1946; and that officers shall be recalled to active duty in the grades, ranks, or ratings in which they were retired, unless entitled by law to a higher status.

The full text of the bill, as it was sent to the White House on 12 Feb. for approval, is as follows:

That the Secretary of the Navy shall, whenever he deems it advisable, appoint boards of officers to consider and recommend for retirement officers of the line and staff corps of the Regular Navy serving in the ranks of rear admiral and commodore and officers of the Regular Marine Corps serving in the ranks of major general and brigadier general.

Sec. 2. (a) The boards to consider and recommend for retirement officers of the Navy serving in the ranks of rear admiral and commodore shall consist of not less than five officers of the Regular Navy serving in ranks above that of rear admiral except that officers of the staff corps of the rank of rear admiral may be appointed as members of any board appointed for the consideration and recommendation of officers of the staff corps for retirement.

(b) The boards to consider and recommend for retirement officers of the Marine Corps serving in the rank of major general shall consist, so far as practicable, of three line officers of the Regular Marine Corps serving in ranks above that of major general. If there be an insufficient number of such officers available, the deficiency shall be supplied by the appointment to the board of officers of the line of the Regular Navy serving in ranks above that of rear admiral.

(c) The boards to consider and recommend for retirement officers of the Marine Corps serving in the rank of brigadier general shall consist, so far as practicable, of five line officers of the Regular Marine Corps serving in ranks above that of brigadier general. If there be an insufficient number of such officers available, the deficiency shall be supplied by the appointment to the board of officers of the line of the Regular Navy serving in the rank of rear admiral or above.

Sec. 3. The Secretary of the Navy is authorized to convene boards of officers of the Regular Navy and Marine Corps to consider and recommend for retirement officers of the Regular Navy and Marine Corps serving in the ranks of captain and below in the Navy, and colonel and below in the Marine Corps, within such categories or groups of such officers as shall be specified in the precepts convening such boards. The members of such boards shall be senior in permanent rank to the permanent rank of any officer under consideration.

Sec. 4. The recommendations of each board convened pursuant to this Act shall be submitted by the Secretary of the Navy with his recommendations to the President for approval or disapproval, in whole or in part.

Sec. 5. Each officer recommended for retirement pursuant to this Act shall, if such recommendation be approved by the President, be placed on the retired list on the first day of such month as may be set by the Secretary of the Navy but not later than the first day of the seventh month after the date of approval by the President.

Sec. 6. When any officer of the Regular Navy or the Regular Marine Corps or the Reserve Components thereof has completed more than twenty years of active service in the Navy, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard, or the Reserve Components thereof, including active duty for training, at least ten years of which shall have been active commissioned service, he may at any time thereafter, upon his own application, in the discretion of the President, be placed upon the retired list on the first day of such month as the President may designate.

Sec. 7. (a) Each officer retired pursuant to the foregoing sections of this Act shall be placed on the retired list with the highest rank, permanent or temporary, held by him while on active duty, if his performance of duty in such rank as determined by the Secretary of the Navy has been satisfactory. In any case where, as determined by the Secretary of the Navy, any such officer has not performed satisfactory duty in the highest rank held by him while on active duty, he shall be placed on the retired list with the next lower rank in which he has served but

not lower than his permanent rank. Officers retired pursuant to the foregoing sections of this Act shall receive retired pay at the rate of 2½ per centum of the active-duty pay with longevity credit of the rank with which retired, multiplied by the number of years of service for which entitled to credit in the computation of their pay while on active duty, not to exceed a total of 75 per centum of said active-duty pay. Provided, That a fractional year of six months or more shall be considered a full year in computing the number of years service by which the rate of 2½ per centum is multiplied: Provided further, That officers whose computation of pay on the active list is not based upon years of service shall receive as retired pay 75 per centum of their active duty pay.

(b) Nothing within this section shall prevent any officer from being placed on the retired list with the highest rank and with the highest retired pay to which he might be entitled under other provisions of law.

(c) The highest rank in which an officer served on or prior to 30 June 1946, or if a prisoner of war at any time during World War II, the highest rank to which an officer was temporarily appointed pursuant to the provisions of the Act approved 24 July 1941 (55 Stat. 603), is the highest rank in which the officer may be retired and upon which his retired pay may be based pursuant to this section, unless under provisions of law other than those contained within this section he is entitled to a higher rank on the retired list or to a higher retired pay, or unless at the time of retirement he is serving in a higher permanent grade or rank.

Sec. 8. (a) Section 10 of the Act approved 24 July 1941 (55 Stat. 603), is hereby amended to read as follows:

"Sec. 10. (a) Personnel appointed or advanced under the authority of this Act may be continued in their temporary status during such period as the President may determine, but not longer than six months after the termination of war or national emergency or, in the case of reserve and retired personnel, not longer than the period herein specified or the date of release from active duty whichever is the earlier and in no case longer than six months after the termination of war or national emergency. Upon the termination of their temporary status such personnel on the active list of the Regular Navy and Marine Corps shall assume their permanent status and those of the retired list and of the respective Reserve Components, including the Fleet Reserve and Fleet Marine Corps Reserve, shall have, when returned to an inactive status, the highest grade and rank in which, as determined by the Secretary of the Navy, they served satisfactorily under a temporary appointment, unless entitled to the same or higher grade and rank pursuant to section 8 of this Act, as now or hereafter amended.

(b) (1) Personnel of the retired list returned to an inactive status with higher rank pursuant to subsection (a) shall receive retired pay computed at the rate prescribed by law and applicable in each individual case but based upon such higher rank.

(2) Personnel of the active list of the Regular Navy and Marine Corps and personnel of the Fleet Reserve and Fleet Marine Corps Reserve appointed or advanced under the authority of this Act shall, when subsequently retired, if not otherwise entitled to the same or higher grade and rank or retired pay, be advanced to the highest grade and rank in which, as determined by the Secretary of the Navy, they served satisfactorily under temporary appointments, and shall receive retired pay computed at the rate prescribed by law and applicable in each individual case but based upon such higher rank.

(c) Personnel of the classes described above who have been retired or released from active duty prior to the date of this amendment shall be entitled to the benefits of this section from the date of retirement or release from active duty, as the case may be.

(d) Personnel accorded higher rank pursuant to this section shall, if subsequently assigned active duty, be recalled to active duty in the grades, ranks or ratings with which they were retired or returned to an inactive status unless under other provisions of law they are entitled to higher grades, ranks, or ratings.

(e) The highest rank in which an officer served on or prior to 30 June 1946, or if a prisoner of war at any time during World War II the highest rank to which an officer was temporarily appointed pursuant to the provisions of this Act, is the highest rank in which the officer may be retired and upon which his retired pay may be based pursuant to this section, unless under provisions of law other than those contained within this section he is entitled to a higher rank on the retired list or to a higher retired pay, or unless at the time of retirement he is serving in a higher permanent grade or rank."

(b) Nothing contained in this section shall be construed as altering or amending any provision of section 7 of the Act approved 30 June 1942 (56 Stat. 465).

Sec. 9. When any officer of the Regular Navy or Marine Corps serving in a rank below that of fleet admiral has attained the age of sixty-two years, he shall be placed upon the retired list by the President with the highest

rank, permanent or temporary, held by him while on active duty and with retired pay at the rate of 2½ per centum of the active-duty pay with longevity credit of the rank with which retired, multiplied by the number of years of service for which entitled to credit in the computation of his pay while on active duty, not to exceed a total of 75 per centum of said active-duty pay: Provided, That a fractional year of six months or more shall be considered a full year in computing the number of years of service by which the rate of 2½ per centum is multiplied: Provided further, That an officer whose computation of pay on the active list is not based upon years of service shall receive as retired pay 75 per centum of his active duty pay: Provided, however, That the President may, in his discretion, defer placing any such officer on the retired list for the length of time he deems advisable but not later than the date upon which such officer attains the age of sixty-four years, except that not more than ten officers whose retirement is so deferred shall be on the active list at any one time: And provided further, That no officer of the Navy or Marine Corps shall be placed upon the retired list pursuant to this section until the first day of the sixth month following the date of approval of this Act or until the date upon which he would be retired for age pursuant to law existing prior to the date of approval of this Act, whichever may be the earlier.

Sec. 10. The provisions of this Act, except as may be necessary to adapt the same thereto, shall apply to personnel of the Coast Guard in relationship to the Coast Guard in the same manner and to the same extent as they apply to personnel of the Navy in relationship to the Navy: Provided, That wherever authority is given to the Secretary of the Navy, similar authority shall be deemed given to the Secretary of the Treasury to be exercised with respect to the Coast Guard at such time or times as the Coast Guard shall be operating under the Treasury Department:

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February 16, 1946

Provided further, That the boards to consider and recommend for retirement officers of the Coast Guard serving in the ranks of rear admiral and commodore shall be composed of senior Coast Guard officers if available or otherwise as the Secretary shall determine.

Sec. 11. The following Acts and parts of Acts are hereby repealed:

(a) Section 13 and subsection (e) of section 15 of the Act of 23 June 1938 (52 Stat. 951 and 952).

(b) Section 144 of the Revised Statutes of the United States as amended by that portion of the Act of 29 August 1916 (39 Stat. 579), reading: "except as herein otherwise provided, hereafter the age for retirement of all officers of the Navy shall be sixty-four years instead of sixty-two years as now prescribed by law": section 2 of the Act of 28 January 1929 (ch. 100, 45 Stat. 1142); and section 6 of the Act of 30 June 1942 (56 Stat. 465).

(c) Subsection 12 (e) of the Act of 23 June 1938 (52 Stat. 950).

Sec. 12. The provisions of section 3 of this Act shall terminate on 30 June of the fiscal year following that in which the present war shall be declared to be ended by proclamation of the President or by an Act or resolution of Congress.

Col. Josephs to Air Line

Col. N. Henry Josephs, former special consultant to the Under Secretary of War, has been appointed vice president of finance and administration of the Chicago and Southern Airlines, with headquarters at the company's general offices in Memphis, Tenn.

You did your part to win the war, now help to keep the peace—stay in the Regulars.

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Gentleman's retirement home, 28 miles Washington on State road; 12-room dwelling, modern conveniences, Artesian well, landscaped, fine trees, fruit; 6 acres, complete farm buildings, excellent neighborhood. Immediate possession. \$15,000. Request list Farms, water front homes, acreage, Southern Maryland and Virginia. Leonard Snider, La Plata, Maryland.

ANNOUNCEMENT

Captain E. J. Kildare, U. S. Navy, Retired, is now associated with Daley and Ralston, Realtors at 328 E. 3rd Street, Long Beach, California, where he will be pleased to serve members of the Services in connection with their real estate problems. He will appreciate receiving property listings from those Service members who anticipate moving from the Long Beach area.

APARTMENT

If an officer is contemplating leaving Washington and has an apartment he desires to transfer, it would be to his interest to telephone Box W, Army and Navy Journal, Hobart 6477. All communications confidential.

WANTED

A hand-master who can teach hand instruments. An M. S. Degree or its equivalent required. Non-denominational Christian school in a small Southern town. Apply Edwards Military Institute, Selinsburg, N. C., G. N. Ashley, Business Manager.

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U. S. Troops Abroad

Replying under date of 8 Feb. to a letter from Representative Buffett, Nebr., who asked for the clarification of a statement of General Eisenhower, having to do with the occupation of Okinawa, the Chief of Staff stated that "Okinawa has not become permanent American territory. The ultimate disposition of this island remains to be determined, presumably in accordance with the Potsdam agreement."

The statement that evoked this reply was made by General Eisenhower at a meeting with Congress on 15 Jan. in the Library of Congress, the congressman quoting the General as having said at that time, "On Okinawa a garrison of approximately 33,000 air and service forces will be permanently stationed." In his reply, General Eisenhower explained that he "referred to the requirements for the occupation period in Japan, the extent of which it is not possible to determine at the present time."

Again quoting the General as having stated that a garrison of about 70,000 American soldiers will be kept in the Philippines after 1 July, Representative Buffett asked "how this large army of occupation squares with the promise of independence for the Philippines on 4 July, 1946, restated in the President's message." Replying, General Eisenhower said that these soldiers "are for the purpose of carrying out the responsibilities we now have and which will continue to exist as of 1 July, 1946."

Continuing, the Chief of Staff stated: "It can be expected that responsibilities and corresponding requirements will continue to change as the situation in the Western Pacific becomes more stabilized. This force has a mission which includes support of the occupation forces in Japan." According to General Eisenhower, the 70,000 troops in the Philippines on 1 July will include General MacArthur's only ground force reserve available for deployment in the event that reinforcements are needed to quell an uprising in the Japanese homeland.

Continuing on the same line, Representative Buffett said, "Your statement indicates that you expect to keep 6,000 troops in China indefinitely. Does this figure include Marines or will they have forces in addition to the Army personnel located there, and under what commitment by higher authority is the American Government permanently stationing troops in China?"

General Eisenhower replied that it has been estimated that that number of troops will be needed there on 1 July but that the actual number required at a later date, when control of areas in China will be taken over by the Chinese and all the Japanese will be evacuated, remains to be determined, "as does the time of closing out our China Theater. This figure of 6,000 does not include Marines. The forces are there to assist and advise the Chinese in the evacuation of the Japanese to their home islands."

Referring to General Eisenhower's report that 4,000 soldiers are to remain in the India-Burma Theater after 1 July, Representative Buffett asked how many civilians the Army expects to have in that area at that time, and why civilians charged with surplus property cannot secure adequate policing protection from the legitimate governments of that area by that time? To this, General Eisenhower replied, "It is hoped that shortly after 1 July and perhaps even before that date, it will be possible to close the Theater completely as a result of completion of the disposal of surplus property in that area."

Recalling that the report referred to indicated that 471,000 troops are to remain in Europe and the Mediterranean after 1 July and that of these 171,000 will be in the occupation zone for the military details incident to occupation, Representative Buffett had asked what the obligations are that require 300,000 additional troops in Europe after the date specified. To this General Eisenhower replied our obligations for other than "strictly military duties" total 147,000 rather than 300,000 and that "even these personnel are engaged in the essential support of occupational requirements."

Totaling the supposed occupation forces in all Theaters, Representative Buffett stated, "Your report indicates that the Army proposes to have in foreign lands 855,000 troops as occupation armies or with other designation, but in some form of foreign service. Are the United States Marines carrying out assignments in foreign lands in addition to those of the Army, and, if so, can you tell me the number of Marines who will be in such service on 1 July, 1946? I would be interested in knowing how their operations are being integrated with those of the Army."

To this General Eisenhower replied: "The Marines are carrying out assignments overseas. The exact number who will be in such service on 1 July would have to be obtained from the Navy Department. There are in China and Japan at present Marine forces which are fully integrated under the operational control of General Wedemeyer and General MacArthur. These forces are considered in planning occupational and operational requirements for those areas and if the Marines were not available, it would be necessary to increase the size of the Army Forces there."

Urge Policy for A-Bombs

Secretary of War Patterson, appearing before the Senate Special Committee on Atomic Energy, this week urged that prompt action be taken looking toward establishment of a national policy to govern and manage atomic power.

In urging such prompt action, Secretary Patterson said that:

1. For lack of a defined national policy, the organization that was built up during the war to carry forward the development of the atomic bomb is disintegrating. To allow this effective group of scientists, executives, engineers and skilled workers to become lost to the field of atomic energy development would be nothing short of a calamity.

2. Before this nation proceeds any appreciable distance toward any specific international program it should put its domestic house in order.

3. Only by a vigorous program of fundamental research and the furtherance of basic knowledge and application in this field can we hope to advance adequately the usefulness of this new science.

Secretary Patterson said he could not subscribe to provisions of the legislation which virtually excluded the armed services from all phases of application of atomic energy. Under the bill, the proposed Commission would have sole responsibility for all further research and development in the military field.

"The Army and Navy would be utter strangers to what was going on, as much so, as the Army and Navy of a foreign power, although they might be called on to operate the weapons so developed, on short notice and without knowing what they were," he said.

The War Secretary urged that present stocks of atomic bomb components should remain in the hands of the military forces. Atomic bomb components, he said, have been produced by the Army and constitute a vital and integral part of the Army's ordnance, which should not, at this time, be removed from the nation's arsenal. Changes, he said, would of course be made in the event of disarmament of atomic bombs by effective international arrangement.

Service Pay Report

(Continued from First Page)

appropriation Committee take up the matter immediately after the report is submitted. His primary object, the Senator said, will be to establish a maximum flight pay.

"It is my opinion," the Senator said, "that officers in the Navy should not be permitted to draw flight pay in amounts in excess of that payable to lieutenant commanders nor in the Army to that of a major. There is no excuse for paying admirals or generals \$4,000 additional merely because they go up in airplanes."

Asked if he favored revision of general pay scales, particularly in light of the fact that commissioned pay rates have not been increased since 1908, the Senator said he had no such idea and that he thought higher ranking officers get "pretty good pay now."

500,000 Army Volunteers

Breaking all records for voluntary enlistment the Army's current world-wide recruiting campaign has passed the half million mark, it was announced this week by Maj. Gen. H. N. Gilbert, USA, Director of the Military Personnel Procurement Service, an activity of The Adjutant General's Office which is charged with the recruiting campaign.

"Never before has there been an active army of volunteers as large as our present Regular Army strength," General Gilbert stated. "More men have signed up in the last three and one half months than were in the entire Regular Army when Pearl Harbor was attacked on 7 Dec. 1941 when the Army was at its highest peacetime total."

About fifty-five percent of the men now volunteering have enlisted for a period of three years. This is regarded as significant because it indicates that the great majority of men now volunteering for the Regular Army plan to make it a career, or at least to stay in over a fairly long period. Fifty-one thousand three hundred and sixty-five men have enlisted from the West Pacific Theater and 42,768 have enlisted so far from the European Theater. Other theaters include the Alaskan Department, Mid-Pacific, Africa Middle East, Caribbean, India-Burma, China, Antilles Department, South Atlantic, Newfoundland, Bermuda Base Command, Iceland and Greenland.

Enlistments in the service commands have contributed the majority of enlistments to date. As of 31 Jan. 1946, the First Service Command with headquarters in Boston, Mass., had enlisted 11,295 men; Second Service Command with headquarters in New York City, 22,788 men; Third Service Command with headquarters in Baltimore, Md., 46,971 men; Fourth Service Command with headquarters in Atlanta, Ga., 83,316 men; Fifth Service Command with headquarters in Columbus, Ohio, 41,843 men; Sixth Service Command with headquarters in Chicago, Ill., 21,597 men; Seventh Service Command with headquarters in Omaha, Neb., 33,361 men; Eighth Service Command with headquarters in Dallas, Tex., 68,872 men; Ninth Service Command with headquarters at Fort Douglas, Utah, 59,207 men.

"The best inducements ever offered to the man enlisting in the Regular Army of the United States is offered to today's volunteers," the Department states. "Men enlisting for three years may not only choose their arm or service but also the overseas theater in which they wish to serve. Family allowances are being continued for the duration of the man's enlistment for those men who enlist prior to 1 July 1946. The educational benefits under the G. I. Bill of Rights have been extended so that all men who enlist before 6 Oct. 1946 may take advantage of a college, technical or specialized training at Government expense after their term of enlistment has expired. Under the new retirement benefits any man who makes the Regular Army his career may retire after 20 years at half pay or up to 30 years at three-quarters pay for life. A master sergeant at the end of 20 years' service receives a life income of \$89.70 per month; after 30 years service a life income of \$155.25 a month. To buy this same annuity in private life would cost the individual over \$84 a month. The soldier also gets free medical and dental care, food, lodging, clothing, and other benefits. The private in today's new Regular peacetime Army has an equivalent salary in civilian life of approximately \$40 a week. The opportunities for automatic promotion every three years with an increase in salary in addition to other benefits he derives, gives a man who decides to make the Army his career opportunities in the way of security, retirement, and real income unequalled in ordinary business or industry."

Gen. Stratemeyer Leaving China

China Theater Headquarters has announced that Lt. Gen. George E. Stratemeyer is leaving that theater this week for the United States. General Stratemeyer, it was said, is slated for an important Washington post.

Your acceptance in the Regular Establishment of the United States is a badge of honor and fitness—apply now!

Post-war Navy

(Continued from First Page)

the Navy Department was re-issued in a revised form incorporating certain variations in the light of the experience and views of senior officers returning from the Pacific, he said. He stated that on 10 Jan. 1946, the War Department tentative plan for a permanent peacetime Army was received in the Navy Department. On 25 Jan. 1946, the Joint Chiefs of Staff directed the appropriate supporting agencies to review both plans for the purpose of preparing a single, comprehensive plan for our overall military establishment.

"When such a comprehensive plan has been prepared," Admiral Nimitz said, "some revisions of naval requirements will undoubtedly take place, but it is not anticipated that such revisions will affect appreciably the total requirements for officers and men."

Under the Navy's proposed plan Pearl Harbor remains the center of our fully-rounded main Pacific base, with all facilities for repair. Secondary to it are the Guam-Saipan unit constituting our major operating base in the Western Pacific.

Next in importance are the minor operating bases in the Ryukus, in the Philippines, and in the Australia-owned Admiralties. Existing bases on twenty other islands vitally needed during the war will be "shrunk" to peacetime status.

In the Atlantic Caribbean areas, Guantanamo and Trinidad become our main bases to protect us against attack from the southeast, with San Juan, Coco Solo, Antigua and others in the Caribbean supporting them, while Bermuda stands midway, and Argentina on Newfoundland is our main protection toward the northeast.

Move 2nd Division

The major part of the 2nd Infantry Division is slated to leave Camp Swift, Tex., for Fort Lewis, within the next two months.

All units are involved in the change of station with the exception of the following: 38th Regimental Combat Team, including Infantry regiment; 38th Field Artillery Battalion; one Medical Collecting company and Clearing platoon; one Engineer company with Military Police platoon; Ordnance detachment; Quartermaster detachment, and Signal detachment. The units listed will also leave Camp Swift eventually, going to Camp Carson, Colo.

The War Department says that the splitting up of this division, and its assignment to separate posts does not preclude a reversion to the pre-war policy of stationing divisional units at widely separated posts, but rather is an indication of the method being used to staff posts during the interim period, a number of which may later be abandoned.

New Electronic Calculator

A new machine, a mathematical robot known as the ENIAC (Electronic Numerical Integrator and Computer), capable of calculating 1,000 times faster than the most advanced general-purpose calculating machine previously built, has been designed and constructed for the Ordnance Department at the Moore School of Electrical Engineering of the University of Pennsylvania.

The ENIAC is the invention of Dr. W. Mauchly and J. Presper Eckert, Jr., both of the Moore School. Begun in 1943 at the request of the Ordnance Department to break a mathematical bottleneck in ballistic research, its peacetime use extend to all branches of scientific and engineering work.

The ENIAC was sponsored by Col. Paul N. Gillon. His principal assistant was Capt. Herman H. Goldstine. Maintenance engineers of the Army Ordnance Department were Cpl. Irwin Goldstein and Pfc. Homer Spence.

Coast Guard Point Reduction

The Coast Guard announced new discharge point scores effective 15 Feb., as follows: Male officers 40; Spar officers 25; Male enlisted men 36, and enlisted Spar 22.

Yeomen, storekeepers and pharmacists remain at 38 points for males and females.

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